

# D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

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## BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (B.P.TH)



# D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY, KOLHAPUR (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

# D. Y. Patil College of Physiotherapy Syllabus for I - Bachelor of Physiotherapy

### VISION

- To be an excellence in training physiotherapy students
- To train future leaders for education, research and practice in physiotherapy using advance techniques
- To promote sustainable development by using various skills and techniques in certain conditions by assuring best teaching and educational centre.
- To seek a leadership role in institutional and community research through developing innovative, multidisciplinary collabarative approaches.

### **MISSION**

- The mission of course is to impart indepth knowledge in various specialities with regards to scope and up-liGment in our profession.
- To advance basic knowledge of physiotherapy by understanding how it works in various diseases, disorders and dysfunction.
- To develop holistic approach in society for success in life.

### I - Bachelor of Physiotherapy

Program Code	Exam Code	Course Name	Subject Name	Sub/Course Code
16	1601	Ist B.P.Th.	Human Anatomy	160101
			Human Physiology	160102
			Biochemistry	160103
			Fundamentals of Kinesiology &	160104
			Kinesiotherapy	
			Fundamentals of Electrotherapy	160105
	1602	IInd B.P.Th.	Pathology & Microbiology	160201
			Pharmacology	160202
			Psychiatry & Psychology	160203
			Kinesiology	160204
			Kinesiotherapy	160205
			Electrotherapy	160206
	1603	IIIrd B.P.Th.	Surgery I	160301
			Surgery II	160302
			Medicine I	160303
			Medicine II	160304
			Community Health & Sociology	160305
			Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills	160306
	1604	IVth B.P.Th.	Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy	160401
			Neuro Physiotherapy	460402
			Cardio-Vascular & Respiratory Physiotherapy	160403
			Community Physiotherapy	160404

### **PROGRAM OUTCOME**

- **PO1**: Ability to acquire knowledge about normal- abnormal basic medical and human movement sciences, understand relevant investigations, role of drugs related to various medicalconditions, surgicaltreatmentandapplication of physiotherapy interventions.
- **PO2**: To gain knowledge about planning and problem solving abilities to delineate the cognitive, affective and psychomotor skills to perform as a competent physiotherapist who will be able to evaluate, plan and effectively perform the physiotherapeutic skills.
- **PO3**: Demonstrate the ability to acquire good listening potential with effective interpersonal and intra personal communicationskills.
- **PO4**: Extend the acquired knowledge to conduct research activities and publications that contribute to the upliGment in field of physiotherapy and betterment of society.
- **PO5**: Understand moral value, professional ethics and accountability towards patient and colleagues, develop good behaviors skills with confidentiality and humanitarian approach maintaining the respect and privacy of patient.
- **PO6**: Develop leadership skills, time management, logical reasoning, values required for self directed and lifelong learning, soG skills for professional development and execute their professional rolein society as a physiotherapistat various academic institutions, Hospital/Clinics, Organizations, Research laboratories and Rehabilitation centers.
- **PO7**: Understanding about society's needs in terms of health and wellness, to improve multiculturalcompetencyamongprofessionalandgeneralpublic,promotingsocialpolicies that affect the demands of patients in terms of function, health and wellness, develop a character with good moral values, human values, good social behavior, gratitude, honesty, ethics,safety,hygiene,responsibility,confidence,toleranceandcriticalthinking.
- **PO8**: Able to contribute in sustainable development to achieve the national sustainable development goal, further the relationship between the environment, human health and functioning and physiotherapy are considered and respected to mutually benefit patient'shealth. Ensure healthylife's and promote well being for all at all ages.
- **PO9**: Demonstrate ability to acquire new knowledge skill and reflect upon their experience to enhance personal, professional growth and apply the information for patient care.

### **COURSE OUTCOME**

### **ANATOMY:**

- **CO1:** Dissect and identify the normal disposition, inter relationship, gross functional and applied anatomy of various structures in the cadaver.
- **CO2**: Ability to identify the microscopic structures of basic tissues, organs in the human body andbasicprinciplesofembryologyinstagesofnormaldevelopment.
- **CO3**: Demonstrate different movements of joints, there attachments, palpate important bony landmarks.
- **CO4**: Identify and describe various parts, structures and blood circulation of CNS and spinal cord.Describethecourseofperipheralnervesanditsimportance.Understandanatomical basis of clinical conditions of nervoussystem.
- **CO5**: Identify and describe various structures, mechanism, blood supply of cardiovascular and respiratory system and understand its anatomical basis of clinical conditions.
- **CO6**: Ability to understand the knowledge of systemic anatomy, abdomen, endocrine and exocrine system and sensory organs with their applied anatomy.
- **CO7**: Demonstrate the knowledge and application of imaging techniques and interpretation ofradiogram.

### **PHYSIOLOGY:**

- **CO1**: Acquire the knowledge of general physiology and its contribution in each organ system to maintainhomeostasis.
- **CO2**: Understand the basic physiological functions of various systems with special emphasis on Musculo-skeletal, Neuro-motor, cardio-respiratory, endocrine and uro-genital function and alteration in function withaging.
- **CO3**: Acquire the knowledge about structure and function of special sense organs and its applied physiology (eye &ear).
- **CO4**: Acquire the skills of basic clinical examination with special emphasis to peripheral and central nervous system, cardiovascular and respiratory system and exercise tolerance/ Ergography.
- **CO5**: Analyze physiological response and adaptation to environmental stresses with special emphasis on physical activity, attitude, and temperature.
- **CO6**: Explain and correlate the applied physiology of diseases and disorders related to organ systems of body which are commonly treated by the physiotherapist.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY:**

**CO1**: Acquire and demonstrate the knowledge of formation, functioning and fate of biomolecules, their normal and abnormal levels to understand the disease process and their clinicalinterpretation.

- **CO2**: Acquire the knowledge of vitamins, minerals their functions, deficiency manifestations and their role in daily nutritiverequirements.
- **CO3**: Acquire the knowledge about healthy balanced diet with its nutritive importance and dietarydeficiencies.
- **CO4**: Describe the fundamentals aspect of enzymes and hormones with their role in various metabolic disorders wherein regulation of enzymatic and hormonal mechanism is altered.
- **CO5**: Abilitytounderstandmechanismandbiochemicaleventsinconnectivetissue.

### FUNDAMENTALS OF KINESIOLOGY AND KINESIOTHERAPY:

- **CO1**: Understand basic principles of biomechanics, biophysics and application of these principles inKinesiotherapy.
- **CO2**: Understand classification of joints and muscles, types of movements along with their distinguishing characteristics. Demonstrate various starting and derived position used in therapeutics.
- **CO3**: Acquire the skills of assessment of basic evaluation like sensations, reflexes and vital parameters and also the skills of objective assessment of range of motion by goniometry.
- **CO4**: Understand physiological principles and acquire the skills of application of therapeutic massage.
- **CO5**: Acquire the knowledge on physiological basis and principle of relaxation and the skills of relaxation methods. Understand principles of aerobic exercises for general fitness and demonstratefitnessskillsonselfandgroup.
- **CO6**: Acquire the knowledge on physiological principles and skills of performing Pranayama and Yogasan for maintaining general fitness.

### **FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTROTHERAPY:**

- **CO1**: Ability to acquire basic physics principles, laws of electricity, electromagnetic spectrum, common electrical components, fundamentals of currents, sound waves and theireffects.
- **CO2**: Ability to understand effects of environmental and man-made electromagnetic field at the cellular level and risk factorson prolong exposure.
- **CO3**: Describe and identify various types of electrodes used in electrotherapy, electrical skin resistanceandsignificanceofvariousmediausedtoreduceskinresistance.
- **CO4**: Acquireknowledgeofvarioussuperficialthermalagentsandtheirskillsofapplication.
- **CO5**: Ability to understand types and production of various therapeutic electrical currents and inapplicationondifferentelectrotherapeuticmodalities.

### **HUMAN ANATOMY**

1<sup>st</sup> Year B.P.Th

(Didactic-138 hrs. + Practical/Laboratory-72hrs.)

Total-210Hrs

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The focus of this course is an in-depth study and analysis of the regional and systemic organization of the body. Emphasis is placed upon structure and function of human movement. A comprehensive study of human anatomy with emphasis on the nervous, musculoskeletal, and circulatory systems is incorporated. Introduction to general anatomy lays the foundation of the course. Dissection and identification of structures in the cadaver supplemented with the study of charts, models, prosected material, and radiographs are utilized to identify anatomical landmarks and configurations of the:

- Upper limb and thoracicregion
- Lower limb, abdomen, andpelvis
- Head and Neck
- Nervoussystem

Sr. No	Regions	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours
1	GENERAL ANATOMY AND HISTOLOGY	17	08	25
2	MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM	50	40	90
3	NEURO ANATOMY	37	12	49
4	SYSTEMIC ANATOMY	06	06	12
5	CARDIOVASCULAR & RESPIRATORY ANATOMY	10	04	14
6	ABDOMEN	04	02	06
7	SENSORY ORGANS	04	-	04
8	ENDOCRINE & EXOCRINE SYSTEM	04	-	04
9	RADIOLOGY	06	-	06
	TOTAL	138	72	210

### **OBJECTIVES:**

### 1) MUSCULOSKELETALANATOMY

- i. The student be able to identify & describe Anatomical aspects of muscles, bones, joints, their attachments & tounderstandandanaly semovements.
- ii. Applicationofknowledgeofanatomyontheliving(livinganatomy.)
- iii. Tounderstandthe Anatomical basis of various clinical conditions.

### 2) **NEUROANATOMY**

- i. Toidentify&describevariouspartsofnervoussystem.
- ii. To describe blood supply of C. N. S. &spinalcord.
- iii. To identify and describe the course of cranialnerves.
- iv. Toidentifyanddescribethecourseofperipheralnerves.
- v. Tounderstandanatomicalbasisofclinicalconditionsofnervoussystem.

### 3) CARDIOVASCULAR & RESPIRATORYANATOMY

- i. To identify & describe various structures of the Cardiovascular & Respiratory system and the course of major bloodvessels
- ii. Identify and describe various structures of Thoracicage and mechanisms of Respiration
- iii. To understand anatomical basis of clinical conditions of cardiovascular & Respiratory system.
- 4) ToobtainKnowledgeof**OTHERSYSTEMS,SENSORYORGANIS&Radiology.**

# **SYLLABUS**

	1 <sup>s</sup>	T YEAR H	UMAN ANAT	ГОМҮ				
GENERAL ANATOMY AND HISTOLOGY	Didactic Hou		Practical		Total Hours	MUST KNOW	DESIR ABLE TO KNOW	NI CE TO KN O
	Topic	Hours	Topic	Hours				
GENERAL ANATOMY			Cadaveric Oath	2	9	2 (Practic al)		
ANATOMI	Skin & Fascia	1					1	
	Muscular System	1				1		
	Bones	1	7			1		
	Joints	2				2		
	Vascular System	1				1		
	Nervous System	1	7			1		
	,	7		6	13	_		
	Epithelial	1	Epithelial & connective Tissue	2			3	
General Histology	Connective Tissue	1	Muscular Tissue, Bone & Cartilage	2		1+2		
	Muscular Tissue	1						
	Bone	1						
	Cartilage	1	Vessels & Nerves	2				
	Vessels	1	Nerves					
	Nerves	1				5+2		
		3						
EMBRIOLOGY	Cell Division	1				1		
	Oogenesis	1					1	
	Spermatogenesis	1					1	
Musculoskeletal System		14		10	24			
a.Superior Extremity	Muscles of Pectoral Region	1	Clavicle & Scapula	2		1+2		
	Scapular Muscles	1	Humerus & Radius	2		1+2		
	Pectoral Girdle	1	Ulna & Articulated	2		1+2		

BatchelorofPhysiotherapy-FirstYear | SYLLABUS9

			Hand				
	Axilla	1	Axilla & Arm	2		1+2	
	Muscles of Arm	1	Forearm & Hand	2		1+2	
	Shoulder Joint	1				1	
	Muscles of Forearm (Anterior)	1				1	
	Muscles of Forearm (Posterior)	1				1	
	Cubital Fossa	1				1	
	Elbow Joint	1				1	
	Muscles of Hand	1				1	
	Pronation & Supination	1				1	
	Carpal Tunnel	1				1	
	First						
	Metacarpophalangeal	1					
	joint					1	
		15		12	27		
	Muscles of Thigh ( Anterior)	1	Hip Bone	2		1+2	
	Femoral Triangle	1	Femur & Patella	2		1+2	
	Muscles of Thigh (Medical)	1	Tibia, Fibula & Articulated Foot	2		1+2	
b.Lower	Muscles of Gluteal Region	1	Thigh	2		1+2	
extremity	Muscles of Thigh (Posterior)	1	Gluteal Region	2		1+2	
	Hip Joint	1	Leg & Foot	2		1+2	
	Muscles of Leg (Anterior)	1				1	
	Muscles of Leg ( Lateral)	1				1	
	Muscles of Leg (Posterior)	1				1	
	Popliteal Fossa	1				1	
	Knee joint	1				1	
	Ankle joint	1				1	
	Muscles of Foot	1				1	
	Arches of foot	1				1	
	Inversion & Eversion	1				1	

		6		8	14			
	Superficial muscles of back	1	Cervical Vertebra	2		1+2		
	Deep muscles of back	1	Thoracic Vertebra	2		1+2		
c.Back and thoracic cage	Sub-occipital triangle	1	Ribs & Sternum	2		2 (practic al)	1	
	Trapezius & Latissimus Dorsi	1	Lumbar vertebrae & Sacrum	2		1+2		
	Vertebral Column	1				1		
	Bony Pelvis	1				1		
		11		10	21			
	Deep Cervical Fascia	1	Skull Frontalis & Lateralis	2			1+2	
	Triangles of Neck (Stemocleidomastoid)	1	Skull Occipitalis & Basalis	2		1	2 (Practic al)	
	Facial Muscles	1	Skull Interior & Vault	2		1	2 (Practic al)	
	Muscles of Mastication	1	Mandible & Hyoid Bone	2		1	2 (Practic al)	
d. Head neck and face	Suprahyoid & Infrahyoid Muslces	1	Cut Section (SoG palate, Tongue, Pharynx & Larynx)	2		1	2 (Practic al)	
	Temporomandibular Joint	1	, ,			1		
	Extraocular Muscles	1					1	
	Muscles of Soft Palate	1					1	
	Muscles of Tongue	1						1
	Muscles of Pharynx	1					1	
	Muscles of Larynx	1					1	
		4			4			
e. Living	Superior Extremity	1			4	1		
Anatomy	Lower Extremity	1				1		
	Head, neck & Face	1				1		

	Trunk	1					1	
NEURO		25		10	49			
ANATOMY		37 12		12 4	16			
		12	Nerves of	4	16	2		
	Autonomic Nervous	1	Lower	2		(Practic		
	System	1	limb	_		al)	1	
			Nerves of					
	Lumbosacral Plexus	1	Upper	2				
	T 137		Limb			1+2		
a. Peripheral	Femoral Nerve	1				1		
Nerves	Obturator Nerve	1				1		
1(01/05	Sciatic Nerve	1				1		
	Tibial Nerve	1				1		
	Common Peroneal Nerve	1				1		
	Brachial Plexus	1				1		
	Axillary &							
	Musculocutaneous Nerve	1				1		
	Median Nerve	1				1		
	Radial Nerve	1				1		
	Ulnar Nerve	1				1		
		10		-	10			
	Cranial Nerve Nuclei	1						1
	Olfactory & Optic Nerve	1				1		
	Oculomotor Nerve	1				1		
b. Cranial nerves	Trochlear & Abducent Nerve	1					1	
	Trigeminal Nerve	1				1		
	Facial Nerve	1				1		
	Vestibulocochlear					1		
	nerve	1					1	
	Glossopharyngeal	1						
	nerve						1	
	Vagus& Accessory Nerve	1				1		
	Hypoglossal nerve	1					1	
	RatichelorofPhysiothe							_

I		15		8	23	1		
	Meninges	1	Spinal Cord	2		2 (Practic al)	1	
	Spinal Cord Gross	1	Brain Stem	2		1+2		
	Spinal Cord Descending Tracts	1	Cerebellum	2		1+2		
c. Central Nervous system	Spinal Cord Ascending Tracts	1	Cerebrum	2		1+2		
Titel vous system	Brain stem Gross	1				1		
	Medulla	1				1		
	Pons	1				1		
	Mid-brain	1				1		
	Cerebellum	1				1		
	Cerebrum Functional areas	1				1		
	Cerebrum White Matter	1					1	
	Thalamus	1				1		
	Basal Ganglia	1				1		
	Hypothalamus	1				1		
	Ventricle& C.S.F	1				1		
Systemic anatomy		6		6	12			
		2		2	4			
a. Alimentary system	Gross Anatomy of Stomach Gross Anatomy of Liver	1	Stomach & Liver	2				1+2
		2		2	4			
Urinary System	Gross Anatomy of Kidney	1	Kidney & Urinary			2	2	
	Gross Anatomy of Urinary bladder	1	Bladder	2		(Theory	(Practic al)	
		2		2	4			
. Genital system	Gross Anatomy of Testis Gross Anatomy of Uterus	2	Uterus & Testis	2			2+2	
CARDIOVASC ULAR & RESPIRATOR Y ANATOMY		10		04	14			
Thoracic Cavity		2			2			
	Thoracic cage & movements of	1				1		
1		Datab	elorofPhysiot	<u></u>	irstVaar	CVLI	ΔBUS13	1

BatchelorofPhysiotherapy-FirstYear | SYLLABUS13

	respiration							
	Mediastinum	1					1	
		4		2	6			
b. Heart and			Heart	2				
major blood	Pericardium	1						1
vessels	Gross Anatomy of Heart	1				1		
	Coronary Circulation	1				1		
	Arch of Aorta	1					1	1
		2		2	4			+
c. Lungs								+
	Pleura	1						1
	Lungs	1	Lungs	2		1+2		+ -
a. Diapharagm&	Zungs	2	Zungs		2	1.2		+
Intercostals	Intercostal Space	1	+		_	1		+
	Diapharagm	1			+	1		+-
	Diapharagin	1				1		+
ABDOMEN								+-
ADDOMEN								
		4		2		6		
Muscles of	Anterior Abdominal Wall	1	Anterior Abdominal wall					
abdomen &	,,,			2		1+2		
Pelvis	Inguinal Canal	1						1
	Pelvic Diaphragm	1						1
	Perineal Body	1						1
		4		-		4		
SENSORY	External ear &	1						
ORGANS	Tympanic membrane	1					1	
	Middle Ear	1				1		
	Eyeball	1					1	
	Skin	1					1	
ENDOCRINE & EXOCRINE		4		_	4			
SYSTEM	Pituitary	1					1	
	Thyroid	1					1	
	Suprarenal	1					1	1
	Pancreas	1					1	1
RADIOLOGY		6			6			1
	Introduction to Radiology	1				1		
	Radiology of Superior	1						
	Extremity SBatchelorofPhysiothe				İ	1	1	<del></del>

Radiology of Inferior Extremity	1		1		
Radiology of Thorax	1		1		
Radiology of Abdomen	1			1	
Radiology of Head Neck Face	1			1	

	1st year BPTH	HUMAN P	HYSIOLOG	Y			
Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours	MK	DK	NK
	a. Cell:			4			
	i. Structure of cell membrane	1					1
	ii. Transport across cell membrane	1					1
	iii. Homeostasis	2			2		
1	b. Blood:			7			
1	i. Rh- ABO system & mismatch-transfusion	2			2		
	ii. WBC	1			1		
	iii. Plasma protein	1				1	
	iv. Platelets	1				1	
	v. Hemoglobin, Anemia, Immunity	1			1		
	vi. Normal values of blood (composition & function)	1			1		
	vii. Bleeding time & clotting time	1			1		
	c. Nerve:			6			
	i. Structure, classification & Properties	2			2		
	ii. R.M.P& action potential	1			1		
	iii. Propagation of nerve impulse	1			1		
	iv. Nerve injuries –degeneration, regeneration and reaction of degeneration	2			1		
	d. Muscle:			8			
	i. Structure- properties- classification- smooth, skeletal, cardiac, excitation/ contraction coupling	3			3		
	ii. Factors affecting development of muscle tension, fatigue, load.	2				2	
	iii. Neuro-muscular transmission; applied physiology: Myasthenia gravis,Eaton Lambert Syndrome.	3			3		
2	NERVOUS SYSTEM:		ofPhysiothe	35		SVIIAR	

	a. Introduction of nervous system, classification – C.N.S., P.N.S. & Comp.; A.N.S.	3		3		
	b. Synapse-structure, properties, & Description of transmission;	4		4		
	c. Reflexes-classification & properties;	3		3		
	d. Receptor physiology: classification, properties.	3			3	
	e. Physiology of Touch, Pain, Temperature & Emp; Proprioception;	4		4		
	f. Sensory and motor tracts: effect of transaction (complete andincomplete) at various levels	4		4		
	g. Physiology of Muscle Tone (muscle spindle); Stretchreflex	3		3		
	h. Connection & Dasal ganglia, Thalamus, Hypothalamus, Sensory and Motor cortex, Cerebellum, Limbic system, Vestibular Apparatus	4		4		
	i. Autonomic nervous system: Structure and functions of thesympathetic and the parasympathetic nervoussystem.	4			4	
	j. Learning, memory & Damp; conditioned reflex	3				3
	k. Physiology of Voluntary movement	3		3		
	EXCRETORY SYSTEM:		6			
	a. Kidneys-structure & amp; function;	1			1	
	b. Urine formation;(to exclude concentration and dilution)	0.5				0.5
3	c. Juxtaglomerular apparatus	0.5				0.5
	d. Fluid and electrolyte balance – Na, K, H2O	1		1		
	e. Neural control of Micturation	1		1		
	f. Applied physiology: Types of bladder	2		2		
4	TEMPERATURE REGULATION		2			
	ENDOCRINE SYSTEM:		6			
5	a. Secretion- regulation & Samp; function of Pituitary - Thyroid - Adrenal - Parathyroid - Pancreas	3				3

REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM:		b. Applied physiology (abnormalities) of the above mentioned glands	3			3	
b. Physiology of menstrual cycle and spermatogenesis c. Functions of progesterone, estrogen and testosterone d. Puberty & amp; menopause 1 c. Physiological changes during pregnancy 2 c. Structure and function of the eye b. Applied physiology- types of deafness c. Structure and function of the ear d. Applied physiology- types of deafness c. Pulmonary Volumes & amp; capacities; a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS c. Pulmonary Volumes & amp; capacities; a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS c. Pulmonary Volumes & amp; capacities; a. Introduction approach of the RS c. Pulmonary Volumes & amp; capacities; a. Introduction of the expiration c. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & amp; indirect method of measurement control of respiration c. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & amp; indirect method of measurement c. Physiological changes with altitude & amp; acclimatization and conduction c. Cardiac changes with altitude & and the physiological changes with altitude & and the physi		REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM:		20			
b. Physiology of menstrual cycle and spermatogenesis c. Functions of progesterone, estrogen and testosterone d. Puberty & Ampr. menopause 1	6	a. Physiology of ovary and testis	1				1
testosterone   2			2		2		
e. Physiological changes during pregnancy   2   3   5   5   6   7   7   8   8   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9		1 0	2		2		
SPECIAL SENSES:   2		d. Puberty & menopause	1				1
a. Structure and function of the eye b. Applied physiology: errors of refraction, accommodation, reflexes –dark and light adaptation, photosensitivity c. Structure and function of the ear d. Applied physiology- types of deafness RESPIRATORY SYSTEM: 20 a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS b. Mechanics of respiration; c. Pulmonary Volumes & amp; capacities; d. Anatomical & amp; Physiological Dead space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation e. Transport of respiratory gases f. Nervous & amp; Chemical control of respiration g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & amp; indirect method of measurement h. Physiological changes with altitude & amp; acclimatization  CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM: a. Structure & amp; properties of cardiac muscle d. Cardiac cycle d. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG.		e. Physiological changes during pregnancy	2		2		
b. Applied physiology: errors of refraction, accommodation, reflexes –dark and light adaptation, photosensitivity c. Structure and function of the ear d. Applied physiology- types of deafness RESPIRATORY SYSTEM: 20 a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS b. Mechanics of respiration; c. Pulmonary Volumes & amp; capacities; d. Anatomical & amp; Physiological Dead space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation e. Transport of respiratory gases c. f. Nervous & amp; Chemical control of respiration g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & amp; indirect method of measurement h. Physiological changes with altitude & amp; acclimatization c. CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM: 20 a. Structure & amp; properties of cardiac muscle b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Heart rate regulation c. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG. 2 c.		SPECIAL SENSES:		5			
accommodation, reflexes -dark and light adaptation, photosensitivity   c. Structure and function of the ear   d. Applied physiology- types of deafness   1   1	7	a. Structure and function of the eye			2		
d. Applied physiology- types of deafness  RESPIRATORY SYSTEM:  a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS  b. Mechanics of respiration;  c. Pulmonary Volumes & damp; capacities;  d. Anatomical & damp; Physiological Dead space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation  e. Transport of respiratory gases  f. Nervous & damp; Chemical control of respiration  g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & damp; indirect method of measurement  h. Physiological changes with altitude & damp; acclimatization  CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM:  a. Structure & damp; properties of cardiac muscle  b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction  c. Cardiac cycle  d. Heart rate regulation  e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return  f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral  g. Normal ECG  20  1  20  21  22  21  24  25  26  27  28  29  20  20  20  21  21  22  22  22  22  23  24  24  24  25  26  27  27  28  28  29  20  20  20  20  20  20  20  20  20		accommodation, reflexes —dark and light adaptation, photosensitivity					1
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM:   20						1	
a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS b. Mechanics of respiration; c. Pulmonary Volumes & Eamp; capacities; d. Anatomical & Eamp; Physiological Dead space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation e. Transport of respiratory gases f. Nervous & Eamp; Chemical control of respiration g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & Eamp; indirect method of measurement h. Physiological changes with altitude & Eamp; acclimatization  CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM: a. Structure & Eamp; properties of cardiac muscle b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Heart rate regulation e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG.						1	
the RS b. Mechanics of respiration; c. Pulmonary Volumes & Samp; capacities; d. Anatomical & Samp; Physiological Dead space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation e. Transport of respiratory gases f. Nervous & Samp; Chemical control of respiration g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & Samp; indirect method of measurement h. Physiological changes with altitude & Samp; acclimatization  CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM: a. Structure & Samp; properties of cardiac muscle b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Heart rate regulation Cardiac output- regulation-Cardiac output- regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & Function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG  2  2  2  4  4  4  4  4  4  4  4  4  4				20			
c. Pulmonary Volumes & amp; capacities; d. Anatomical & amp; Physiological Dead space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation e. Transport of respiratory gases f. Nervous & amp; Chemical control of respiration g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & amp; indirect method of measurement h. Physiological changes with altitude & amp; acclimatization  CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM: a. Structure & amp; properties of cardiac muscle b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Heart rate regulation e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG.		the RS					
d. Anatomical & Dead space - ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation e. Transport of respiratory gases f. Nervous & Direct & Dir		~	ļ				
space- ventilation/perfusion ratio,alveolar ventilation e. Transport of respiratory gases f. Nervous & Definition of respiratory for the price of the properties of cardiac muscle D. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Heart rate regulation e. Transport of respiratory gases f. Nervous & Definition of the properties of cardiac muscle b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Heart rate regulation e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & Definition of the properties of cardiac preturn f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  4  4  4  4  4  4			3		3		
f. Nervous & Description for respiration g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & Direct		space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar	2				2
respiration  g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & amp; indirect method of measurement  h. Physiological changes with altitude & amp; acclimatization  CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM:  a. Structure & amp; properties of cardiac muscle  b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction  c. Cardiac cycle  d. Heart rate regulation  Cardiac output- regulation-Cardiac output- regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & flecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return  f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral  g. Normal ECG.			2			2	
indirect method of measurement  h. Physiological changes with altitude & amp; acclimatization  CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM:  a. Structure & amp; properties of cardiac muscle  b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction  c. Cardiac cycle  d. Heart rate regulation  e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return  f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral  g. Normal ECG.			2			2	
& acclimatization 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			3		3		
a. Structure & amp; properties of cardiac muscle  b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction  c. Cardiac cycle  d. Heart rate regulation  e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation-Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return  f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral  g. Normal ECG.  3  3  3  4  4  4  4  2  2			2			2	
muscle b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction c. Cardiac cycle d. Heart rate regulation e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation- Cardiac output- regulation &function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG.  3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 7 7 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM:		20			
conduction c. Cardiac cycle 3 d. Heart rate regulation e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation- Cardiac output- regulation &function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG.  3 3 4 4 4 2 2		1 . 1	3		3		
d. Heart rate regulation e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation- Cardiac output- regulation &function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral g. Normal ECG.  3 4 4 2 2	9	conduction	3		3		
e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation- Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return  f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral  g. Normal ECG.  2  4  4  2  2		c. Cardiac cycle					
Cardiac output- regulation & function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return  f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral  g. Normal ECG.  2  4  4  2  2		•	3		3		
cerebral 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Cardiac output- regulation &function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return	4		4		
		•	2			2	
		g. Normal ECG.	2		<del></del>		

		•			1	
10	GASTRO INTESTINAL SYSTEM:		3			
	a. Absorption and digestion in brief	2			2	
	b. Liver function	1				1
	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY		15			
	a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient	1		1		DK
	b. Energy metabolism	1		1	NK	
11	c. Fatigue	1		1	NK	
	d. Oxygen debt	1		1		DK
	e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise,between mild, moderate and severe exercise, difference concept of endurance	2		2		
	f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise	2		2		
	g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular & respiratory system	1		1		
	h. Body temperature regulation during exercise	1		1		
	i. Hormonal and metabolic effects during exercise	1				1
	j. Effects of exercise on muscle strength,power,endurance	2		2		
	k. Physical fitness and its components	2		2		
12	PHYSIOLOGY OF AGEING (With respect to all systems)		5	5		

	PRACTICALS				
SR NO	TOPIC	HOURS	MUST KNOW	DESIR ABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNO W
1	Haematology – (demonstration only)	6	6		
	GRAPHS:				
2	a. Skeletal muscle and its properties			5	
	b. Cardiac muscle-properties-effect of Ach & Damp; Adrenaline	5			
3	Blood pressure- effects of change in posture & exercise	4	4		
4	Examination of pulse	2	2		
5	Spirometry	4			
	a. Lung volumes and capacities			2	
	b. Timed vital capacity			2	
	18SYLLABUSBatchelorofPhysiotherapy-FirstYear			<u> </u>	

6	Perimetry	1		1	
	Physical fitness:				
_	a. Breath holding		2		
7	b. Mercury column test;	10	2		
	c. Cardiac efficiency test- Harvard step test-Master Step test		2		
	d. Ergography		2		
	e. Guidelines for Covid - 19 pandemic		2		
	Clinical examination:				
	Historytaking and general examination / Respiratory system /				
8	cardio vascular system / Higher functions/Cranial nerves				
	/Reflexes / Motor & amp; Sensory system	18	18		

### **RECOMMEMDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Human Anatomy –Snell
- 2 Anatomy- Chaurasia, Volume- I,II &III
- 3. Neuro anatomy -- InderbirSingh
- 4. HumanAnatomy-Kadasne,Volume-I,II&III
- 5. Neuroanatomy -- VishrsamSingh
- 6. Human Anatomy –Datta

### RECOMMEMDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Gray's Anatomy
- 2. Extremities -- QuiningWasb
- 3. Atlas of Histology -- Mariano DeFiore
- 4. Anatomy & Physiology -- Smout and McDowell
- 5. Kinesiology -- KatherineWells
- 6. Neuroanatomy -- Snell
- 7. Neuroanatomy -- VishrsamSingh
- 8. Cunnigham's- Practical Anatomy

### **SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION**

	Theory				
* The question pape	* The question paper will give appropriate weight age to all the topics in				
	the syllabus.				
Section A	Question 1 MCQ (1×20)	20			
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×10)	20			
	Question 3 SAQ (any 4 out of 5) (5×4)	20			
Section C	Question 4 LAQ (any 2 out of 3) (10×2)	20			
	Internal Assessment	20			
	Total	100			

MCQs: 20	BAQs: 20	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL		Marks
80 MARKS + I.	A. – 20 MARKS [ 15 + 5 ]	100
Spots	Based on:  I. Musculoskeletal (7x3) =21marks  II. Systemic (5x3) = 15marks  III. Neuroanatomy (3x3) =09marks	
Radiology		05
	Living anatomy	05
Viva	i. Hardparts ii. SoGparts	20
Journal	Year work on practicals performed	05
	Total Marks	80

### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1 Two exams Terminal and prelims of 80 marks each (Theory & Practical) TOTAL 160marks
- 2 I.A. to be calculated out of 20 marks (Theory & Practical).
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

### **HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY**

(Theory-150hrs, Practical/Laboratory-50hrs)

TOTAL 200 hrs)

### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

The course is designed to study the function of the human body at the molecular, cellular, tissue and systems levels. The major underlying the mesare; the mechanisms for promoting homeostasis, cellular processes of the metabolism, membrane function and cellular signaling; the mechanisms that match supply of nutrients to tissue demands at different activity levels; the mechanisms that match the rate of excretion of waste products to their rate of production; the mechanisms that defend the body against injury and promote healing.

These topics address the consideration of nervous and endocrine regulation of the cardiovascular, hematopoietic, pulmonary, renal, gastro-intestinal and musculoskeletal systems including the control of cellular metabolism. The course stresses on the integrative nature of physiological responses in normal function and disease.

This course will serve as a pre-requisite/foundation for the further courses i.e. Exercise physiology or Pathology.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic hrs	Practical hrs	Total hrs
1.	GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY	25		
2.	NERVOUS SYSTEM	38		
3.	EXCRETORY SYSTEM	06		
4.	TEMPERATURE REGULATION	02		
5.	ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	06		175
6.	REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM	08	42	
7.	SPECIAL SENSES	05		
8.	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	20		
9.	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	20		
10.	GASTRO INTESTINAL SYSTEM	03		
11.	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY	15	08	023
12.	PHYSIOLOGY OF AGEING	02	-	02
	Total	150	50	200

### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will:

- Acquire the knowledge of the relative contribution of each organ system in maintenance of the MilieuInterior (Homeostasis)
- 2 Be able to describe physiological functions of various systems, with special reference to Musculo-skeletal, Neuro-motor, Cardio-respiratory, Endocrine, Uro-genital function, & alterations in functionwith aging
- 3. Analyze physiological response & adaptation to environmental stresses-with special emphasis on physical activity, altitude, temperature
- 4. Acquire the skill of basic clinical examination, with special emphasis to Peripheral & Central Nervous system, Cardiovascular & Respiratory system, & Exercise tolerance / Ergography

### **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours	MK	DK	NK
	a. Cell:			4			
	i. Structure of cell membrane	1					1
	ii. Transport across cell membrane	1					1
	iii. Homeostasis	2			2		
	b. Blood:			7			
1	i. Rh- ABO system & mismatch-transfusion	2			2		
	ii. WBC	1			1		
	iii. Plasma protein	1				1	
	iv. Platelets	1				1	
	v. Hemoglobin, Anemia, Immunity	1			1		
	vi. Normal values of blood (composition & function)	1			1		
	vii. Bleeding time & clotting time	1			1		
	c. Nerve:			6			
	i. Structure, classification & Properties	2			2		
	ii. R.M.P& action potential	1			1		
	iii. Propagation of nerve impulse	1			1		
	iv. Nerve injuries –degeneration, regeneration and reaction of degeneration	2			1		
	d. Muscle:			8			
	i. Structure- properties- classification- smooth, skeletal, cardiac, excitation/ contraction coupling	3			3		
	ii. Factors affecting development of muscle tension, fatigue, load.	2				2	
	iii. Neuro-muscular transmission; applied physiology: Myasthenia gravis,Eaton Lambert Syndrome.	3			3		
	NERVOUS SYSTEM:			35			
2	a. Introduction of nervous system, classification – C.N.S., P.N.S. & Camp; A.N.S.	3			3		
	b. Synapse-structure, properties, & Damp; transmission;	4			4		
	c. Reflexes-classification & properties;	3	_		3		
	d. Receptor physiology: classification, properties.	3				3	
	e. Physiology of Touch, Pain, Temperature & Description;	4			4		

	f. Sensory and motor tracts: effect of transaction (complete andincomplete) at various levels	4			4		
	g. Physiology of Muscle Tone (muscle spindle); Stretchreflex	3			3		
	h. Connection & Dasal ganglia, Thalamus, Hypothalamus, Sensory and Motor cortex, Cerebellum, Limbic system, Vestibular Apparatus	4			4		
	i. Autonomic nervous system: Structure and functions of thesympathetic and the parasympathetic nervoussystem.	4				4	
	j. Learning, memory & Damp; conditioned reflex	3					3
	k. Physiology of Voluntary movement	3			3		
	EXCRETORY SYSTEM:			6			
	a. Kidneys-structure & amp; function;	1				1	
	b. Urine formation;(to exclude concentration and dilution)	0.5					0.5
3	c. Juxtaglomerular apparatus	0.5					0.5
	d. Fluid and electrolyte balance – Na, K, H2O	1			1		
	e. Neural control of Micturation	1			1		
	f. Applied physiology: Types of bladder	2			2		
4	TEMPERATURE REGULATION			2			
	ENDOCRINE SYSTEM:			6			
5	a. Secretion- regulation & Dituitary - Thyroid - Adrenal - Parathyroid - Pancreas	3					3
	b. Applied physiology (abnormalities) of the above mentioned glands	3				3	
	REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM:			20			
6	a. Physiology of ovary and testis	1					1
U	b. Physiology of menstrual cycle and spermatogenesis	2			2		
	c. Functions of progesterone, estrogen and testosterone	2			2		
	d. Puberty & menopause	1			†		1
	e. Physiological changes during pregnancy	2			2		
		— <del>-</del>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

	SPECIAL SENSES:		5			
7	a. Structure and function of the eye			2		
,	b. Applied physiology: errors of refraction, accommodation, reflexes —dark and light adaptation, photosensitivity			-		1
	c. Structure and function of the ear				1	
	d. Applied physiology- types of deafness				1	
	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM:		20			
	a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS	3		3		
	b. Mechanics of respiration;	3		3		
	c. Pulmonary Volumes & Dapacities;	3		3		
	d. Anatomical & Dead space- ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation	2				2
	e. Transport of respiratory gases	2			2	
	f. Nervous & Chemical control of respiration	2			2	
	g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct & Direct & indirect method of measurement	3		3		
	h. Physiological changes with altitude & amp; acclimatization	2			2	
	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM:		20			
	a. Structure & properties of cardiac muscle	3		3		
9	b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction	3		3		
	c. Cardiac cycle	3		3		
	d. Heart rate regulation	3		3		
	e. Blood pressure- definition-regulation- Cardiac output- regulation &function affecting; Peripheral resistance, venous return	4		4		
	f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral	2			2	
	g. Normal ECG.	2		2		
10	GASTRO INTESTINAL SYSTEM:		3			
	a. Absorption and digestion in brief	2			2	
	b. Liver function	1				1
11	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY		15			
	a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient	1		1		DK
	b. Energy metabolism	1		1	NK	
	c. Fatigue	1		1	NK	
	d. Oxygen debt	1		1		DK

	e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, between mild, moderate and severe exercise, difference concept of endurance	2		2	
	f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise	2		2	
	g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular & respiratory system	1		1	
	h. Body temperature regulation during exercise	1		1	
	i. Hormonal and metabolic effects during exercise	1			1
	j. Effects of exercise on muscle strength,power,endurance	2		2	
	k. Physical fitness and its components	2		2	
12	PHYSIOLOGY OF AGEING (With respect to all systems)		5	5	

	PRACTICALS					
SR NO	TOPIC	HOURS	MUST KNOW	DESIR ABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNO W	
1	Haematology – (demonstration only)	6	6			
	GRAPHS:					
2	a. Skeletal muscle and its properties			5		
	b. Cardiac muscle-properties-effect of Ach & Dr. Adrenaline	5				
3	Blood pressure- effects of change in posture & exercise	4	4			
4	Examination of pulse	2	2			
5	Spirometry	2				
	a. Lung volumes and capacities	2		1		
	b. Timed vital capacity			1		
6	Perimetry	1		1		
	Physical fitness :					
7	a. Breath holding	10	2			
'	b. Mercury column test;	10	2			
	a Cardiae officiansy tast. Harvard stan tast Master Stan tast		2			
	c. Cardiac efficiency test- Harvard step test-Master Step test d. Ergography		2			
	e. Guidelines for Covid - 19 pandemic		2			
				l		

	Clinical examination:				
	Historytaking and general examination /Respiratory system /				l
8	cardio vascular system / Higher functions/Cranial nerves				İ
	/Reflexes / Motor & Damp; Sensory system	20	20		

### **PRACTICALS**

Sr. No.	Topics	Practical Hours
1.	Haematology – (demonstration only)	6 hrs
2.	GRAPHS:	5 hrs
	a. Skeletal muscle and its properties	
	b. Cardiac muscle-properties-effect of Ach & Adrenaline	
3.	Blood pressure- effects of change in posture & exercise	4 hrs
4.	Examination of pulse	2 hrs
5.	Spirometry	4 hrs
	a. Lung volumes and capacities	
	b. Timed vital capacity	
6.	Perimetry	1 hr
7.	Physical fitness:	10 hrs
	a. Breath holding	
	b. Mercury column test;	
	c. Cardiac efficiency test- Harvard step test-Master Step test	
	d. Ergography	
	e. Guidelines for Covid - 19 pandemic	
8.	Clinical examination:	18 hrs
	Historytakingandgeneralexamination/Respiratorysystem/cardiovascular system/Higherfunctions/Cranialnerves/Reflexes/Motor&Sensorysystem	
	TOTAL	50 hrs

### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Text book on Medical Physiology –Guyton
- 2 Textbook of Physiology A KJain
- 3. Textbook of Physiology- G KPal

### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1 Review of Medical Physiology –Ganong
- 2 Samson &Wright's AppliedPhysiology
- 3. TextbookofMedicalPhysiology–BernandLevy

### **SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION**

* The question pape	Marks				
	the syllabus.				
Section A	Section A Question 1 MCQ (1×20)				
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×10)	20			
	Question 3 SAQ (any 4 out of 5) (5×4)	20			
Section C Question 4 LAQ (any 2 out of 3) (10×2)		20			
	20				
	100				

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL			Marks
80 MARKS + I.A.	80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS [ 15 + 5 ]		
Spots	Based on : Topic 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 & 12 (10 X 2 Marks)		20
Viva	Based on theory		20
Demonstration	On Clinical Physiology C.V.S.	10Marks 10Marks	35
	R.S. C. N. S. Cranial Nerves andSpecialSenses	15 Marks	
Journal	Year work on practicals performed		05
	Total Marks		80

### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and prelims of 80 marks each (Theory & Practical) TOTAL 160 marks
- 2. I.A. to be calculated out of 20 marks (Theory& Practical)
- 3. Internal assessment as per Universitypattern.

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

(Didactic46hrs+Demonstrations4hrs)

**TOTAL 50 HRS** 

### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

This course provides the knowledge and skills in fundamental organic chemistry and introductory biochemistry that are essential for further studies It covers basic biochemical, cellular, biological and microbiological processes, basic chemical reactions in the prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, the structure of biological molecules, introduction to the nutrients i.e. carbohydrates, fats, enzymes, nucleic acids and amino acids.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Total Hours
1	CARBOHYDRATES	10	10
2	PROTEINS	06	06
3	ENZYMES	05	05
4	VITAMINS	05	05
5	MINERALS	05	05
6	NUTRITION	04	04
7	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY	07	07
8	LIPID	04	04
9	MUSCLE CONTRACTION	04	04
10	TOTAL	50	50

### **OBJECTIVES:**

The student would know:

- 1 Various biomolecules which are present in the body and functions
- 2 The formation and fate of thesebiomolecules
- 3. Their normal levels in body fluids required for functioning and their abnormal levels to understand the diseaseprocess.

# **SYLLABUS**

	1st year BF	ТН ВІОСН	IEMISTRY				
Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours	MK	DK	NK
	CARBOHYDRATES			10			
	a. Chemistry, Definition, Classification with	2			2		
	examples, Functions	2			2		
	b. Digestion and Absorption, Glycogenesis,						
	Gluconeogenesis, Glycogenolysis and HMP						
	pathway, Glycolysis, Electron transport						
	chain for ATP synthesis, TCA cycle.	3			3		
	Hormonal regulation of blood	3					
	c. Glucose, Glycogen storage disorders,						
	Diabetes mellitus, Glycosuria, changes in						
	Carbohydrate, Protein & Carp; Lipid	2			2		
	metabolism.						
	d. All the metabolisms should be taught						
1	based on the following points such as						
	starting and ending products, tissues of occurrence and the conditions when the						
	pathway is activated, deactivated and						
	significance of the pathway.	2			2		
				6			
	PROTEINS Francisco						
	a. Definition, Importance, Functional Classification, Digestion & Comp.;						
	decarboxylation, deamination,						
	transamination, transmethylation, Urea						
	Absorption, cycle, clinical significance of						
	serum urea, function of glycine,						
	Phenylalanine, trytophan, methionine	4			4		
	tyrosine.	4			4		
2	b. There should be an emphasis on						
	understanding the structure of protein, the	2					2
	essential and non-essential amino acids.	2					
	ENZYMES			5			
	Definition, Modern Classification, Factors				· <u> </u>		
	affecting enzymes Action, diagnostic & amp;						
	therapeutics uses & amp; enzymes,						
	Isoenzymes, Competitive &Non	3				3	
	competitive inhibition,.	_				_	
_							
3		2					2
	Glycolysis			5			
	VITAMINS			3			
] .	Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Fat & Definition, Classification, Classificati						
4	soluble vitamins, functions,manifestations	5			5		
	sources & RDA Deficiency			5			
5_	MINERALS			3			

	Ca, P, Fe, I, Zinc, Selenium, Fluorine, Magnesium include Na and K. Function sources,	3		3		
	Deficiency manifestations	2			2	
6	NUTRITION 4		4			
	Composition of food, balanced diet, Kwashiorkor, Marasmus, Nitrogen balance, major Dietary constituent & Dietary their importance. Include energy requirements, factors affecting B.M.R., S.D.A. (Specific Dynamic Action) and R.Q. (Respiratory Quotient)	4		4		
	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY 7		7			
	a. Liver Function Test, Renal Function Test, Lipid profile in serum	1		3		
	b. Starvation metabolism, Hemoglobin chemistry and metabolism	2		2		
7	c. Demonstrations: Demonstration of estimation of various biomolecules and their interpretation Interpret reports of various					
	conditions (including Diabetic profile, Cardiac profile, Uric acid and Gout)	4			2	
8	LIPID					
	Definition, classification with examples biomedical importance, Phospholipids & Digestion	4		4		
	MUSCLE CONTRACTION		 4			
	Mechanism & Biochemical events	2				2
9	Connective Tissue - Biochemistry of connective tissue Collagen-Glyco-protein proteoglycans	2				2

### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- Biochemistry Dr. PankajaNaik
- TextbookofBiochemistryforMedicalstudents-Dr.Vasudevan/ShriKumar 2.
- Biochemistry Dr.Satyanarayan 3.

### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK

1. Review of Biochemistry (24<sup>th</sup> edition) -Harpar

### **SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION**

	Theory	
* The question paper	r will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in	Marks
	the syllabus.	
Section A	Question 1 MCQ (1×10)	10
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×5)	10
Section B	Question 3 SAQ (any 2 out of 3) (5×2)	10
Section C	Question 4 LAQ (any 1 out of 2) (10×1)	10
	Internal Assessment	10
	Total	50

MCQs: 10	BAQs: 10	SAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
Must Know (MK) – 05	MK – 02	MK – 02	MK – 02
Desirable to Know (DK)– 03	DK – 01	DK – 01	DK – 00
Nice to Know (NK) – 02	NK – 02	NK – 00	NK – 00

### **INTERNAL ASSESEMENT**

- 1 Twoexams-Terminalandprelimsof40markseachTOTAL-80marks
- 2 I.A. to be calculated out of 10 marks (Theoryonly)
- 3. Internal assessment asper University pattern.

### FUNDAMENTALS OF KINESIOLOGY & KINESIOTHERAPY

(Didactic-100Hrs&Practical/Laboratory-150Hrs)

**TOTAL 250 HRS** 

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course covers the definition of various terms used in mechanics, biomechanics kinesiology as well as its importance in physical therapy. It applies the mechanical principles to simple equipments of therapeutic gymnasium and familiarizes the candidate to its use. It covers the types of human motions as well as planes and relative axes of motion. It also explains the interrelationshipamongkinematicvariablesandutilizesthisknowledgetodescribeandanalyzemotion. It covers the classification of the joints and muscles along their distinguishing characteristics and skill of measurement of its ranges in various planes and axes. This course additionally covers therapeutic principles and skills of application of massage, yoga, aerobic exercise and use of suspensiontherapy.Italsoenhancestheskillofevaluationofvitalparameters&sensorysystem.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Laboratory Hours	Total Hours
1	MECHANICS & BASIC BIOMECHANICS	25		25
2	BIO-PHYSICS RELATED TO KINESIOTHERAPY	15	30	45
3	CLASSIFICATION OF MOVEMENTS	10	15	25
4	BASIC EVALUATION	15	35	50
5	MASSAGE	05	20	25
6	RELAXATION	05	10	15
7	AEROBIC EXERCISE	05	05	10
8	YOGA	15	40	55
	TOTAL	95	155	250

### **OBJECTIVE:**

### **Cognitive:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- a) DefinethevarioustermsusedinrelationtoMechanics,Biomechanics&Kinesiology
- Recall the basic principles of Biophysics related to mechanics of movement / motion & understandtheapplicationoftheseprinciplestothesimpleequipmentdesignsalongwith their efficacy in Therapeutic Gymnasium & various starting positions used intherapeutics.

### **Psychomotor:**

### At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- a. Describe&alsoacquiretheskillsofuseofvarioustoolsoftheTherapeuticGymnasium.
- b. Demonstratethemovementsintermsofvariousanatomicalplanesandaxes.
- c. Demonstratevarious starting & derived positions used in the rapeutics.
- d. Describephysiologicalprinciples&acquiretheskillsofapplicationoftherapeuticmassage
- e. Acquire the skills of assessment of basic evaluation like sensations, reflexes & vital parameters.
- f. AcquiretheskillofobjectiveassessmentofRangeofMotionofthejointsbyGoniometry
- g. Describe physiological basis and principle of relaxation and acquire the skills of relaxation methods.
- h. Describe physiological responses and principles of aerobic exercises for general fitness &demonstratefitnessskillsonself&group.
- Describe physiological principles and acquire the skill of performing Pranayama &Yogasanas.

### **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	MECHANICS & BASIC BIOMECHANICS	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours	MK	DK	NK
				20			
	I . Definition and terminologies: Mechanics	2			2		
	ii. Axes / planes	2			2		
	iii. Laws of inertia & mp; motion,	2			2		
	iv. Gravity, C.O.G., L.O.G. and B.O.S.	2			2		
1	v. Equilibrium – Types and affecting factors	2			2		
	vi. Mechanics of Forces Work, Energy, Power, Friction,	2			2		
	vii. Torque	2			2		
	viii. Pendulum	2			2		
	ix. Mechanical and Anatomical pulleys	2			2		
	x. Levers	2			2		
	xi. Fluid mechanics related to Hydrotherapy (physics,	2			2		
	MUASCLE MECHANICS	5		5			
	i. Types of Muscles- Anatomical & Dysiological	1			1		
	ii. Types of muscle work / Contraction iii.Muscle Action: Roles as Agonist, Antagonist, Fixators, Synergist	1			1		
	iv. Active & Dassive insufficiency	1			1		
	v. Range of muscle work ,Angle of pull – with importance to efficiency of muscle work and stability of joint	2			2		
	BIO-PHYSICS RELATED TO KINESIOTHERAPY	20	25	45			
2	a. Starting Positions & Derived Positions	6	7		13		
	i. Application of stability						
	ii. BOS, Gravity and muscle work in relation to various positions						
	b. Therapeutic Gymnasium i. Use of accessories such as Pulleys Springs, Shoulder wheel, Walking aids,	6	7		13		
	<ul><li>ii. Finger ladder, Therapeutic balls,</li><li>Weights, Resistance bands, tubes, &amp; amp;</li><li>wands</li></ul>						
	iii.Applied mechanics of all above accessories Batchelo						

ſ	c. Suspension Therapy	8	11		18		
İ	i. Principles						
Ì	ii. Suspension Apparatus						
Ì	iii. Types of Suspension						
	iv. Effects and uses						
	v. Techniques for individual joints						
	CLASSIFICATION OF MOVEMENTS	10	15	25			
3	a. Definition and classification	2	3		5		
Ì	b. Principles of movements	3	2		5		
Ì	c. Effects, uses and Techniques (active:						
Ì	assisted, free,assisted- resisted, resisted						
	&passive)	5	10		15		
Ì	BASIC EVALUATION	15	35	50			
4	a. Assessment of Vital Parameters	5	12		17		
- 	i. Temperature	1	3		4		
Ì	ii. Blood Pressure	1	3		4		
Ì	iii. Heart Rate/ Pulse rate	1	2		3		
Ì	iv. Respiratory Rate	1	2		3		
Ì	v. Chest expansion	1	2		3		
Ì	b. Assessment of Sensations and Reflex						
Ì	testing	5	12		17		
Ì	c. Goniometry	5	13				
Ì	i. Definition and Types of Goniometers	1	3		4		
Ì	ii. Principles	1	3		4		
Ì	iii. Techniques for individual joints with						
Ì	biomechanical principles	2	4		6		
·	iv. Uses	1	3		4		
	iv. Uses MASSAGE	1 <b>5</b>	3 <b>20</b>	25	4		
5			1	25	2		
5	MASSAGE	5	20	25			
5	MASSAGE a. Definition	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>	25	2		
5	MASSAGE a. Definition b. Classification	5 1 1	20 1 1	25	2 2		
5	MASSAGE a. Definition b. Classification c. Principles	5 1 1 1	20 1 1 2	25	2 2 3		
5	MASSAGE  a. Definition  b. Classification  c. Principles  d. Effects & amp; uses	5 1 1 1 1	20 1 1 2 2	25	2 2 3 3 3		
5	MASSAGE  a. Definition  b. Classification  c. Principles  d. Effects & Definition  e. Indications and contra indications	5 1 1 1 1	20 1 1 2 2	25	2 2 3 3 3		
5	MASSAGE  a. Definition  b. Classification  c. Principles  d. Effects & Definition  e. Indications and contra indications  f. Techniques- Upper limb, Lower Limb,	5 1 1 1 1	20 1 1 2 2 2	25	2 2 3 3 3 3		
	MASSAGE  a. Definition  b. Classification  c. Principles  d. Effects & Definition  e. Indications and contra indications  f. Techniques- Upper limb, Lower Limb, Neck, Back, Abdomen, Face & Definition of the second of the secon	5 1 1 1 1 1	20 1 1 2 2 2 2		2 2 3 3 3 3	4	
	MASSAGE  a. Definition  b. Classification  c. Principles  d. Effects & amp; uses  e. Indications and contra indications  f. Techniques- Upper limb, Lower Limb, Neck, Back, Abdomen, Face & amp; Scalp  RELAXATION	5 1 1 1 1 1	20 1 1 2 2 2 2 12 10		2 2 3 3 3 3	4 2	
	MASSAGE  a. Definition  b. Classification  c. Principles  d. Effects & Definitions  e. Indications and contra indications  f. Techniques- Upper limb, Lower Limb, Neck, Back, Abdomen, Face & Definitions  RELAXATION  a. Principles,	5 1 1 1 1 1 5 1	20 1 1 2 2 2 2 12 10 3		2 2 3 3 3 3		

	ii. Local - Heat, Massage, Gentle/Rhythmic						
	passive movements	2	3			5	
	AEROBIC CONDITIONING AND BASIC						
7	PRINCIPLES OF GENERAL FITNESS	5	5	10			
,	a. Physiology of aerobic and anaerobic						
	exercise.	1	1			2	
	b. Components of fitness (definition of terms					_	
	only)	1	1			2	
	c. Warm up	1	1			2	
	d. Cool down exercises	1	1			2	
	e. Group & amp; Recreational activities	1	1			2	
8	YOGA	15	40	55	MK		
	a. Definition	1			1		
	b. Principles of Yoga	1			1		
	c. Yogasana- Technique, Benefits,						
	Contraindications & cautions for each	_					
	Asanas:	1	2		6		
	i. Asanas in supine		3 8				
	a) Pawanamuktasana	_ 3			11		
	b) Ardha Halasana						
	c) Halasana						
	d) Setubandhasana						
	e) Naukasana						
	f) Matsyasana						
	g) Shavasana						
	h) Sarvangasana						
	ii. Asanas in prone	2	8		10		
	a) Bhujangasana	_					
	b) Ardha-Shalabhasana						
	c) Dhanurasana						
	d) Makarasana						
	iii. Asanas in sittng						
	a) Padmasana, Siddhasana, Sukhasana	2	8		10		
	b) Yogamudrasana						
	c) Virasana						
	d) Vajrasana						
	e) Gomukhasana						
	f) Pashchimottanasana						
	iv. Asanas in standing	2	8		10		
	a) Padhastasana, Padangusthasana,						
	Uttanasana	rofDb. roi of		ustVoor		LADIIC	<u> </u>

b) Utkatasana				
c) Tadasana				
d) Trikonasana				
v. Pranayama	1	5	10	
a) Anulom-vilom			10	
b) Kapalbhati				

### **PRACTICAL:** Practical demonstrations of:

Sr. No.	Topics
1	Various starting and derived positions
2	The techniques of active, passive, assisted and resisted movements
3	The techniques of various accessories and equipments used in therapeutic gymnasium its biomechanical principles and uses.
4	The techniques of use of suspension method for assisted and resisted movements
5	Relaxation procedures
6	Massage techniques
7	Yogasanas and Pranayama
8	Aerobic exercise for self and others
9	Assessment of vital parameters in different body position (supine, sitting and standing) and of sensory system and reflexes.
10	Measurement of joint R.O.M. through goniometry, method of fixation and measurement.

### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Principles of Exercise Therapy DenaGardiner
- 2 Massage, Manipulation & Traction Sydney Litch
- 3. Therapeutic Exercise SydneyLitch
- 4. Massage M.Hollis
- 5. Practical Exercise therapy— MargaretHollis
- 6. Hydrotherapy Kisner, Hollis
- 7. Measurement of Joint Motion CynthiaNorkins.
- 8 Biomechanics CynthiaNorkins
- 9. ClinicalKinesiology-Brunnstrom
- 10. YogicExercises-PhysiologicandPsychicprocesses--S.DattaRay

### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 Therapeutic Exercise CarolynKisner
- 2 Asanas-Why&How–OmprakashTiwari

### **SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION**

* The question pape	Theory  * The question paper will give appropriate weight age to all the topics in the syllabus.		
Section A	Question 1 MCQ (1×20) – based on MUSTKNOW area	20	
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×10)	20	
	Question 3 SAQ (any 4 out of 5) (5×4)	20	
Section C	Question 4 LAQ (any 2 out of 3) (10×2)	20	
	Internal Assessment	20	
	Total	100	

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL		Marks
80 MARKS + I	.A. – 20 MARKS [ 15 + 5 ]	100
LONG CASE	Based on Massage / Goniometry / Movements (passive)  Cognitive—Bio-physics,Biomechanicalprinciples,indications,contraindication  Documentation offindingsetc - 20Marks  Psychomotor +Affectiveskills - 15Marks	35
SHORT CASE	Two Short case based on  Basic evaluation (any one): Sensation / Reflex testing / B.P./ & Pulse Rate/ Chest Expansion / Respiratory Rate / Aerobic fitness forself  Skillperformance(anyone):Relaxation/Yoga posture/Starting/Derived position & SuspensionTherapy (2 x 20 = 40marks)  Cognitive – 05 Marks  Psychomotor -15Marks	40
JOURNAL	Year work on practicals performed.	5
	Total Marks	80

### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160marks
- 2 Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20marks.
- 3. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern.

### **FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTROTHERAPY**

Didactic 95 hrs+ Practical 105hrs [TOTAL-200 HRS]

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course will cover the basic principles of Physics that are applicable in medical equipments used in Physiotherapy. It will also help to understand the fundamentals of currents, sound waves, Heat&itseffects, electromedical radiations and their effects as well as their application in physical therapy. It covers the skill of application of superficial thermal agents and Cryotherapy.

Sr. No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Lab Hours	Total hours
1	MEDICAL ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICITY:	55	15	70
	a) Fundamentals of Low frequency currents	32	09	41
	b) Fundamentals of High frequency currents	13	06	19
	c) Electro Magnetic Spectrum	5	-	5
	d) Cellular Bio-physics	3	-	3
	e) Environmental currents	2	-	2
2	ELECTRICAL MODALITIES	25	40	065
3	SUPERFICIAL THERMAL AGENTS	15	50	065
	TOTAL	95	105	200

### **OBJECTIVES:**

### **COGNITIVE:**

### At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- a) Recallthephysicsprinciples&LawsofElectricity, Electromagneticspectrum, &ultrasound
- b) Describe effects of environmental & man made electromagnetic field at the cellular level &riskfactorsonprolongedexposure.
- c) Describe the Main electrical supply, Electric shock, precautions
- d) Enumerate Types & Production of various Therapeutic electrical currents & describe the panel diagrams of themachines

### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

At the end of the course the candidate will be able to -

- a) Test the working of the various electrotherapeuticequipments
- b) Describe in brief, certain common electrical components such as transistors, valves, capacitors, transformers etc&thesimpleinstruments used to test/calibrate these

- components [ such as potentiometer, oscilloscope , multimeter ] of the circuit ; & will be able to identify suchcomponents.
- d) Describe & identify various types of electrodes used in therapeutics, describe electrical skin resistance&significanceofvariousmediausedtoreduceskinresistance.
- d) Acquire knowledge of various superficial thermal agents such as Paraffin wax bath, Cryotherapy, Hydrocollator packs, Home remedies, their physiological & therapeutic effects, Merits/demerits&acquiretheskillofapplication.

### **SYLLABUS**

1st year BPTH FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTROTHERAPY							
Sr. No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours	MK	DK	NK
	MEDICAL ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICITY	55	15	70	MK		
1 a	<b>a</b> . Fundamentals of Low frequency currents	32	9	41			
	i. Basic Physics :	3	0		3		
	Structure of atom, Isotopes, States of matter; Compound formation-(covalent formation), Properties of Electric lines of forces, Conductors, Non- conductors, Latent heat, Transmission of heat						
	ii. Condenser	3	0		3		
	a) Principles						
	b) Capacity						
	c) Types & amp; construction						
	d) Electric field						
	e) Charging and discharging of the condenser						
	f) Duration of Discharge						
	g) Discharge through inductance						
	h) Capacitive reactance & amp; uses of condenser						
	iii. Main supply:	3	3		6		
	a) Production of Electricity						
	b) Types: A.C./ D.C.						
	c) Distribution/ Grid system wiring of colour coding of electrical supply to the house,						
		Bat	chelorofPhy	ysiothera	py-FirstYe	ar <b>SYL</b>	LABUS47

	d) Earthing and its importance				
	e) Types of Plugs & Switches				
	iv. Shock	2	0	2	
	a) Definition				
	b) Types ( Electric Shock & mp;				
	Earth shock)				
	c) Severity Causes, Effects & Camp;				
	Precaution				
	v. Static Electricity:	3	0	2	
	a) Theory of Electricity				
	b) Production of Electric Charge				
	c) Characteristics of charged				
	electrical body and capacitor and				
	inductance: types & uses				
	d) Potential difference				
	vi. Current electricity			1	
	a) EMF				
	b) Resistance: Combination of				
	resistance in series and parallel				
	c) Ohms Law				
	d) D.C., A.C.				
	e) Devices for regulating current:				
	Identification, functioning &				
	Uses- Rheostat, Potentiometer,	6	6	12	
	Ammeters, Oscilloscopes,				
	Voltmeter				
	f) Voltage and Power				
	g) Thermal effects of electric				
	current- Joule's Law.				
	vii. Electrical Skin Resistance:	2	0	2	
	a) Skin Resistance				
b	b) Factors affecting Skin				
	resistance: electrodes used,				
	electrode gels, skin threshold,				
	types of skin type, skin				
	temperature, exercises				
	c) Methods to reduce skin resistance				
	viii. Faradic currents:				
	Duration,graphical				
	representation, surging, faradic	5	0	5	
	type frequency, wave forms &			J	
	current, pulse width modulation,				
	ix. Galvanic currents/ Direct	-	_		
	current: interrupted galvanic 48SYLLABUSBattchelorofPhysi	5	0	5	

	current, duration, frequency, waveforms & graphical representation					
	Fundamentals of High frequency currents	13	6	19		
	i. Electro Magnetic Induction:	3				3
	a) Production					
	b) Direction of induced EMF					
	c) Strength of induced EMF					
	d) Type – Self & Samp; Mutual induction					
	e) Inductive Reactance					
	f) Eddy currents					
	g) Principles and Laws –					
	Faraday's, Lenz's					
	h) Dynamo					
	ii. Apparatus for Modification of	2				_
	Currents:	2				2
	a) Interruption of current –					
	Switch & amp; Valve					
	b) C- R timing circuit					
	c) Multivibrator Circuit, Pulse Generator					
	d) Current supplied to patient –					
	Impulse type					
	iii. Magnetism:	2				1
	a) Nature and Types					
	b) Molecular theory of					
	Magnetism					
b	c) Property of Magnet					
S	d) Magnetic effect of electric current –					
	Electro Magnets					
	e) Meters for measuring A.C.					
	iv. Sound:	2			2	
	a. Wave motion in sound					
	b. Infrasonics					
	c. Normal hearing band					
	d. Characteristics of sound waves					
	and their velocities					
	e. Ultrasonics					
	f. Reflection, Refraction and					
	Attenuation of Sound waves					
	g. Interference of sound waves					

			6	10			
	a) Source – Cell and rectified AC				1		
	a, source cem and recemed re-				(Theory)		
	b) Rectification of AC				1 , 1		
	·				(Theory)		
ļ	c) Thermionic valves – Diode and				1 (7)		
ļ	Triode				(Theory)	1	
	d) Metal Rectifier					(Practical)	
ļ					1	(Fractical)	
ļ	e) Types of Rectification				(Theory)		
ļ	f) Transformers-Types & amp;				1		
ļ	Functions				(Theory)		
ļ					(meory)	1	
ļ	g) Smoothing circuit					(Practical)	
ļ						(	1
ļ	h) Semiconductor and its types						(Practical)
ļ						1	,
ļ	i) Diodes & amp; Transistors					(Practical)	
ļ	:) Chala asil					1	
	j) Choke coil					(Practical)	
	c. Electro Magnetic Spectrum	5			5		
ļ	i. Laws of transmission Reflection						
ļ	– Refraction –						
ļ	ii. Absorption – Attenuation						
ļ	iii. Electro Magnetic Radiation						
ļ							
ļ	iv. Laws Governing E.M.R.						
ļ	v. Laws of Reflection,						
	Refraction, Attenuation, Cosine						
	Law, Inverse Square Law,						
_	Absorption, Grothus Law						
С	d. Cellular Bio-physics	3				3	
ļ	i. Action potential,						
ļ	ii. Resting membrane potential						
ļ	iii. Transmission of impulses:						
	Saltatory conduction						
ļ	iv. Reception & amp; emission of						
	E.M.F. signals						
	e. Environmental currents	2		1			2
	Environmental currents & fields						
	risk factors on prolonged						
	exposure to E.M. field.						
2	ELECTRICAL MODALITIES -						
	Production, Physical principles,	25	40	65			
	Panel diagrams, Testing of						

	apparatus of the following:					
	a. S.W.D.	4	5		9	
	b. Ultrasound	3	5		8	
	c. U.V.R.	3	5		8	
	d. I.F.T.	3	5		8	
	e. I.R.	3	5		8	
	f. LASER (no panel diagram)	3	5		8	
	g. Diagnostic Electrical Muscle Stimulator,	3	5		8	
	h. T.E.N.S.	3	5		8	
	SUPERFICIAL THERMAL AGENTS	15	50	65		
3	Construction/Design of the Modalities, Scales of temperature, Specific heat & Design of energy transfer, Physiological effects, Therapeutic effects/ Uses, Merits/demerits, Indications/ contra-indications, Skills of application:					
	a. Home remedies	2	8		10	
	b. Paraffin wax bath	3	9		12	
	c. whirl pool	2	8		10	
	d. contrast bath	3	9		12	
	e. Hydro-collator hot packs	3	8		11	
3	f. Cryotherapy	2	8		10	

### PRACTICAL

Practical demonstrations of:

Sr. No.	Topic
1.	Various ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS like Diodes & Triodes, Rheostat, Capacitor, Potentiometer, Switches, Plugs and Pulse generator
2	The technique of testing of mains supply
3	The techniques of testing the following ALONG WITH PANEL DIAGRAM:
	i. Low Frequency currents - Diagnostic Muscle stimulator, Transcutaneous NerveStimulation
	ii. Medium Frequency currents -I.F.T.
	iii. High Frequency currents - Short Wave Diathermy, Ultrasound
	iv. I.R. (no panel diagram)
	v. U.V.R. (no paneldiagram)
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4	The skill of application of THERMAL AGENTS (on models):
	i. Hotpacks
	ii. P.W.B.
	iii. Whirlpool
	iv. Contrast bath
	v. Cryotherapy

### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1 Claytons Electro therapy 3rd & 10thedition
- 2 Electro therapy explained Low &Reed
- 3. Electro Therapy –Kahn
- 4. ElectrotherapyEvidenceBasedPractice-SheilaKitchen11<sup>th</sup>edition
- 5. Electrotherapy by SubhashKhatri

### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK

- 1 ClinicalElectrotherapy--Nelson&Currier
- 2 Electrotherapy byJagmohan.

### **SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION**

* The question paper	Theory  * The question paper will give appropriate weight age to all the topics in the syllabus.					
Section A	Question 1 MCQ (1×20)	20				
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×10)	20				
	Question 3 SAQ (any 4 out of 5) (5×4)	20				
Section C	Question 4 LAQ (any 2 out of 3) (10×2)	20				
	Internal Assessment	20				
	Total	100				

MCQs: 20	BAQs: 20	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1 Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 80 marks each (Theory & Practical)
  TOTAL 160marks
- 2 Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20marks.
- 3. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern.

### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCEI B.P.Th.

	TI	neory		Practical		
Subjects	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total
Anatomy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Physiology	80	20	100	80	20	100
Biochemistry	40	10	50	-	-	-
Fundamentals of Kinesiology & Kinesiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Fundamentals of Electro Therapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Total	360	90	450	320	80	400

### STANDARD OF PASSING

#### B.P.Th

- 1. A Candidate must have minimum of 75 % attendance in theory and 80 % attendanceinpractical (irrespective of the kind of absence) of each course (subject) forappearing in the University examination.
- 2. For the subjects with practical, there will bethree heads of passing i.e. Theory, Practical, and Internal Assessment. For the subjects without practical there will be two heads of Passing i.e. Theory and Internal Assessment.
- **3.** The candidate should secure minimum 50% marks in each of the theory and practical papers separately. The candidate will be held eligible to appear in the University examination only when he/she secureminimum 35% marks in Internal Assessment.
- **4.** A Candidate should secure at least 50% marks in college exams in subject where there is no University exam.
- **5.** If the candidate fails either in Theory or in Practical Examination of a subject he/she will have to reappear for both theory and practical /clinical examination.
- **6. Grace Marks** -If a candidate fails by five or less marks in aggregate of all subjects in the University examination; grace marks up to five will be given to the candidate by the University before the declaration of result.
- 7. Supplementary Examination-If a candidate fails in any number of course (subject)in the University examinationhe/shecan appear for those subjects onlyin Supplementary Examination, whichwill be held within 3 to 6weeks from the date of declaration of the results of the University examination for every professional year, so that the candidates, who pass, can join the main batch for progression. Candidatewill be required to appear in the supplementary examination in that subject/ subjects while attending classes of next year. If the candidate fails in three or more subjects in supplementary examination, his/her session will be shifted by one year. If the candidate passes in all subjects or gets ATKT(for those who fail in two or less subjects)in Supplementary Examinationthen he/she is eligible to continue with the next

academic year.

- **8.** The candidate should have passed all subjects of previous years before appearing to 4<sup>th</sup> Year B.P.Th. University Examination.
- 9. First class with Distinction -75% and above marks in any subject or overall aggregate. First class 60% to 74.99% and above in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Second Class 55% to 59.99% or 55% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Pass class 50% to 54.99% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects.
- 10. Themaximumperiodtocompletethe B.P.Th. successfullyshouldnotexceednineyears.
- 11. Internship: There shall be compulsory six months rotatory structured Internship afterpassing finalB.P.Th. examination. Internship should be done in teaching hospital/hospitalsof the university. No candidateshallbeawardeddegreecertificatewithoutsuccessfullycompletingsixmonths internship.
- **12. ResearchProjectwork:** Each Internhavetotakeupa short research projectwork duringinternshipperiod. The protocol approval shall be obtained bytheeach internin the final year of B.P.Th. however the ethical approval should be obtained latest by the second month of internship program. Data shall be collected in the next three months after the approval by the ethics committee. Completed project shall be submitted by the end of 6<sup>th</sup>month.
- **13. Structure of the Research Project:** The written text of the project shall beofminimum50pages excluding references, tables, and questionnairesandotherannexure. It should be neatly typed in double line spacing on one side of paper (A4 size, 8.27" x 11.69") Times new Roman, 12 fontand hard bound properly. The intern shall provide plagiarism declaration in his/her project. The guide and head of the institution shall certify the written text of the project. Three copies of project work thus preparedshallbesubmittedtothePrincipal. The completion certificate of internshipwillbeissuedonlyafter completing the research project.
- **14.** The degree will be awarded after the satisfactory completion of internship and submission of project work, in ensuing convocation to be conducted by the University.



## D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

Declared Ested U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956 Accredited by NAAC with 'A++' Grade



## D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

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BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (B.P.TH)



### D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY, KOLHAPUR (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

### D. Y. Patil College of Physiotherapy Syllabus for II - Bachelor of Physiotherapy

### **VISION**

- To be an excellence in training physiotherapy students
- To train future leaders for education, research and practice in physiotherapy using advance techniques
- To promote sustainable development by using various skills and techniques in certain conditions by assuring best teaching and educational centre.
- To seek a leadership role in institutional and community research through developing innovative, multidisciplinary collabarative approaches.

### **MISSION**

- The mission of course is to impart indepth knowledge in various specialities with regards to scope and up-liGment in our profession.
- To advance basic knowledge of physiotherapy by understanding how it works in various diseases, disorders and dysfunction.
- To develop holistic approach in society for success in life.

### II-BACHELOROFPHYSIOTHERAPY

Progra m Code	Exa m Cod e	Course Name	Subject Name	Sub/Cou rse Code
16	1601	Ist B.P.Th.	Human Anatomy	16010 1
			Human Physiology	16010 2
			Biochemistry	16010 3
			Fundamentals of Kinesiology & Kinesiotherapy	16010 4
			Fundamentals of Electrotherapy	16010 5
	1602	IInd B.P.Th.	Pathology & Microbiology	16020 1
			Pharmacology	16020 2
			Psychiatry & Psychology	16020 3
			Kinesiology	16020 4
			Kinesiotherapy	16020 5
			Electrotherapy	16020 6
	1603	IIIrd B.P.Th.	Surgery I	16030 1
			Surgery II	16030 2
			Medicine I	16030 3
			Medicine II	16030 4
			Community Health & Sociology	16030 5

		Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills	16030 6
1604	IVth B.P.Th.	Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy	16040 1
		Neuro Physiotherapy	46040 2
		Cardio-Vascular & Respiratory Physiotherapy	16040 3
		Community Physiotherapy	16040 4

### **PROGRAM OUTCOME:**

- **PO1**: Ability to acquire knowledge about normal- abnormal basic medical and human movement sciences, understand relevant investigations, role of drugs related to various medical conditions, surgical treatment and application of physiotherapy interventions.
- **PO2**: To gain knowledge about planning and problem solving abilities to delineate the cognitive, affective and psychomotor skills to perform as a competent physiotherapist who will be able to evaluate, plan and effectively perform the physiotherapeutic skills.
- **PO3**: Demonstrate the ability to acquire good listening potential with effective interpersonal and intra personal communication skills.
- **PO4**: Extend the acquired knowledge to conduct research activities and publications that contribute to the upliGment in field of physiotherapy and betterment of society.
- **PO5**: Understand moral value, professional ethics and accountability towards patient and colleagues, develop good behaviors skills with confidentiality and humanitarian approach maintaining the respect and privacy of patient.
- **PO6**: Develop leadership skills, time management, logical reasoning, values required for self directed and lifelong learning, soG skills for professional development and execute their professional role in society as a physiotherapist at various academic institutions, Hospital/Clinics, Organizations, Research laboratories and Rehabilitation centers.
- **PO7**: Understanding about society's needs in terms of health and wellness, to improve multicultural competency among professional and general public, promoting social policies that affect the demands of patients in terms of function, health and wellness, develop a character with good moral values, human values, good social behavior, gratitude, honesty, ethics, safety, hygiene, responsibility, confidence, tolerance and critical thinking.
- **PO8**: Able to contribute in sustainable development to achieve the national sustainable development goal, further the relationship between the environment, human health and functioning and physiotherapy are considered and respected to mutually benefit patient's health. Ensure healthy life's and promote wellbeing for all at all ages.
- **PO9**: Demonstrate ability to acquire new knowledge skill and reflect upon their experience to enhance personal, professional growth and apply the information for patient care.

### PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY

- **CO1:** Describe the concept of cell injury & change produced by different tissues, organs & capacity of the body in healing process and Understand in brief, about the common hematological disorders &investigations necessary to diagnose them.
- **CO2:** Acquire the knowledge of common immunological circulatory disorders vitamin deficiency & their resultant effects on the human body and develop an understanding of neoplastic change in the body in appreciate need for early diagnostic their management of neoplasia.
- CO3: Recall the Etiology, pathogenesis, the pathological effects & the clinic-pathological correlation of common infections, non-infectious diseases & genital diseases. Understand correlate normal & alternate morphology of different organ system in different diseases needed for understanding disease process their clinical significance.
- CO4: Knowledge about scope & the subject with classification of various Micro-organisms, demonstrate knowledge about laboratory diagnosis of the different micro-organisms causing infections epidemiology & prevention of the disease, prophylaxis and best methods to prevent the development of infections in sets and patients (Universal safety precautions).
- **CO5:** Knowledge about immunity its types, structure and function various antigen antibody reactions with its application and demonstrate the knowledge of etio-pathogenesis of different micro-organisms (bacteria, viruses, fungi and parasites).
- **CO6:** Knowledge of prevalent communicable diseases and the agents responsible for causing clinical infections pertaining to CNS, CVS musculoskeletal, respiratory, genitourinary, wound infections and of newer emerging pathogens.

### PSYCHIATRY (INCLUDING PSYCHOLOGY)

- **CO1**: Understand the increasing awareness of psycho-social by individual with it significance of various points the continuum of health & disability.
- **CO2**: Understand the term psychology with it importance in the health delivery system knowledge of psychological maturation during human dire & growth with alteratims during aging procen.

- CO3: Interpret theories of learning and its role in human life with the importance of psychological status in health & disease inrinonmental & emotimal on the mind & personality.
- **CO4**: Evaluate psychiatric history a mental status Exmination of Schizophrehia, Ansich, personality somatoform ,chilahood& Organic brain disorder, mood & eating disorders, with genetic psychology.
- **CO5**: Knowledge about management of various psychiatric disorders with the help of ECT, pharmacotherapy gro therapy psycho therapy, cognitive behavirral therapy & rational emotive therapy.

### **PHARMACOLOGY**

- **CO1**: Describe the Pharmacokinetics & Pharmaco dynamics, indication & contra -indication interactions & adverse reactions, precautions, formulation & route of drug administration of various drug.
- CO2: Demonstrate knowledge about various drugs acting on CNS autonomic nervous system CVS, respiratory system, endocrine system, GIT tract.
- **CO3**: Demonstrate knowledge about various haematinius & dermatological drugs.

### KINESIOLOGY

- **CO1**: Understands the principles of Biomechanics.
- CO2: Acquire the knowledge of kinetics & kinematics of Spine, Extremities, Thoracic Cage.
- **CO3**: Acquire the knowledge of musculoskeletal movements during normal gait & activities of daily living.

### **KINESIOTHERAPY**

- **CO1**: Understand the Biophysical properties of connective & non connective tissue & mechanical loading, & factors with which influence the muscle strength & mobility of articular & particular soGtissue.
- **CO2**: Apply the biomechanical principles for the efficacy in the assessment methods & Acquire the skills of subjective & objective methods of muscle strengthening, joint mobility, muscle stretching, muscle testing.

- **CO3**: Describe the physiological effects, therapeutic uses of Hydrotherapy & Demonstrate various therapeutic exercises on self & acquire the skill of application on models with home program.
- CO4: Analyze the correct & faculty posture & all views of posture and acquire the knowledge of postural mechanism & factors affecting on posture, motor control, postural control & balance.
- **CO5**: Demonstrate & acquire the skills of functional reeducation techniques on models & also skills of balance & co-ordination exercise.
- CO6: Acquire the skill of using various walking aids for training of gait.
- **CO7**: Acquire the knowledge & skills of demonstrating breathing exercise postural drainage techniques.

### **ELECTROTHERAPY**

- **CO1**: Acquire the knowledge of pain Physiology; pain Pathways methods of pain modulation & appropriate modality for pain modulation.
- CO2: Describe the physiological effects, therapeutic uses, indications & contraindications of various low / medium & High frequency currents also with appropriate acquire the skills of application of these currents on mode models, for the purpose of assessment & treatment.
- **CO3**: Describe the physiological effects & therapeutic uses of various therapeutic ions & topical pharmaco therapeutic agents to be used for application of into phoresis & sonophono phoresis.
- **CO4**: Describe the physiological effects, therapeutic uses, indication & contraindication of action therapy IRR, UVR, caser & acquire an ability to select the appropriate mode as per the tissue specific & area specific application.
- **CO5**: Acquire the knowledge of types of wound & skills of application of therapeutic arrents us. U.V.R & Laser.

# II B.P.Th. SYLLABUS Transcript Hours- 1400

Sr. No.	Subject	Theor y Hour s	Practica  l / Clinic al Hours	Total Hours
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE			
1	Professional practice & Ethics (College Examination in final year )	005	010	015
	MEDICAL SCIENCES			
1	Pathology	050	-	050
2	Microbiology	031	004	035
3	Pharmacology	050	-	050
4	Psychiatry (Including Psychology)	030	020	050
	PHYSIOTHERAPY			
1	Kinesiology	080	-	080
2	Kinesiotherapy	080	160	240
3	Electrotherapy	100	200	300
4	Seminar (including introduction to <b>terms</b> of I.C.F. definition of terms Activity Limitation and Participation Restriction) ( <i>not for examination</i> )		090	090
5	Supervised clinical practice  (To practice clinical skills under the supervision, at the O.P.D./ I.P.D. set up)  Clinical assignments should include Observation, Clinical History taking & technical assistance tothe clinicians  Therapeutic Gymnasium  Fundamentals of Exercise therapy&  ElectroTherapy  To maintain a Register / Log book-in which the prescribed Case Histories & written assignments are documented & to obtain the signature from the respective section In-charge at the end of the assignment.		490	490

### PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND ETHICS

(COLLEGE EXAMINATION IN FINAL YEAR)

Total -15 HRS

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This subject would be taught in continuum from first year to final year. An exam in theory would be conducted only in final year. Professional and ethical practice curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviors required of the physiotherapist in a range of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, ethics administration issues

and accountability of the physical therapists. The course will also cover the history and change in the profession, responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies, professional communication.

### **OBJECTIVES:**

### At the end of the course the candidate will be compliant in following domains: Cognitive:

- a Be able to understand the moral values and meaning of ethics
- b. Will acquire bedside manners and communication skills in relation with patients, peers, seniors and other professionals.

### **Psychomotor:**

- Be able to develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapist-patient relationship.
- Skill to evaluate and make decision for plan of management based on socio cultutural values and referral practice.

### **Affective:**

- Be able to develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society at large and co-professionals.
- Be able to develop bed side behavior, respect & maintain patients' confidentiality.

### **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Supervisio n Hours	Total Hours
1.	Ethical code of conduct	03		
2.	Communication skills		1.0	1.5
	<ul> <li>a Physiotherapist –Patient Relationship</li> <li>b Interviewing -Types of interview, Skills of interviewing</li> </ul>	01 01	10	15
	TOTAL	05	10	15

## PATHOLOGY [DIDACTIC -50 HRS]

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

Students will develop an understanding of pathology underlying clinical disease states involving the major organ systems and epidemiological issues. Students will learn to recognize pathology signs and symptoms considered red flags for serious disease. Students will use problem-solving skills and information about pathology to decide when referrals to another health care provider or alternative interventions are indicated. Students will develop the ability to disseminate pertinent information and findings, and ascertain the appropriate steps to follow.

The course more deals with structural impairments as an important part in ICF Classification.

Sr. No.	Topic s	Didactic Hours
1	GENERAL PATHOLOGY	04
2	INFLAMMATION & REPAIR	06
3	IMMUNO -PATHOLOGY	04
4	CIRCULATORY DISTURBANCES	05
5	PATHOLOGIC CHANGES IN VITAMIN DEFICIENCIES	01
6	GROWTH DISTURBANCES	04
7	MEDICAL GENETICS	01
8	SPECIFIC PATHOLOGY	11
9	MUSCULAR DISORDERS	02
10	NEURO-MUSCULAR JUNCTION	01
11	BONE & JOINTS	05
12	G.I. SYSTEM	01
13	ENDOCRINE	02
14	HEPATIC DISEASES	01
15	CLINICAL PATHOLOGY	03
	TOT AL	50

### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate:

### **COGNITIVE:**

- 1 Will have sound knowledge of concepts of cell injury & changes produced by different tissues, organs and capacity of the body in healing process.
- 2 Acquire the knowledge of general concepts of neoplasia with reference to the Etiology,
- 3. gross & microscopic features, & diagnosis, in different tissues, & organs of the body.
- 4. Acquire knowledge of common immunological disorders & their resultant effects on the human body.

### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- Recall the Etiology—pathogenesis, the pathological effects & the clinico—pathological correlation of common infections & non-infectious diseases.
- Understand in brief, about the common Haematological disorders &investigations necessary to diagnose them.
- Correlate normal & altered morphology of different organ systems in different diseases needed for understanding disease process & their clinical significance

Sr. No	Top ics	Didactic Hours (50)	Must Know	Desira ble to Know	Nice to Know
1	GENERAL PATHOLOGY	4			
	Cell injury-Causes, Mechanism &Toxic injuries with special reference to Physical including ionizing radiation, Chemical &Biological	01	01		
	Reversible injury (degeneration)- types- morphology-cloudy swelling, hyaline, fatty changes	01	01		
	Intra-cellular Accumulation- Mucin, Protein				
	Irreversible cell injury-types of necrosis-Apoptosi –Calcification- Dystrophic & Metastasis	01			01
	e Extra-cellular accumulation- Amyloidosis	01	01		01
2	INFLAMMATION & REPAIR	6			
	Acute inflammation – features, causes, vascular & cellular events	01	01		
	h Morphologic variations-Ulcers	01	01		
	Inflammatory cells & Mediators	01	01		
	d Chronic inflammation: Causes, Types, Non-specific & Granulomatous – with examples	01	01		
	Wound healing by primary & secondary union, factors promoting & delaying healing process	01	01		
	Healing at various sites- bone, nerve &muscle	01	01		
	Regeneration & Repair	01			

3	IMMUNO -PATHOLOGY	4			
	a Immune system: organization-cells-antibodies- regulation of immune responses	01			01
	h Hyper-sensitivity (types and examples including graGrejection)	01			01
	Secondary Immuno-deficiency including H.I.V.	01		01	
	d Basic concepts of autoimmune disease(emphasis on S.L.E. &R.A.)	01		01	
4	CIRCULATORY DISTURBANCES	5			
	a. Oedema - pathogenesis - types – trans udates/ exudates	01	01		
	b. Chronic venous congestion- lung, liver	01			01
	c. Thrombosis – formation – fate –effects				
	d. Embolism – types- clinical effects	01	01		
	e. Infarction – types – common sites	01	01		
	f. Gangrene – types –etiopathogenesis	01 01			
	g. Shock – Pathogenesis, types	01	01		
5	PATHOLOGIC CHANGES IN VITAMIN DEFICIENCIES	1		01	
6	GROWTH DISTURBANCES	4			
	a. Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hypoplasia, Metaplasia, Agenesis, Dysplasia	01	01		
	b. Neoplasia classification, Histogenesis, Biologic behaviors, difference between Benign & Malignant tumour	01		01	
	c. Malignant neoplasms- grades-stages-local & distal spread				
	d. Carcinogenesis: Physical, Chemical, Occupational, Heredity, Viral, Nutritional	01			01
	e. Precancerous lesions & Carcinoma insitu				
	f. Tumour & host interactions—local and systemic effects-metastatic (special reference to bones and C.N.S.)	01			01

7	MEDICAL GENETICS (in brief): a. Classifications with examples of Genetic disorders	1			01
8	SPECIFIC PATHOLOGY	11			
	a. Cardio Vascular System (C.V.S)  Atherosclerosis - Ischemic Heart Diseases—Myocardial Infarction— Pathogenesis /Pathology	01	01		
	ii Hypertension				
	ii. C.C.F.				
	iv. Rheumatic Heart Diseases	01			01
	v. Peripheral Vascular Diseases				
	b. Respiratory	05			
	i C.O.P.D.	01	0.1		
	i Pneumonia (lobar, bronchial, viral), Lung Abscess	01	01		
	i T.B.: Primary, Secondary – morpho logic types	01	0.1		
	i Pleuritis & its complications	01	01		
	ν Lung collapse –At electasis				01
	Occupational Lung diseases (with special emphasis on Silicosis,     Asbestosis, Anthracosis)	01			
	i A.R.D.S.	01	01		
	i Covid – 19 Etiology, signs & symptoms, causes & pathophysiology	01	01		
	c. Neuropathology:	04			
	Reaction of nervous tissue to injury, infection & ischemia	0.1	0.1		
	i Meningitis: Pyogenic, T.B.M., Viral	01	01		
	i Cerebro-Vascular Diseases—Atherosclerosis—Thrombosis, Embolism, Aneurysm, Hypoxia, Infarction & Hemorrhage, Hydrocephalous, Increased Intracranial Pressure	01	01		
	iv. Leprosy	01		01	
	v. Parkinsonism	01	01		

9	MUSCULAR DISORDERS  a. Classification of Muscular disorders with emphasis on Muscular Dystrophies	02		02	
10	NEURO-MUSCULAR JUNCTION	1			
	<ul><li>a. Myastheniagravis</li><li>b. Myasthenicsyndrome</li></ul>	01	01		
11	BONE & JOINTS	5			
	a Osteomyelitis – Rickets – Osteomalacia– Osteoporosis	01	01		
	h Arthritis- degenerative (Osteoarthritis, Calcaneal spur, Periarthritis, Spondylosis) - inflammatory (R.A., Ankylosing Spondylitis, Gout)	02	02		
	c Miscellaneous-P.I.V.D., Haemarthosis	01			01
	d Infective T.B.	01			01
12	G.I. SYSTEM	1			
	a. Gastric / Duodenal ulcer, Enteric fever, T.B., Enteritis, Gastritis (related to consumption of NSAID)	01			01
13	ENDOCRINE	02			
	a. Hypo and Hyperthyroidism	01		01	
	b. Diabetes Mellitus – type I and II	01	01		
14	HEPATIC DISEASES  a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal hypertension	01		01	
15	CLINICAL PATHOLOGY	03			
	Anemia & Platelets disorders – (deficiency) – T.C./D.C./Eosinophilia Anaemia	01		01	
	b Muscle / Skin / Nerve biopsy	01		01	
	Microscopic appearance of muscle necrosis – fatty infiltration	01		01	

# RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1 Text book of Pathology –Harsh Mohan
- 2 Basic Pathology-Robbins

# RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 Pathologic basis of disease Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
- 2 General Pathology –Bhende

SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION - ALONG WITH MICROBIOLOGY SUBJECT

#### **MICROBIOLOGY**

(Didactic-31hrs + Demonstration - 4hrs) **TOTAL 35 HRS** 

# COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Students will develop an understanding of pathology underlying clinical disease states and involving the major organ systems and epidemiological issues. Epidemiological issues will be presented and discussed. Students will learn to recognize pathology signs and symptoms considered red flags for serious disease. Students will use problem-solving skills and information about pathology to decide when referral to another health care provider or alternative intervention is indicated. Students will develop the ability to disseminate pertinent information and findings, and ascertain the appropriate steps to follow.

Sr. No.	Topic s	Didactic Hours	Demonstration Hours	Total Hours
1	GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY	4	1	5
2	LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS OF INFECTION	2	1	3
3	IMMUNOLOGY	5		5
4	SYSTEMIC BACTERIOLOGY	7		7
5	MYCOLOGY	2	1	3
6	VIROLOGY	5		5
7	PARASITOLOGY	3	1	4
8	APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY	3		3
	TOTAL	31	4	35

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will

- Have sound knowledge of prevalent communicable diseases and the agents responsible for causing clinical infections, pertaining to C.N.S, C.V.S, Musculoskeletal system, Respiratory system, Genitourinary system, wound infections and of newer emerging pathogens
- Know the importance and practices of best methods to prevent the development of infections in self and patients (universal safety precautions)

Sr. No.	Topic s	Didactic Hours	Practica l/ Lab Hours	Total Hours	Must Kno w	Desir able to Kno w	Nice to Kno w
1	General Microbiology	4	1	5			
	a. Introduction &scope	01			01		
	b. Classification of Micro-organisms and Bacterial Anatomy (cell wall, capsule, spore, flagella and types as per their shape and arrangement)		01		01		
	c. Sterilization	0.1				01	
	d. Disinfection	01				01	
	e. Demonstration for General Microbiology	01			01		
2	LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS OF INFECTION	2		2			
	a. Culture media and identification of bacteria	01					01
	b. Demonstration of Gram staining, ZN staining and culture media	01					01
3	IMMUNOLOGY	4		4			
	a. Innate immunity & acquired immunity	01			01		
	b. Define Antigen, Antibody and Antigen - antibody reaction & application for diagnosis	01			01		
	c. Hyper –sensitivity	01					01
	d. Auto-immunity	01					01
4	SYSTEMIC BACTERIOLOGY	7		7			
	a. Infection caused by gram +ve cocci Staphylococcus, Streptococcus and Pneumococcus	01			01		
	b. Infection caused by gram – vecocci Gonococci and Meningococci	01			01		
	c. Clostridium	01			01		
	d. Enterobacteriaceae (E. coli, klebsiella) and Pseudomonas	01				01	
	e. Salmonella and Vibrio	01				01	
	<ul><li>f. Mycobacterial infection:</li><li>i. Tuberculosis-Leprosy</li><li>ii. A typical Mycobacterium</li></ul>	01			01		
	g. Syphilis and Leptospirosis- Morphology & pathogenesis	01			01		
5	MYCOLOGY	2	1	3			
	a Introduction and Superficial mycosis  18 SVI ABUS Batcholor of Physiotherapy - Second >	01				01	

18 SYLLABUS Batchelor of Physiotherapy - Second Year

	b. Mycetoma and opportunistic fungal infection	01			01		
	c Mycology and Virology demonstration		01		01		
6	VIROLOGY	8		8			
	a Introduction & general properties,	01			01		
	b. DNA virus	01			01		
	Measles, Mumps, Rubella, polio and congenital viral infections	01			01		
	d. Dengue, chicken gunia	01			01		
	e. Herpes	01			01		
	f. Hepatitis and Rabies	01			01		
	g. H.I.V.	01			01		
	<ul> <li>Morphology, Pathogenesis, clinical features &amp; lab diagnosis of Covid – 19 Envoi mental factors influencing spread of SARS – COV-2, Prophylaxis &amp; precautions to prevent the spread of SARS-COV-2</li> </ul>	01			01		
7	PARASITOLOGY	3	1	4			
	a Introduction- Entamoebahistolytica	01				01	
	b. Malaria,Filaria	01			01		
	c. Toxoplasma – Cystisarcosis & Echinococcus	01	1		02		
8	APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY	2		2			
	Hospital acquired infections, Universal safety precautions and Waste disposal	01			01		
	b. Diseases involving Bones, Joints-Nerves-Muscles-Skin- Brain- Cardiopulmonary system, Burn and woundinfections	01			01		

# RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1 Concise Textbook of Microbiology Ananth narayan
- 2 Concise Textbook of Microbiology C.P. Baweja
- 3. Textbook of Microbiology Nagoba

# RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK

1. Text books of Microbiology – R. Ananthnarayan & C.K. Jayram Panikar

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

THEORY			Marks	
Pathology-50 marks + Microbiology-30 marks 80 marks + I.A.:20 marks				
Section A- Q.1	MCQs PATHOLOGY	[1 x 10]	10	
	MICROBIOLOGY	[1 x10]	10	
Section B- Q.2	Short Answer Question (Any four out of five) PATHOLOGY	[4x5]	20	
Q.3	Brief Answer Question MICROBIOLOGY & PATHOLOGY (5 Each)	[10 x 2]	20	
Section C- Q.4	Long Answer Question:- PATHOLOGY (Any one out of two)	[1x10]	10	
	MICROBIOLOGY (Compulsory)	[1x10]	10	
	Total Marks		80	

#### **PATHOLOGY:**

MCQs: 10	BAQ	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 10
MK – 08 DK – 02	MK – 03 DK – 01	MK – 03 DK – 01	MK – 02 DK – 00
NK – 00	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

#### MICROBIOLOGY:

MCQs: 10	BAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 01
DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

# **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1 Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks
- Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20marks
- Internal assessment as per University pattern

### **PHARMACOLOGY**

#### [DIDACTIC – 50 hrs]

# COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course covers the basic knowledge of Pharmacology including administration, physiologic response and adverse effects of drugs under normal and pathologic conditions. Topics focus on the influence of drugs in rehabilitation patient/client management. Drugs used in iontophoresis and phonoporesis will be discussed in detail.

Sr. No.	Topic s	Didactic Hours
1	GENERAL PHARMACOLOGY	04
2	DRUGS ACTING ON C.N.S	11
3	DRUGS ACTING ON AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM	07
4	DRUGS ACTING ON C.V.S.	07
5	DRUGS ACTING ON RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	03
6	CHEMOTHERAPY	03
7	OTHER CHEMO THERAPEUTIC DRUGS	03
8	ENDOCRINE	08
9	DRUGS IN G.I. TRACT	02
10	HEAMATINICS	01
11	DERMATOLOGICAL DRUGS	01
	TOT	50
	$\mathbf{AL}$	

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

#### **COGNITIVE:**

- Describe Pharmacological effects of commonly used drugs by patients referred for Physiotherapy; list their adverse reactions, precautions, contraindications, formulation & route of administration.
- b Identify whether the pharmacological effect of the drug interferes with the Therapeutic response of Physiotherapy & vice versa
- Indicate the use of analgesics & anti-inflammatory agents with movement disorders with consideration of cost, efficiency, & safety for individual needs

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

Get the awareness of other essential & commonly used drugs by patients- The bases for their use & common as well as serious adverse reactions.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hrs (50)	Must Know	Desirable to Know	Nice to Know
1	GENERAL PHARMACOLOGY	4			
	i Pharmacokinetics	01		01	
	i. Routes of administration	01	01		
	ii. Adverse drug reaction and reporting	01		01	
	iv. Factors modifying drug effect	01	01		
2	DRUGS ACTING ON C.N.S.	11			
	i. Introduction	01		01	
	i. Alcohols + Sedatives & Hypnotics	02		02	
	ii. Anti-convulsants	01	01		
	iv. Drug therapy in Parkinsonism	02	02		
	Analgesics & antipyretics –especially Gout &R.A.	03	03		
	vi. Psycho Therapeutics	01	01		
	vii. Local anaesthetics, counterirritants	01	01		
3	DRUGS ACTING ON AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM	7			
	i. Adrenergic	02	02		
	ii. Cholinergic	02	02		
	iii. Skeletal muscle relaxants	03	03		
4	DRUGS ACTING ON C.V.S.	7			
	i Anti-hypertensives	02	02		
	Antianginal, Antiplatelets, Myocardial Infarction	02	02		
	ii. C.C.F.	01		01	
	iv. Shock	01		01	
	v. Coagulants and Anticoagulants	01	01		

5	DRUGS ACTING ON RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	3			
	i. Cough	01	01		
	ii. Bronchial asthma	01	01		
	iii. C.O.P.D.	01	01		
6	CHEMOTHERAPY	3			
	i. General principles	01	01		
	ii. AntiTuberculosis	01	01		
	iii. Anti–Leprosy	01	01		
7	OTHER CHEMO THERAPEUTIC DRUGS	3			
	Drugs used in Urinary Tract Infection	0.1			0.1
	i Tetra /cholera	01			01
	i Penicillin	0.1			0.1
	й Cephalosporin	01			01
	v. Aminoglycocides	0.1			0.1
	vi Macrolides	01			01
8	ENDOCRINE	8			
	i Insulin and oral Antidiabetic drugs	02	02		
	i Steroids-Anabolic steroids	02	02		
	i Drugs for osteoporosis, Vitamin D, Calcium, Phosphorus	02	02		
	i Thyroid & Antithyroid	01		01	
	v Estrogen + Progesterone	01	01		
9	DRUGS IN G.I. TRACT	2			
	i Peptic ulcer	01		01	
	i Diarrhoea, Constipation & Antiemetics	01		01	
10	HEAMATINICS i. Vitamin B, Iron	1		01	
11	DERMATOLOGICAL DRUGS  i. Scabies, Psoriasis, Local antifungal	1			01

# RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Pharmacology for Physiotherapy—PadmajaUdaykumar
- 2. Pharmacology for Physiotherapist –H. L. Sharma, K. K.Sharma
- 3. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology K. D.Tripathi
- 4. Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics Dr. R S Satoskar, Dr. Nirmala N.Rege, Dr. S. D. Bhandarkar

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

	Marks	
Section A	Question 1 MCQ (1×10)	10
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×5)	10
2000001	Question 3 SAQ (any 2 out of 3) (5×2)	10
Section C	Question 4 LAQ (any 1 out of 2) (10×1)	10
	Internal Assessment	10
	Total	50

MCQs: 10	BAQs: 10	SAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
Must Know (MK) – 05	MK – 02	MK – 02	MK – 02
Desirable to Know (DK)– 03	DK – 01	DK – 01	DK – 00
Nice to Know (NK) – 02	NK – 02	NK – 00	NK – 00

# INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

- 1 Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 40 marks each TOTAL 80marks
- Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks.
- Internal assessment as per University pattern.

#### PSYCHIATRY (INCLUDING PSYCHOLOGY)

[Didactic 30hrs + Clinical 20hrs]- **TOTAL 50HRS** 

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The course design increases awareness of psychosocial issues faced by individuals. Their significance at various points on the continuum of health and disability should be emphasised. The course discusses personal and professional attitudes and values as they relate to developing therapeutic relationships. It emphasizes on communication skills for effective interaction with patients, health-care professionals and others. It expects students to identify common psychiatric conditions.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
1	PSYCHOLOGY	10		10
2	PSYCHIATRY	20	20	40
	TOTAL	30	20	50

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

#### **COGNITIVE:**

- Define the term Psychology & its importance in the Health delivery system, & will gain knowledge of Psychological maturation during human development & growth & alterations during aging process.
- Understand the importance of psychological status of the person in health & disease; environmental & emotional influence on the mind &personality.
- Have the knowledge and skills required for good inter personal communication.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- a. Enumerate various Psychiatric disorders with special emphasis to movement / Pain & ADLs
- b. Acquire the knowledge in brief, about the pathological & etiological factors, signs/symptoms & management of various Psychiatric conditions.
- c. Understand the patient more empathetically.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Must Know	Desirable to Know	Nice to Know
	PSYCHOLOGY	10			
1.	a. Psychology: Definition, understanding, Nature &its fields and subfields	01	01		
	b. Developmental psychology (childhood, adolescence, adulthood and old age) and its theories in brief	02	02		
	c. Learning: Theories of learning, Role of learning in human life	02	02		
	c. Memory – types – Forgetting causes	02	02		
	d. Attention & perception Nature of attention [in brief] Nature of perception, Principles of grouping]	01		01	
	e. Motivation and theories: conflict and frustration—Types of Common Defence mechanisms, Stress -common reactions to frustrations	01	01		
	g. Caring for mental health during Covid – 19 pandemic	01			01
2.	PSYCHIATRY	20			
	a. Psychiatric History & Mental Status Examination	01	01		
	b. Classification of Mental disorders	01	01		
	c. Schizophrenia & its types	01	01		
	d. Other psychotic disorders (Psychotic disorder, Delusional disorder, Schizo- affective disorders, Post partum psychosis	01	01		
	e. Mood disorder	02	02		
	f. Organic brain disorders (delirium, dementia, Amnestic syndromes, Organic personality disorder,)	02		02	
	g. Anxiety disorders: Phobia, Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, Post Traumatic Disorders and Conversion disorder	02		02	
	h. Somatoform disorder, (Hypochondriasis, Dissociative disorder, Conversion disorder, & Pain disorder)	01		01	
	i. Somatization disorder	01		01	

j. Personality disorder	01		01	
k. Substance related disorder (alcohol)	01			01
<ol> <li>Disorders of infancy – childhood &amp;adolescence</li> <li>Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder,</li> <li>Mental Retardation</li> <li>Conduct disorder,</li> <li>Pervasive developmental disorder</li> <li>Enuresis</li> </ol>	02	02		
i Speech disorder				
m. Geriatric Psychiatry	01	01		
n. Eating disorder	01			01
o. Management: ECT, Pharmacotherapy, Group therapy, Psycho therapy, Cognitive Behavioral Therapy and Rational Emotive Therapy.	02			02

CLINICAL HOURS: 20hrs

### A History, Mental Status Examination & evaluation of :

- 1. Schizophrenia
- 2. Anxiety Disorder
- 3. Personality Disorder
- 4. Somatoform Disorder
- 5. Childhood Disorder (ADHD,MR)
- 6. Organic Brain Disorder (dementia)
- **B.** Seminar/ Workshop on Communication skills

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Morgan C.T. & King R.A. Introduction to Psychology recent edition [Tata McGraw-Hill publication]
- 2. Munn N.L. Introduction to Psychology [Premium Oxford, I.B.P. publishing Co.]
- 3. Clinical Psychology Akolkar
- 4. Developmental Psychology-Elizabeth B. Hurlock( 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata Mc-GrawHill)
- 5. A short book of Psychiatry 3 <sup>rd</sup> edn- Ahuja Jaypee bros medical publishers
- 6. Short Textbook of Psychiatry- 7<sup>th</sup> edition -M.S. Bhatia
- 7. Shah L. P. Handbook of Psychiatry

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

(PSYCHOLOGY	Marks			
Section A	Section A Question:- 1 MCQ (1×10) (05 on <b>PSYCHOLOGY</b> & 05 <b>PSYCHIATRY</b> )			
Section B	Question:- 2 BAQ (2×5) (Based on <b>PSYCHIATRY</b> )	10		
Section B	Question:- 3 SAQ (any 2 out of 3) (5×2) (based on <b>PSYCHOLOGY</b> )	10		
Section C Question: - 4 LAQ (any 1out of 2) (10×1) (based on <b>PSYCHIATRY</b> )		10		
	Internal Assessment	10		
	Total	50		

#### **PSYCHOLOGY:**

MCQs: 05	SAQs: 10
MK – 03	MK – 02
DK – 01	DK – 01
NK – 01	NK – 00

#### **PSYCHIATRY:**

MCQs: 05	BAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
MK – 03	MK – 03	MK – 02
DK – 02	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 00	NK – 01	NK – 00

# **CLINICAL EXAMINATION:** (College Examination only)

- 1 Case presentation will be taken at the end of preliminary examination
- 2 Case presentation: History taking: 20 marks + Communication skills: 20 marks **Total 40 marks**

#### **INTERNAL ASSESMENT:**

- 1 Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory only) of **40 marks each TOTAL 80 marks**
- 2 Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks (Theory only)
- 30 SYLLABUS Batchelor of Physiotherapy Second Year

3	Internal assessment as per University pattern.

#### **KINESIOLOGY**

#### **DIDACTIC-80 HRS**

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course is based on anatomical, physiological & related kinesiological principles for normal human movement. Students have the opportunity to develop and acquire understanding of kinesiological responses for the efficacy in various kinesiotherapeutic applications.

Sr. No	Topics	Didactic Hours
1.	INTRODUCTION TO BIOMECHANICS	15
2.	REGIONAL KINESIOLOGY	45
3.	KINETICS AND KINEMATICS OF GAIT & ADLs	20

# Objective – At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to –

- 1. Understand the principles of Biomechanics.
- 2. Acquire the knowledge of kinetics and kinematics of Spine, Extremities, Temporo-Mandibular joint, Thoracic cage.
- 3. Acquire the knowledge of Musculo skeletal movements during normal Gait and Activities of Daily Living.

Sr. No.	TOPICS	DIDACTIC HOURS (80)	Must Know	Desirable to Know	Nice to Know
1	INTRODUCTION TO BIOMECHANICS	15			
	a. Muscle Biomechanics	07	07		
	Elements of muscle structure – fiber, size, motor unit, length tension, arrangement & number relationship Classification of muscles Mobility and Stability of muscles				
	Types of muscle contraction and factors affecting muscle function				

	<ul> <li>b. Joint Biomechanics</li> <li>i. Basic principles of joint design</li> <li>ii. Classification of joints</li> <li>iii. Osteo kinematics &amp; Arthro kinematics</li> <li>iv. Concave Convex Rule</li> <li>v. Joint function, kinetics &amp; kinematics</li> </ul>	07	07		
2	REGIONAL KINESIOLOGY	45			
	a. Vertebral Column	10	10		
	b. Thorax	2	2		
	c. Shoulder Complex	5	5		
	d. Elbow joint	2	2		
	e. Wrist And Hand Complex	5	5		
	f. Hip Joint	7	7		
	g. Knee Complex	7	7		
	h. Ankle – Foot complex	5	5		
	i. Temporo- Mandibular Joint	2	2		
	KINETICS AND KINEMATICS OF GAIT & ADLs	20			
	a. GAIT	10			
	i. Human locomotion	02	02		
2	ii. Subjective & Objective evaluation	02	02		
3.	iii. Gait cycle & Measurable parameters (Step Length, Step Width, Stride Length, Foot Angle, Cadence)	02	02		
	iv. Kinetics and kinematics of gait	02	02		
	v. Determinants of gait	02	02		
4.	b. KINETICS AND KINEMATICS OFVARIOUS ACTIVITIES OF DAILYLIVING	10			
	Supine to Sitting, Sitting to Standing, Squatting, Climbing up	04		04	

& down			
i. Lifting, Pulling, Pushing, Overhead activities,	04	04	
ii. Running, Jogging.	02		02

#### RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- Joint Structure and Function Cynthia .C.Norkins
- 2 Clinical Kinesiology –Brunnstrom

#### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 Kinesiology of the Human Body-Steindler
- 2 Kinesiology of the Musculoskeletal system Neumann & Donald
- 3. Kinesiology The mechanics and Pathomechanics of Human motion Oatis &Carol
- 4. Biomechanical Basis of Human Motion Joseph and Hamill
- 5. Physiology of the Joints Kapandji Vol.- I,II,&III

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

* The question paper	Marks	
Section A	Question 1 MCQ (1×20)	20
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×10)	20
	Question 3 SAQ (any 4 out of 5) (5×4)	20
Section C	Question 4 LAQ (any 2 out of 3) (10×2)	20
	Internal Assessment	20
	Total	100

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

# INTERNAL ASSESSMENT - (THEORY)

- 1 Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 80 marks marks each TOTAL 160 marks
- 2 Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20marks.
- 3 Internal assessment as per University pattern.

#### **KINESIOTHERAPY**

Didactic-80 Hrs + Practical/ Laboratory-160 HRS [TOTAL - 240 HRS]

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course is based on anatomical and physiological & related kinesiological principles for normal human movement and for the efficacy in the assessment methods for mobility, muscle strength. Students have the opportunity to develop and acquire understanding of physiological responses to

various types of training and develop skills of exercise programs (on models). Exercise components of muscle strength, flexibility, balance, breathing and gait are examined. Evidence of appropriate, safe and effective exercise design and proper exercise biomechanics and prescription parameters are addressed with all interventions.

Sr.	ТОРІ	Didactic	Practical/	Total
No.	CS	Hours	Lab	Hours
			Hours	
1.	BIOPHYSICS	40	115	155
2.	POSTURE	05	05	10
3.	MOTOR & POSTURAL CONTROL AND	03	00	03
	BALANCE			
4.	FUNCTIONAL REEDUCATION	05	05	10
5.	NEUROMUSCULAR CO-ORDINATION	05	05	10
6.	GAIT &WALKING AIDS	10	15	25
7.	BRONCHIAL HYGIENE	12	15	27
	TOTAL	80	160	240

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

#### **COGNITIVE:**

Describe the Biophysical properties of connective tissue, & effect of mechanical loading, & factors which influence the muscle strength, & mobility of articular & periarticulars of tissues.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- Apply the biomechanical principles for the efficacy in the assessment methods for mobility, muscle strength
- 2 Acquire the skill of subjective and objective assessment of individual & group muscle strength
- 3 Acquire the skills of subjective and objective methods of muscle strengthening

- Describe the physiological effects, therapeutic uses, merits / demerits of various exercise modes including Hydrotherapy
- 5 Demonstrate various therapeutic exercises on self;& acquire the skill of application on models with Home Programs
- 6 Analyze normal Human Posture [static &dynamic].
- 7. Acquire the skill of functional re-education techniques on models
- 8 Acquire the skill of Balance and Coordination Exercises
- 9. Acquire the skill of using various walking aids for Gait Training
- 10 Acquire the skill of demonstrating breathing exercises and retraining on self and others
- 11 Acquire the skill of demonstrating Postural Drainage on models

Sr. No.	TOPI CS	Didacti c Hours	Laborato	l	Must Know	Desirabl e to Know	Nice to Know
1.	BIOPHYSICS	40	115	155			
	<ul><li>a. Biophysical Principles:</li><li>i. Structures &amp; Properties of connective and non connective tissues</li></ul>	02	-		02		
	<ul> <li>b. Stretching: <ol> <li>Definition</li> <li>Types</li> <li>Assessment of muscle length and fascia around the joint iv. Principles of stretching</li> <li>Techniques for all joints</li> <li>Individual muscle stretching</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	03	12		15		
	c. Joint Mobility: i. Definition ii. Causes of limitation iii. Indication and contraindications iv. Principles v. Techniques vi. Assessment methods vii. Individual joints mobility Exercises—Upper Limb, Lower Limb viii. Spine (Using active, assisted, passive movements)	10	17		27		
	d. Manual Muscle Testing and assessment (subjective & objective):	06	35				
	i. Principles	01			01		
	ii. Trick movements	01				01	
	iii. Group Muscle Testing	02	17				
	iv. Individual Muscle testing – Upper & Lower Limbs, Trunk &	02	18				

Face				
e. Muscle Strengthening: i. Concepts -Strength, Power, Endurance				
ii. Factors influencing the Strength of normal muscle/ hypertrophy, recruitment of motor units, change after the training, training with isometric, isotonic & Isokinetic muscle contraction iii. Principles: Overload, Intensity, Motivation, Learning, Duration, Frequency, Reversibility, Specificity, Determinants iv. Methods: Subjective & Objective v. Individual joint Strengthening Exercises Upper Limb, Lower Limb & Spine vi. Concepts- 1 RM, 10 RM & Dynamometry vii. Progressive Resisted Exercise - Delorme, Zinoveiff, Mc queen protocols viii. Use of gymnasium equipments	10	40	50	
f. Hydrotherapy: i. Physiological effects ii. Indication and Contraindications iii. Techniques	04	05	09	
g. Traction (Cervical & Lumbar):  i. Introduction  ii. Types( Mechanical /Electrical, Continuous/Intermittent)  iii. Indications and Contraindications  iv. Techniques  v. Effects and uses	03	06	09	
h. Home Program: i. Principles ii. Ergonomic advice for ADLs iii. Home based exercise program	02	-	02	

2.	POSTURE	5	5	10			
	a Definition b Human posture – Changes from quadruped to biped c Correct and faulty posture d Postural patterns and Postural Mechanism e Factors affecting posture f Physiological deviations g Analysis of all views	05	05		10		
3.	MOTOR CONTROL, POSTURAL CONTROL AND BALANCE	03	1	03		03	
	<ul> <li>a. Motor Control</li> <li>b. Postural Alignment &amp; Weight Distribution</li> <li>c. Sensory Organization</li> <li>d. C.N.S. Integration</li> <li>e. Motor Strategies</li> </ul>	03	1			03	
4.	FUNCTIONAL RE-EDUCATION	5	5	10			
	<ul> <li>a. Principles &amp;Indications</li> <li>b. Mat exercises- mobility, strength and balance training</li> <li>c. Progression to sitting, standing and walking</li> <li>d. Transfers</li> </ul>	05	05		10		
	NEUROMUSCULAR CO-ORDINATION AND BALANCE	5	5	10			
5.	<ul><li>a. Definition</li><li>b. Physiology related to coordination &amp;Balance</li></ul>	01				01	
	c Frenkel's exercise (Principles & Techniques)	02	03		05		
	d Balance training Exercises	02	02		04		
6.	GAIT &WALKING AIDS	10	15	25			
	<ul> <li>a. Gait</li> <li>i. Definition,</li> <li>ii. Gait cycle and measurable Parameters(Step Length, Step Width,</li> <li>Stride Length, Foot Angle, Cadence</li> </ul>	03	07	10	10		

	b. Walking Aids i. Types ii. Indications	3	7	10	10	
	<ul> <li>iii. Selection /Prescription</li> <li>iv. Pre 'Walking Aids'training</li> <li>v. Measurements</li> <li>vi. Gait with walking aids</li> </ul>				10	
7.	BRONCHIAL HYGIENE	12	15	27		
	<ul> <li>a. Humidification &amp; Nebulisation</li> <li>i. Definition</li> <li>ii. Types</li> <li>iii. Method of delivery</li> <li>iv. Indications and contraindications</li> </ul>	03	01	04	04	
	<ul> <li>b. Breathing Exercise—</li> <li>i Types—Inspiratory, Expiratory (including forced expiratory technique)</li> <li>ii Goals &amp;Uses</li> <li>iii Techniques</li> <li>iv. ACBT</li> <li>v. Autogenic drainage</li> </ul>	05	06	11	11	
	c. Postural Drainage:  i. Definition  ii. Indications & Contraindications  iii. Assessment & Principles  iv. Techniques	04	08	12	12	

**PRACTICAL:** Chapter No: 1(b, c, d & e) 2, 4, 5, 6 & 7

# RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1 Progressive Resisted Exercises Margaret Hollis,
- 2 Therapeutic Exercise foundation and techniques Carolyn Kisner
- 3. Muscle Testing Daniel Kendall
- 4. Principles of Exercise Therapy Dena Gardiner

# RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 Therapeutic Exercise Basmajian &Wolf.
- 2 Orthopedic Evaluation Magee
- Cash's Textbook for Physiotherapists in Chest, Heart & Vascular diseases
- 4 Therapeutic Exercise- Kisner and Colby
- 5 Physical Rehabilitation- O'Sullivan

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

* The question paper	Marks	
Section A	Question 1 MCQ (1×20)	20
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×10)	20
	Question 3 SAQ (any 4 out of 5) (5×4)	20
Section C	Question 4 LAQ (any 2 out of 3) (10×2)	20
	Internal Assessment	20
	Total	100

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	$\begin{array}{c} MK-03\\ DK-00\\ NK-00 \end{array}$
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	

PRACTICAL 80 MARKS + I.A	a. – 20 MARKS	Mark s
		100
LONG CASE	Muscle Strengthening / Mobility /Bronchial hygiene (On models)	35
SHORT CASE	Two Short cases on  M.M.T. /Coordination/Posture/Gait (Measurable parameters only as mentioned in chapter 6-a) / Walking aids/ Functional Reeducation/ Breathing Exercises / Stretching 2 x 20 = 40 marks	40
JOURNAL	Documentation- Principles & applications for various Kinesiotherapeutics.	5
	Total Marks	80

# **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1 Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks.
- 2 Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3 Internal assessment as per University pattern.

#### **ELECTROTHERAPY**

Didactic –100 hrs+ Practical / Laboratory –200 hrs [**TOTAL - 300 HRS**]

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course tends to explore fundamental skills in application of electrotherapeutic modalities and knowledge of indications, contraindications and physiological principles needed for appropriate patient care. It includes topics such as Electrical stimulation, T.E.N.S., Iontophoresis, Ultrasound / Phonophoresis, Diathermy and Electro diagnostic testing etc.

Sr. No.	Topic	Didacti c	Practic al	Total
1	PAIN	003	-	003
2	LOW FREQUENCY CURRENTS	037	085	122
3	MEDIUM FREQUENCY CURRENTS	008	022	030
4	BIO FEEDBACK	005	-	005
5	HIGH FREQUENCY CURRENTS	012	028	040
6	SOUND	010	025	035
7	ACTINOTHERAPY	015	025	040
8	ELECTROTHERAPY: WOUND CARE	010	015	025
	TOT AL	100	200	300

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

#### **COGNITIVE:**

- Acquire the knowledge about the physiology of pain, Pain pathways & Methods of pain modulation, selection of appropriate modality for Pain modulations.
- Describe the Physiological effects, Therapeutic uses, indication & contra indications of various Low/ Medium & High Frequency modes /Actinotherapy
- Describe the Physiological Effects & therapeutic uses of various therapeutic ions &topical pharmaco -therapeutic agents to be used for the application of iontophoresis & sono/phonophoresis

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- Acquire the skills of application of the Electro therapy modes on models, for the purpose of Assessment &Treatment.
- Acquire an ability to select the appropriate mode as per the tissue specific & areaspecific application.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	Practica l Hours	Total Hours	Must Know	Desirable to Know	Nice to Know
1	PAIN	3	-	3			
	<ul><li>a. Pain pathway</li><li>b. Pain gate theory</li><li>c. Descending pain suppressing system</li><li>d. Physiological block</li></ul>	03		03	03		
2	LOW FREQUENCY CURRENTS	37	85	122			
	<ul> <li>a. Faradic currents: Physiological &amp; Therapeutic effects, indications, contraindications:</li> <li>vi. Faradic type</li> <li>vii. Strong Surged Faradic</li> <li>viii. Sinusoidal currents</li> <li>ix. Application of Faradic current</li> <li>Faradism Under pressure –Indications, Principle of application, Technique of application</li> <li>Faradic re-education: Indications, Principle of application, Technique of application</li> <li>Short/Long pulse currents Motor Points: Definition., Identification</li> </ul>	12	20	32	32		
	b. Galvanic / Direct currents (Continuous DC & Interrupted DC): Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications,	12	20	32	32		

	Effects & Uses of various Ions, Indications and contraindications, Dangers and precautions						
	c.High Voltage Currents	01	-	01		01	
	d.Micro Currents	01	-	01		01	
	e.Didynamic Currents	01	-	01		01	
	f.Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation (T.E.N.S.)  i Definition ,Types i Physiological & Therapeuticeffects i Technique & Methods of Application i Indications & contraindications	05	20	20	20		
	g. Strength Duration Curves on model i. Principle of S-Dcurves ii. Technique of plotting iii. Interpretation of normalcurves iv. Chronaxie and Rheobas	05	25	25	25		
3	MEDIUM FREQUENCY CURRENTS	8	22	30			
	<ul><li>a. Interferential Therapy</li><li>i Definition ,Types,</li><li>i Physiological &amp; Therapeutic effects</li></ul>	01	-	01	01		
	i Technique & Methods of Application	02	16	18	18		
	ik Electrodes types (including vacuum), Effects &Uses	01	02	03	03		
	Advantages of I.F.T. over Low frequency currents	01	-	01	01		
	i Indications & contraindications	01	-	01	01		
	b. Russian Currents	02	04	06		06	
	BIOFEEDBACK	5	-	5			
	i. Principles	01	-	01	01		
4	ii. Methods: Electro biofeedback	02	-	02			02
	iii. Uses of Biofeedback	02	_	02	02		

5	HIGH FREQUENCY CURRENTS S.W.D	12	28	40		
	Types: continuous /Pulsed  Definition and types  Physiological & Therapeutic effects  Technique & Methods of Application  Electrodes types, Effects &Uses  Indications &contraindications  Dangers &Precautions	12	28	40	40	
6	SOUND	10	25	35		
	Therapeutic Ultra Sound: Pulsed / Continuous  Physiological & Therapeutic effects  Technique & Methods of Application  Phonophoresis  Indications & Contraindications  Dangers & Precautions	10	25	35	35	
7	ACTINOTHERAPY	15	25	40		
	a. Radiant heat [I.R.R.]  i Physiological & Therapeutic effects  Technique & Methods of Application  Effects & Uses  Indications & Contraindications  Dangers & Precautions	5	5	10	10	
	b. U.V.R. viii. Types: a, b,c ix. Physiological & Therapeutic effects x. Technique & Methods of Application xi. Effects & Uses xii. Indications & Contraindications xiii. Dangers & Precautions xiv. Test Dose	6	20	26	26	
	C.Light amplification by the stimulated emission of radiation (LASER) – He/ Ne, & I. R. combination  Physiological & Therapeutic effects  Technique & Methods of Application	4	-	4	04	

	Effects & Uses  N. Indications & Contraindications						
	v. Dangers & Precautions						
	vi Dosage						
8	ELECTROTHERAPY: WOUND CARE	10	1.5	25		1.7	
	I PALPA.I NUJI FIPANAE I : VVUJUJNIJ U.ANPA	111	1.5	43		1 15	
0	i. Types of wound	10	15	25	10	15	
0		10	15	25	10	15	

#### PRACTICAL:

Skills of application to be practiced on models in No-1 to 8 above

#### RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Clayton's Electro Therapy
- 2. Electro therapy Explained Low &Reed
- 3. Electro Therapy Kahn
- 4. Therapeutic Electricity Sydney Litch
- 5. Electrotherapy Evidence Based Practice Sheila Kitchen

#### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK

1. Clinical Electro Therapy – Nelson & Currier

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

* The question paper	Marks	
Section A	Section A Question 1 MCQ (1×20)	
Section B	Question 2 BAQ (2×10)	20
	Question 3 SAQ (any 4 out of 5) (5×4)	20
Section C	Section C Question 4 LAQ (any 2 out of 3) (10×2)	
	Internal Assessment	20
	Total	100

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL 80 MARKS +	I.A. – 20 MARKS	Mark s	
		100	
LONG CASE	Motor points /Strength Duration Curve / Faradism under pressure (On models)	35	
SHORT CASES	<ul> <li>Based on Low or Medium Frequency modalities/ High Frequency modalities</li> <li>Actinotherapy         <ul> <li>(I.R./U.V.R.) 2 x 20 = 40 marks (Skill of application on models &amp; rationale for selection of modality)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	40	
JOURNAL	Documentation-Principles & applications for various Electrotherapy Modalities.	5	
Total Marks			

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks.
- Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20marks
- Internal assessment as per University pattern

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE

#### II B.P.Th.

Subjects	Theor y			Practic al		
	Universit y	I.A.	Tota l	Universit y	I.A	Tota l
Pathology & Microbiology	50 + 30	20	100			
Pharmacology	40	10	50			
Psychiatry (including Psychology)	40	10	50		-	
Kinesiology	80	20	100		-	
Kinesiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Electrotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Total	400	100	500	160	40	200

#### STANDARD OF PASSING B.P.Th

- 1. A Candidate must have minimum of 75 % attendance in theory and 80 % attendance in practical (irrespective of the kind of absence) of each course (subject) for appearing in the University examination.
- 2. For the subjects with practical, there will bethree heads of passing i.e. Theory, Practical, and Internal Assessment. For the subjects without practical there will be two heads of Passing i.e. Theory and Internal Assessment.
- **3.** The candidate should secure minimum 50% marks in each of the theory and practical papers separately. The candidate will be held eligible to appear in the University examination only when he/she secureminimum 35% marks in Internal Assessment.
- **4.** A Candidate should secure at least 50% marks in college exams in subject where there is no University exam.
- **5.** If the candidate fails either in Theory or in Practical Examination of a subject he/she will have to reappear for both theory and practical /clinical examination.
- **6. Grace Marks** -If a candidate fails by five or less marks in aggregate of all subjects in the University examination; grace marks up to five will be given to the candidate by the University before the declaration of result.
- 7. Supplementary Examination-If a candidate fails in any number of course (subject)in the University examinationhe/shecan appear for those subjects onlyin Supplementary Examination, whichwill be held within 3 to 6weeks from the date of declaration of the results of the University examination for every professional year, so that the candidates, who pass, can join the main batch for progression. Candidatewill be required to appear in the supplementary examination in that subject/ subjects while attending classes of next year. If the candidate fails in three or more subjects in supplementary examination, his/her session will be shifted by one year. If the candidate passes in all subjects or gets ATKT(for those who fail in two or less subjects)in Supplementary Examinationthen he/she is eligible to continue with the next academic year.

- **8.** The candidate should have passed all subjects of previous years before appearing to 4<sup>th</sup> Year B.P.Th. University Examination.
- **9.** First class with Distinction –75% and above marks in any subject or overall aggregate. First class 60% to 74.99% and above in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Second Class 55% to 59.99% or 55% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Pass class 50% to 54.99% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects.
- **10.** Themaximumperiodtocompletethe B.P.Th. successfullyshouldnotexceednineyears.
- 11. Internship: There shall be compulsory six months rotatory structured Internship afterpassing finalB.P.Th. examination. Internship should be done in teaching hospital/hospitalsof the university. No candidateshallbeawardeddegreecertificatewithoutsuccessfullycompletingsixmonths internship.
- **12. ResearchProjectwork:** Each Internhavetotakeupa short research projectwork duringinternshipperiod. The protocol approval shall be obtained bytheeach internin the final year of B.P.Th. however the ethical approval should be obtained latest by the second month of internship program. Data shall be collected in the next three months after the approval by the ethics committee. Completed project shall be submitted by the end of 6<sup>th</sup>month.
- **13. Structure of the Research Project:** The written text of the project shall beofminimum50pages excluding references, tables, and questionnairesandotherannexure. It should be neatly typed in double line spacing on one side of paper (A4 size, 8.27" x 11.69") Times new Roman, 12 fontand hard bound properly. The intern shall provide plagiarism declaration in his/her project. The guide and head of the institution shall certify the written text of the project. Three copies of project work thus preparedshallbesubmittedtothePrincipal. The completion certificate of internshipwillbeissuedonlyafter completing the research project.
- **14.** The degree will be awarded after the satisfactory completion of internship and submission of project work, in ensuing convocation to be conducted by the University.



## D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

Declared Ested U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956 Accredited by NAAC with 'A++' Grade



## D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

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## BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (B.P.TH)



# D.Y.PATILEDUCATIONSOCIETY,KOLHAPUR(D EEMEDTOBEUNIVERSITY)

# D.Y.PatilCollegeofPhysiotherapy Syllabusfor III-BachelorofPhysiotherapy

#### **VISION**

• To become a world class dynamic institution of education research & training to develop globally competitive, professional and socially responsible human resource.

#### **MISSION**

- To ensure globally relevant quality higher education and skill enhancement for providing required trained manpower to the nation & the world.
- To promote symbiotic relations with industry, academic and research institutions and community to meet the expectations of various stakeholders.
- To engage in interdisciplinary research and innovate for furtherance of knowledge, technology and growth.
- To put in place dynamic technocracy for effective use of emerging trends in curriculum development, and radogy, evaluation and system management.
- To provide an environment for holistic evolution of the learners as humane, socially responsible and conscious of sustainable ecosystem.

## III-BachelorofPhysiotherapy

Program Code	ExamCode	Course Name	Subject Name	Sub/Course Code
16	1601	IstB.P.Th.	HumanAnatomy	160101
			HumanPhysiology	160102
			Biochemistry	160103
			FundamentalsofKinesiology&Kinesiotherapy	160104
			FundamentalsofElectrotherapy	160105
	1602	IIndB.P.Th.	Pathology&Microbiology	160201
			Pharmacology	160202
			Psychiatry&Psychology	160203
			Kinesiology	160204
			Kinesiotherapy	160205
			Electrotherapy	160206
	1603	IIIrdB.P.Th.	Surgeryl	160301
			Surgeryll	160302
			Medicine I	160303
			Medicine II	160304
			CommunityHealth&Sociology	160305
			FunctionalDiagnosisandPhysiotherapeuticSkills	160306
	1604	IVthB.P.Th.	MusculoskeletalPhysiotherapy	160401
			NeuroPhysiotherapy	160402
			Cardio-Vascular&RespiratoryPhysiotherapy	160403
			CommunityPhysiotherapy	160404

#### **PROGRAMOUTCOME:**

- **PO1**:Abilitytoacquireknowledgeaboutnormal-abnormalbasicmedicalandhumanmovement sciences, understand relevant investigations, role of drugs related to variousmedicalconditions, surgical treatment and application of physiotherapy interventions.
- **PO2**:Togainknowledgeaboutplanningandproblem-solvingabilitiestodelineatethecognitive,affective and psychomotor skills to perform as a competent physiotherapist who will beabletoevaluate,planandeffectivelyperformthephysiotherapeuticskills.
- **PO3**: Demonstrate the ability to acquire good listening potential with effective interpersonalandintrapersonalcommunicationskills.
- PO4: Extend the acquired knowledge to conduct research activities and publications that contribute to the uplift mentinfield of physiother apparabet terment of society.
- **PO5**:Understandmoralvalue,professionalethicsandaccountabilitytowardspatientandcolleagues, develop good behaviors skills with confidentiality and humanitarian approachmaintainingtherespectandprivacyofpatient.
- **PO6**:Develop leadership skills, time management, logical reasoning, values required for selfdirected and lifelong learning, soft skills for professional development and execute their professional role in society as a physiotherapistat various academic in stitutions, Hospital/Clinics, Organizations, Research laboratories and Rehabilitation centers.
- **PO7**:Understandingaboutsociety'sneedsintermsofhealthandwellness,toimprovemulticulturalcompet encyamongprofessionalandgeneralpublic,promotingsocialpoliciesthat affect the demands of patients in terms of function, health and wellness, develop acharacterwithgoodmoralvalues,humanvalues,goodsocialbehavior,gratitude,honesty,ethics, safety,hygiene,responsibility,confidence,toleranceandcriticalthinking.
- **PO8**:Abletocontributeinsustainabledevelopmenttoachievethenationalsustainabledevelopmentgoal,fu rthertherelationshipbetweentheenvironment,humanhealthand functioning and physiotherapy are considered and respected to mutually benefitpatient'shealth.Ensurehealthylife'sandpromotewellbeingforallatallages.
- **PO9**:Demonstrate ability to acquire new knowledge skill and reflect upon their experience toenhancepersonal,professionalgrowthandapplytheinformationforpatientcare.

#### **SURGERYI**

**CO1**:

Abilitytofamiliarizewithprinciplesofgeneralsurgeryincludingvariousspecialtieslikecar diovascular,thoracic,neurology&plasticsurgery.

**CO2**:

Abilitytofamiliarizewithterminology&abbreviationsforefficient&effectivechartreviewing&documentation.

**CO3**:

Exploreaboutepidemiology,pathology,primary&secondaryclinicalcharacteristicswitht heirmedical&surgicalmanagement.

**CO4**: Makeawarenessofgeneralaswellasspecialtysurgicalconditions.

**CO5**: Understandeffectsofsurgicaltrauma&anesthesia.

**CO6**:Ability to clinically evaluate & describe surgical management of various surgical conditions including general surgical as well as neurosurgical, cardiovascular & thoracic surgery, ENT & ophthalmic surgery, plastic & reconstructive surgery.

**CO7**: Ability to describe pre-operative evaluation, surgical indications, management & postoperative care & complications related to above mentioned areas.

**CO8**: Abilitytoread&interpretefindingsofrelevantinvestigations.

#### **SURGERYII**

- **CO1**: Abilitytoidentify&describetheclassification, causes, clinical features, heading of fractures&complications of fractures of upper, lower vertebral column thorax and pelvis.
- $\textbf{CO2}: Ability to identify and describe principles of general description \& management of traumatic dislocation \\ & \textbf{n} \& \textbf{subluxation} of \textbf{shoulder}, \textbf{acromiodavicular}, \textbf{elbow}, \textbf{hip} \& \textbf{kneejoint}.$
- **CO3**:Able to interpret & read silent features of x-ray of spine & extrimities & correlate theradiological findings with clinical findings.
- **CO4**: Ability to understand grades of injury, management of injuries of ligaments, bursal, fascia, muscles & tendons of upper and lower limb, whiplash of cervical spine, cervicolumbarspinecrushinjuries of hand&foot.
- **CO5**: Ability to identify & understand causes, classification physical clinical radiological features and complications of congenital & ocquired deformities of upper & lower limbal sounders

tandsprinciplesofmedical&surg	gicalmanage	ementofthesedef	ormities.	
		<b>CD</b> 1 1 11		LCV(I L A DI ICE

- **CO6**:Able to discuss the etiology, path physiology, clinical manifestations and conservative orsurgicalmanagementofdegenerative&inflammatoryconditions.
- **CO7**: Abletounderstandtheetiology,clinicalmanifestations&managementofmetabolictumors.
- **CO8**:Able to identify & understands action logy, patho Physiology, clinical manifestations and conservative and surgical management of general orthopaedic conditions like carpel tunnelsy ndrome entrapment nervein juries, camparment syndrome is chemic contracture, avasular nercosi sofbone I adult & childrengangrene, backache.
- **CO9**:Able to understand classification, causes, clinical manifestations, general description &principlesofgeneralmanagementofbegin&malignanttumors.

#### MEDICINEI

#### **CO1**:

Identify&describetheetiology,pathology&clinicalsymptomsandmanagementofthecardiovas cular&respiratoryconditions.

#### **CO2**:

Identify&describetheetiology,potahology&clinicalsymptomsandmanagementofthegeneral medicine,theumatology&gerontology.

#### CO3:

Knowledge of various drug us used for each medical conditions to understand its effects & user during the rapy.

#### **CO4**:

Understandskillofhistorytaking&clinicalexaminationofcardiovascular,respiratory,generalm edicine&gerontologyconditionsasapartofclinicalteaching.

- **CO5**: Be able to acquire the skills of basic life support & describe the principles of managementatICU.
- **CO6**:Understand relevant investigations which will help to know about the important medical conditions.

#### **CO7**:

Acquire the knowledge in medicine that are required to be practice in community & at all levels of health care system.

#### **MEDICINEII**

**CO1**:

Studentsshouldabletoabilitydescribeappliedphysiologyanetiology,Pathophysiologysig ns&symptonsandmanagementofvariousneurologicalandpaediatricconditions.

**CO2**:

Acquireskillsofhistorytakingandclinicalocaninationofneurological&CO3:paediatricco nditionsasapartofclinicalteaching.

**CO4**:

Acquireknowledgeofvariousdrugsusedforeachmedicalconditiontounderstanditseffects and its areduring the rapy.

**CO5**: Acquireknowledgeinbriefaboutinterdevelopmentofthefoctus.

**CO6**:

Students hould able to describe normal development and growth of a child importance of immunization breast feeding & psychological asput of development.

CO7:Studentshouldabletodescribeneuromuscularmusculoskeletalcardiovascularandrespiratory conditions related immunological conditions nutitional deficiencies infectiousdiscasesandgeneticallytransmittedconditions.

**CO8**:Acquire skill of clinical examination of a neonate / child with uspect to neurologicalmusculoskeletal&respiratoryfunction.

#### **COMMUNITYHEALTH&SOCIOLOGY**

**CO1**: Ability to understand role of physiotherapy in socio-cultural factors as determinals ofhealth&behaviour.

**CO2**: Identifyroleofsocialsecurity,medicalsocialworker&roleofNGOinrelationtodisabled.

**CO3**:

Understand the role of Physiother apyins ocial planning & in improvement of health & rehabilitation.

**CO4**:

Acquire knowledge in preventive & measures that are required to be practiced in community & at all level of health care system.

**CO5**:

Illustrativeconceptsinflunceofformal&informalsocialfactorsorpersonality,socialization

inHospital&Rehabilitationsetting.

**CO6**:

To identify role of rural &urban communities in publiche alth &practices in home remedial treatment.

 $\textbf{CO7}: \quad To understand sociology of brain death/organ donation.$ 

#### FUNCTIONALDIAGNOSIS&PHYSIOTHERAPEUTICSKILLS

**CO1**: Abilitytoacquiresknowledgeontheclinicalreasoningoftheicfanditsuse.

**CO2**: Ability to acquire knowledge on asserment& examination of musculoskeletal system withitsdysfunction,arresmentofjointswithspecialtests,arreseementofpainofresponseoftheses ofttissuetotrauma.

**CO3**: Understand the basic in manual therapy, soft tissue mobilization skills for joints & softtissue,itsapplicationswithclinicalreasoning,indications&contraindications.

CO4: Ability to acquire sknowledge on assessment & examination of cardiovascular & pulmonary system with its drug function 7 assessment for fitness & health.

**CO5**: Abilitytounderstandgeneralprinciplesofhumandevelopment&maturation.

**CO6**: Abilityunderstandassessingofneurotherapeuticskills&itsapplicationwithclinicalreasoning.

#### **INDEX**

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#### **PHYSIOTHERAPY**

#### **DEFINITIO**

N:

**Physiotherapy**' is a branch of modern medical science which includes examination, assessment, interpretation, physical diagnosis, planning and execution of treatment and advice to any personfor the purpose of preventing, correcting, alleviating and limiting dysfunction, acute and chronicbodily malfunction including life saving measures via chest physiotherapy in the intensive careunit, curing physical disorders or disability, promoting physical fitness, facilitating healing and painrelief and treatment of physical and psychological disorders through modulating psychological and physical response using physical agents, activities and devices including exercise, mobilization, manipulations, therapeuticultrasound, electrical and thermal agents and electrotherapy for diagnosis, treatment and prevention.

(DefinitionaspertheMaharashtraStateCouncilforOccupationaltherapy&Physiotherapy,2004)

'Physiotherapist' is a qualified professional who has acquired all the above mentioned knowledgeandskillsforentryintopracticeafterbeingawardedabachelordegreeinthesubjectof'Physiothe rapy' from a recognised institute affiliated to the University conducting a fulltime coursenotlessthanfouryearsandsixmonthsofinternship.

#### **PREAMBLE**

PhysiotherapyorPhysicalTherapy(P.T.)isaMovementSciencewithanestablishedtheoreticalandscienti ficbaseandwidespreadclinicalapplicationsinthePrevention,Restoration&Rehabilitation,Maintena nceandPromotionofoptimalphysicalfunction.Physiotherapistsdiagnoseandmanagemovement dysfunction and enhance physical and functional abilities. This physical dysfunctionmay be the sequelae of involvement of any of the systems like Musculoskeletal, Neurological,Cardiovascular,Respiratoryorotherbodysystems.

These practitioners contribute to society and the profession through practice, teaching, administration, and the discovery and application of new knowledge about physiotherapy experiences of sufficient excellence and breadth by research to allow the acquisition and application of essential knowledge, skills, and behaviors as applied to the practice of physiotherapy.

Learning experiences are provided under the guidance and supervision of competent faculty, inboth, classroom as well as in clinic. The designed curriculum will prepare the entry-to-practicephysiotherapist (PT), to be an autonomous, effective, safe and compassionate professional, who practices collaboratively in a variety of healthcare set ups such as neonatal to geriatric, from critical care to community fitness to sports training and is responsive to the current and future needs of the healthcare system.

Vision: ``Promote excellent Physiother apyeducation and train General and Specialized physiother apyprofessionals"

#### **MISSION**:

- ExcellentPhysiotherapyeducationandserviceresearchforcommunitydevelopment.
- PromotecommunityorientedPhysiotherapy.
- PromoteResearchandqualitymanagementinPhysiotherapy

#### **ESSENTIAL REQUIREMENTS**

Thefollowing "essential requirements" specify those attributes that the faculty consider necessary for completing the professional education enabling each graduate to subsequently enterclinical practice. The purpose of this curriculum is to deline at ethe cognitive, affective and psychomotor skills deemed essential for completion of this program and to perform as a competent physiotherapist who will be able to evaluate, plan & execute physiotherapy treatment independently.

**COGNITIVE LEARNING SKILLS:** The student must demonstrate the ability to receive, interpret,remember,reproduceanduseinformationinthecognitive,psychomotor,andaffectivedomainsof learning to solve problems, evaluate work, and generate new ways of processing or categorizingsimilarinformationlistedincourseobjectives.

**PSYCHOMOTORSKILLS:** The student must demonstrate the following skills.

#### 1. Locomotionability:

Get to lecture, laboratory and clinical locations, and move within rooms as needed forchanging groups, partners and work stations. Move quickly in an emergency situation toprotectthepatient(e.g.fromfalling).

#### 2. Manualtasks:

- a. Maneuver another person's body parts to effectively perform evaluation techniques. Manipulate common tools used for screening tests of the cranial nerves, sensation, range of motion, blood pressure, e.g., cotton balls, safety pins, goniometers, O
  - tips,sphygmomanometer.Safelyandeffectivelyguide,facilitate,inhibit,andresistmoveme nt and motor patterns through physical facilitation and inhibition techniques(includingabilitytogivetimelyurgentverbalfeedback).
- b. Manipulateanotherperson'sbodyintransfers,gait,positioningexercise,andmobilization techniques. Manipulate evaluation and treatment equipment safely andaccuratelyapplytopatients. Manipulatebolsters, pillows, plinths, mats, gaitassistive

devices and other supports or chairs to aid in positioning, moving or treating a patient effectively.

c. Competentlyperformandsupervisecardiopulmonaryresuscitation.

#### 3. Finemotor/handskills:

- 1. Legiblyrecordthoughtsforwrittenassignments(includingdiagrams)andtests.Document evaluations, patient care notes,referrals, etc. in standard medical chartsin hospital/clinical settings in a timely manner and consistent with the acceptablenormsofclinicalsettings.
- 2. Safelyapplyandadjustthedialsorcontrolsoftherapeuticmodalities.
- 3. Safelyandeffectivelypositionhandsandapplymobilizationandtherapeutictechniques.

#### 4. Visualacuityto:

- a. Read written and illustrated material in the English language, in the form of lecturehandouts,textbooks,literatureandpatient'schart.
- b. Observeactivedemonstrationsintheclassroom.
- c. Visualizetrainingvideos,projectedslides/overheads,X-raypictures,andnoteswrittenonablackboard/whiteboard.
- d. Receive visual information from patients, e.g., movement, posture, body mechanics, and gaitnecessary for comparison to normal standards for purposes of evaluation of movement dysfunctions.
- e. Receive visual information from treatment environment, e.g., dials on modalities andmonitors, assistive devices, furniture, flooring, structures, etc.
- f. Receive visual clues as to the patient's tolerance of the intervention procedures. These mayinclude facial grimaces, muscletwitching, with drawaletc.

#### 5. **Auditoryacuity**to:

- a. Hearlectures and discussion in an academic and clinical setting.
- b. Distinguishbetweennormalandabnormalbreathing,lungandheartsoundsusingastethosco pe.

#### 6. **Communication**:

a. Effectivelycommunicateinformationandsafetyconcernswithotherstudents, teachers, patients, peers, staffand personnel byasking questions, givinginformation,

- explainingconditions and procedures, or teaching home programs. The seallneed to be done in a timely manner and within the acceptable norms of academic and clinical settings.
- b. Receive and interpret written communication in both academic and clinical setting sinatimely manner.
- c. Receive and send verbal communication in life threatening situations in a timelymannerwithintheacceptablenormsofclinical settings.
- d. Physiotherapy education presents exceptional challenges in the volume and breadthof required reading and the necessity to impart information to others. Students mustbe able to communicate quickly, effectively and efficiently in oral and written Englishwithallmembersofthehealthcareteam.
- 7. **Self care**: Maintain general good health and self care in order not to jeopardize thehealthandsafetyofselfandindividualswithwhomoneinteractsintheacademicandclinica lsettings.

#### **AFFECTIVELEARNINGSKILLS:** The student must be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate respect to all people, including students, teachers, patients and medicalpersonnel, without showing bias or preference on the grounds of age, race, gender, sexual preference, disease, mental status, lifestyle, opinions or personal values.
- 2. Demonstrate appropriate affective behaviors and mental attitudes in order not tojeopardize the emotional, physical, mental, and behavioral safety of patients andotherindividuals with whom one interacts in the academic and clinical settings and to be incompliance with the ethical standards of the profession.

Acknowledge and respect individual values and opinions in order to foster harmoniousworkingrelationshipswithcolleagues, peers, and patients.

#### PROFESSIONALDRESSCODESTANDARDS:

Itisimportanttoportrayaprofessionalimage. Aclinician within appropriated ress, grooming or conduct can damage the patient's confidence in the quality of their care, sometimes even resulting in adelayinther estoration of health.

Haircuts, hairstyling, and personal grooming need to be neat, conservative and inconspicuous. Grooming and style should be practical and allow one's duties to be performed without embarrassmentoring on venience

#### **DRESS:**

Modestcasualwearisappropriateoncampusandinclass.

Clinical/LabDress: Apronsforall clinical assignments, any class that is held in a clinical facility and in any class where patients are present.

#### FRAMEWORKOFTHECURRICULUM

**COURSEDURATION**: Fouryears and Six months of Internship.

#### IB.P.Th.

- a. Dealswiththebasicfoundationinmedicalaswellasphysiotherapysubjects. Thefoundation of human body structure & function & energy utilization is achieved by studying the subjects Human Anatomy, Physiology, and Biochemistry.
- b. Students knowledge of Physics i.e. Mechanics, Electricity, Water, Sound & Light is recalled apply it on human body in understanding movements and the various physiotherapeuticmodalities under the subject of Fundamentals of Kinesiology & Kinesiotherapy.

#### II B.P.Th.

- a. Dealswithunderstandingofalteredphysiologybystudyingpathology&Microbiology.
- b. The students get oriented to various Pharmacotherapeutic agents used along with theireffectsbystudyingPharmacology.
- c. The students will study about normal and altered human mind & behavior by studyingPsychology&Psychiatry. Theywillalsolearnskills required for effective communication with the patients and caregivers.
- d. Students will acquire the knowledge of Biomechanics as applicable to human body in thecontextofKinetics&kinematicsofJoints,Movements&Dailyactivitiesundersubjectof Kinesiology and shall acquire knowledge and learn various physiotherapeutic skills onmodelsinsubjectofKinesiotherapy.
- e. In the subject of Electrotherapeutics, students will acquire knowledge and learn application&usesofvariouselectrotherapeuticmodalitiesonmodels.

#### III B.P.Th.

- a. Students acquire knowledge of all the clinical subjects like Orthopaedics, General Surgery, Medicine, Neurology, Paediatrics, Dermatology & Gynecology & Obstetrics, Community Medicine and Sociology.
- b. StudentswillacquireknowledgeabouttheprinciplesofInternationalClassificationofFunctioning(I .C.F.)anditsapplicabilityincontexttomovementdysfunctions.
- c. Students will learn the physiotherapeutic evaluation skills including electro diagnosis onpatients to arrive at a Functional/ Physical Diagnosis in Neuromuscular, Cardiovascular &Respiratory dysfunction. They will also acquire knowledge of various specialized manualtherapyandneurodevelopmentaltechniquesandpracticetheseskillsonmodelsunderthesub jectoffunctionaldiagnosisandphysiotherapeuticskills.

#### IV B.P.Th.

- a. Studentswillrevise,recallandintegratetheknowledgeofpreviousyearstoevaluate,functionallydia gnose,planandexecuteshortandlongtermmanagementofvariousmusculoskeletal,neurological&cardiovascular-respiratorydysfunctionsinhospitalandcommunitysettings.
- b. Studentsalsoacquireknowledgepertainingtohealthpromotion&diseasepreventionthroughout lifespan in the community. They will also be able to analyse, prevent and treatproblemsassociatedwithvariousindustriesincommunityphysiotherapy.
- c. Studentswillalsoacquireknowledgeaboutbiomechanicalprinciples&applicationofvarietyofaids &appliancesusedforambulation,protection&preventionbystudyingBioengineering.
- d. Professional Practice and ethics as a subject will be studied in continuum from first year, sostudents will acquire the knowledge of ethical code of professional practice, as well as itsmoral& legal aspects. The principles of Hospital Administration, Management & Marketingwillbestudiedseparately.
- e. Students will also acquire knowledge of Research Methodology and Biostatistics and applytheknowledgeinprojectworkincommunityphysiotherapy.

#### **INTERNSHIP**

- a. A period of 6 months (26 weeks) of continuous clinical practice to enhance the clinicalreasoning, judgment, programme planning, intervention, evaluation of intervention, followupandreferralskillsofallthedysfunctionsandimpairmentslearntthroughoutthecurriculumo ffouryears.
- b. Thosecandidatesdeclaredtohavepassedthefinalyearexaminationinallsubjectsshallbeeligiblefori nternship.
- c. InternshipshallbedoneinateachinghospitalrecognizedbytheUniversity.Adegreecertificateshallb eawardedONLYonsuccessfulcompletionofsixmonthsofinternship.
- d. TheInternshipwillberotatoryandshallcoverclinicalbranchesconcernedwithPhysiotherapysuchas Orthopaedics,Cardiovascular&RespiratoryincludingICU,Neurology&NeurosurgeryPaediatric s, General Medicine, Surgery, Obstetrics and Gynecology both inpatient and outpatientservices.
- SuccessfulCompletion: The student must maintain alog book. On completion of each posting, the e. same will have to be certified by the faculty in charge of the posting for bothattendance as well as work done. On completion of all the postings, the duly completedlogbook will be submitted to the Principal/Head of program to be considered as having successfully completed the internship program.

IIIB.P.Th.
TRANSCRIPTHOURS-1400

Sr.No.	SUBJECTS	TeachingHrs
	PROFESSIONALPRACTICE	
1	Professionalpractice&Ethics	015
	MEDICALSCIENCES	
2	Surgery-I	055
3	Surgery-II	060
4	Medicine-I	055
5	Medicine-II	065
6	CommunityHealth&Sociology	060
7	Obstetrics&Gynecology	030
8	Dermatology	010
	PHYSIOTHERAPY	
9	FunctionalDiagnosis&PhysiotherapeuticSkills	460
10	Seminar(includingI.C.F.)	90
11	Supervisedclinicalpractice	500
	TOTAL	1400
		ElectiveCourseSystem 30

### IIIB.P.Th.S YLLABUS

#### TranscriptHours-1400

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS		Laboratory /Clinical Hours	Total Hours
	PROFESSIONALPRACTICE			
1	ProfessionalPractice&Ethics(CollegeExaminationinfinalyear)	10	005	015
	MEDICALSCIENCES			
2	Surgery- I(Cardiovascular&ThoracicSurgery,GeneralSurgery&Plastic/Rec onstructiveSurgery)	030	025	055
3	Surgery-II(Orthopaedics)	040	020	060
4	Medicine- I(CardiovascularRespiratoryMedicine,GeneralMedicine,R heumatology&Gerontology)	045	010	055
5	Medicine-II(Neurology&Paediatrics)	045	020	065
6	CommunityHealth&Sociology	050	010	060
7	Obstetrics&Gynaecology(CollegeExamination)	020	010	030
8	Dermatology(CollegeExamination)	010	-	010
	PHYSIOTHERAPY			
9	FunctionalDiagnosis&PhysiotherapeuticSkills	135	325	460
10	Seminar(includingICF)	-	090	090
11	Supervisedclinicalpractice	-	500	500
	TOTAL	385	1015	1400

BatchelorofPhysiotherapy-ThirdYear | SYLLABUS17

#### **PROFESSIONALPRACTICEANDETHICS**

#### (COLLEGEEXAMINATIONINFINALYEAR)

TOTAL-

#### 15HRSCOURSEDISCRIPTION:

This subject would be taught in continuum from first year to final year. An exam in theory wouldbeconductedonlyinfinalyear. Professional and ethical practice curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours required of the physiotherapist in arange of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, ethics administration issues and accountability of the physical therapists. The course will also cover the history and change in the profession, responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the healthcare team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies, professional communication.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbecompliantinfollowingdomains:COGNITIVE:

Beabletounderstandthemoralvaluesandmeaningofethics.

Will acquire bedside manners and communication skills in relation with patients, peers, seniorsandotherprofessionals.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- a. Beabletodeveloppsychomotorskillsforphysiotherapist-patientrelationship.
- b. Skill to evaluate and make decision for plan of management based on socio cultuturalvaluesandreferralpractice.

#### AFFECTIVE:

- a) Be able to develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society at large and co-professionals
- b) Beabletodevelopbedsidebehavior, respect&maintainpatients' confidentiality.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Visits/Supe rvisionHour s	Total Hours
1.	CollectingdataonpsychosocialfactorsinMedicine/Surgery /ReproductiveHealth/Paediatrics	04	05	15
2.	Interprofessional communication.	03		
3.	Ethicsinclinicalpractice	03		
	TOTAL	10	05	15

#### **GENERAL SURGERY**

#### 3<sup>rd</sup>YearB.P.Th

(GeneralSurgery, Cardiovascular&ThoracicSurgery&Plastic/ReconstructiveSurgery)

(Didactic-35hrs+Clinical-20hrs)TOTAL=55HRS

#### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

This course intends to familiarize students with principles of General surgery including variousspecialtieslikecardiovascular, thoracic, neurology and plastic surgery. It also familiarizes the students with terminology and abbreviations for efficient and effective chartreviewing and documentation. It explores various conditions needing attention, focusing one pidemiology, pathology, as well as primary and secondary clinical characteristics and their surgical and medical management. The purpose of this course is to make physiotherapy students aware of various surgical conditions general surgery and specialty surgeries so these can be physically managed effectively both preaswell as postoperatively.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
1.	GENERALSURGERY	20	10	30
2.	CARDIOVASCULARANDTHORACICSURGERY	10	5	15
3.	PLASTICSURGERY/RECONSTRUCTIVESURGERY	5	5	10
	TOTAL	35	20	55

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

Attheendofthecourse, the candidate will be able to:

- 1. Describetheeffectsofsurgicaltrauma&Anaesthesiaingeneral
- 2. Clinicallyevaluate&describethesurgicalmanagementinbriefof
- a. GeneralSurgery
- b. NeuroSurgery
- c. CardiovascularandThoracicSurgery
- d. ENT&OphthalmicSurgery
- e. Plastic&ReconstructiveSurgery
- 1. Describepre
  - operative evaluation, surgical indications in various surgical approaches, management and post operative care in above mentioned are as with possible complications.
- 2. Beabletoread&interpretfindingsoftherelevantinvestigations

#### **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	Торіс	Dida ctic Hour	Clini cal Hour s	Tot al Ho urs	Mu st Kn ow	Desira ble To Know	Nic e To Kn ow
1.	GENERALSURGERY	20	10	30			
	a.GENERAL:		•	•			•
	i. Anaesthesiatypes,Effect,indicationsandcontraindicationsandcommonpostoperativecomplications				01		
	ii. HemorrhageandShock, classification,descriptionandtreatment				01		
	iii. Water&Electrolyteimbalance					01	
	iv. Inflammation – acute & chronic-signs, symptoms, complications&management				01		
	v. Wounds&Ulcers,Cellulitis-				01		
	classification, healing process, management, bandaging, Dressing solutions and its uses and debride measurement, bandaging, and the solution of the process of the proces						
	ntProcedure,handwashinganduniversalprecautions.						
	vi. Enumerate Common abdominal surgical incisions - classification,indications, opening -				01		
	closure, advantages and	12	10	22			
	disadvantages,complications(includingburstabdomenandfecalfistula),minimallyinvasive surgery.						
	vii. Mastectomyandoncosurgery-approach,complications&management				01		
	viii. Amputation-types, sites, complications & management				01		
	ix. Burns-causes, complications, classification & management				01		
	x. VaricoseveinsandPVD				01		
	xi. Hernias-surgery,precautionsandcomplications				01		
	xii. Transplantationapproach,riskproblemsrelatedtodonorandrecipient,precautions	]			01		
	b.NEUROSURGERY						
	i. HeadInjury-management	04			01		
	ii. Intracranial&Spinaltumors				01		
	iii. IntracranialAneurysmandAV malformation				01		
	iv. PostoperativeNeurosurgicalcare						01
	c.E.N.T.Surgery						
	i. Tracheostomy-indications, surgical approach & management	03			01		

	ii. SurgicalproceduresinVII <sup>th</sup> cranialnervepalsy						01
	iii. Vertigo	1			01		
	d.OphthalmicSurgery		•	11	U .		
	SurgeriesforIII <sup>rd</sup> ,IV <sup>th</sup> ,VI <sup>th</sup> CranialNervepalsy	01				01	
	CARDIOVASCULARANDTHORACICSURGERY	•		•	•		•
2.							
	a. Introduction,				02		
	Cardiorespiratoryresuscitation,cardiopulmonarybypass,Specialinvestigationproceduresincardiac						
	surgery,Basic techniques in cardiac surgery approach, incisions, Types of operation,Complicationsofcardiacsurgery,Lines,drainsandtubes.						
	b. Briefdescriptionofindications, surgery, complications for following surgery:						
	i. Surgeriesof thorax	1			01		
	ii. Surgeriesofthe lung	10	05	15	01		
	iii. Surgeriesofpleuraandpericardium	1			01		
	iv. Surgeryforcoronaryarterydisease	1			01		
	v. Valvularsurgeries	1			01		
	vi. SurgeryforCongenitalHeartDisease	1			01		
	vii. Peripheral arterial disorder, Burger's disease, Raynaud's diseaseandAneurysm	1			01		
	viii. Gangrene, Amputation, DVT	1				01	
	PLASTICSURGERY/RECONSTRUCTIVESURGER	Y		•	•		•
3.							
	i. Skingrafts&flaps-Types,indicationswithspecialemphasistoburns,wounds				01		
	ii. Ulcers, complications and postoperative care	1				01	
	iii. Keloid&Hypertrophiedscarmanagement						
	iv. Tendontransfers, with special emphasis to hand, foot & facial	05	05	10	01		
	paralysis,&repairofFlexor&ExtensorTendonInjuries						
	v. Reconstructivesurgeryofperipheralnerves					01	
	vi. Micro vascular surgery-reimplantation and revascularization						

#### CLINICAL(10hrs)

- 1. Evaluation/presentationandrecordingofonecaseeachin:
- a. Burns
- b. Wound&ulcer
- c. Headinjury
- d. Peripheralvascularcondition
- e. Postradicalmastectomy
- f. Postthoracicsurgery
- g. Postabdominalsurgery
- h. Plasticsurgery
- 2. Auscultation&itsinterpretationwithspecialemphasistoReading&interpretationoftheX-raychest.

#### **RECOMMENDEDTEXTBOOKS**

- 1. Shortpracticeofsurgery–BaileyandLove
- 2. TextbookofSurgery–Das

#### **SCHEMEOFUNIVERSITYEXAMINATION**

THEORY				Marks
40MARKS+I.A.—10 MARKS  *Thequestionpaperwillgiveappropriateweightagetoallthetopicsinthesyllabus.				50
Section A— Q-1MCQs [1x10] M.C.Qs.				10
Section B- B.A.Q.	Q-2-AnsweranyTHREEoutofFOUR	[5 x2]		10
S.A.Q.	Q-3-AnsweranyTWOoutofTHREE	[2 x5]		10
L.A.Q.	Q-4. Answer any ONE out of TWO	[1	lx 10]	10
	TotalMarks			40

MCQs: 10	BAQs: 10	SAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
Must Know (MK) – 05	MK – 02	MK – 02	MK – 02
Desirable to Know (DK)– 03	DK – 01	DK – 01	DK – 00
Nice to Know (NK) – 02	NK – 02	NK – 00	NK – 00

#### **INTERNALASSESSMENT:**

- 1. OneexaminationofTotal40marks(Theoryonly)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern.

#### **ORTHOPEDICS**

# 3<sup>rd</sup>YearB.P.Th

(Didactic-40hrs+Clinical-20hrs)TOTAL=60HRS

#### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

Thiscourseintendstofamiliarizestudentswithprinciplesoforthopaedicsurgeryalongwithfamiliarizatio nwithterminologyandabbreviationsforefficientandeffectivechartreviewinganddocumentation.Itals oexploresvariousorthopaedicconditionsneedingattention,focusingon epidemiology, pathology, as well as primary and secondary clinical characteristics and their surgical and medical management. The purpose of this course is to make physiotherapy studentsaware of various orthopaedic surgical conditions so these can be physically managed effectivelybothpreaswellaspostoperatively.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
1	FRACTURES	6	3	9
2	DISLOCATIONS&SUBLUXATIONS	4	2	6
3	SOFTTISSUEANDTRAUMATICINJURIES	4	2	6
4	DEFORMITIESANDANOMALIES	11	3	14
5	DEGENERATIVEANDINFLAMMATORYCONDITIONS	6	3	9
6	MANAGEMENTOFMETABOLICDISORDERS	2	2	4
7	GENERALORTHOPAEDICDISORDERS	5	3	8
8	TUMORS	2	2	4
	TOTAL	40	20	60

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

Attheendofthecourse, the candidate will-

- a) Beabletodiscussthe,aetiology,Pathophysiology,clinicalmanifestations&conservative/surgi calmanagementofvarioustraumatic&coldcasesoftheMusculoskeletalConditions.
- b) Gaintheskillofclinicalexamination; applyspecialtests & interpretation of the preoperative oldc as ess & all the post-operative cases.
- c) Beabletoread&interpretsalientfeaturesoftheX-rayoftheSpine&Extremitiesandcorrelatetheradiologicalfindingswiththeclinicalfindings.
- d) BeabletointerpretPathological/BiochemicalstudiespertainingtoOrthopaedicconditions.

Sr.No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	clinical Hours	Total Hours
1.	FRACTURES	06	03	09
	a. Definition, Classification, Causes, Clinical features, healing of fractures & Complications.			
	b. Principlesofgeneralmanagementof:			
	i. FractureoftheUpper Extremity			
	ii. FractureoftheLower Extremity			
	iii. Fractureofthevertebral column,thoraxand pelvis			
	iv. Emergencycareandfirst aid			
2.	DISLOCATIONS&SUBLUXATIONS	04	02	06
	i. Shoulderjoint:  Definition, General description, Principles of general description and management of traumatic dislocation and subluxation.			
	ii. Acromioclavicularjoint:  Definition, General description, Principles of general description and management of traumatic dislocation and subluxation.			
	iii. Elbowjoint: - Definition, General description, Principles of general description and management of traumatic dislocation and subluxation.			
	iv. Hipjoint: - Definition, General description, Principles of general description and management of traumatic dislocation and subluxation.			
	v. Kneejoint: - Definition, General description, Principles of general description and management of traumatic dislocation and subluxation.			
3.	SOFTTISSUEANDTRAUMATICINJURIES	04	02	06
	i. Ligaments & BursaFascia: - Introduction, Anatomy&physiologygeneraldescription, grade ofinjuryandmanagement ofinjuries			
	ii. Muscles&Tendons: - Introduction,Anatomy&physiologygeneraldescription,grade ofinjuryandmanagement ofinjuries			
	iii. Musclesandtendonsinjuriesofupperandlowerlimb: - Introduction, Anatomy&physiologygeneraldescription, grade ofinjuryandmanagement ofinjuries			
	<ul><li>iv. Cervico lumbar injuries, Whiplashofthecervical spine,</li><li>v. Crushinjuriesofhand&amp;foot</li></ul>			
4.	DEFORMITIESANDANOMALIES	11	03	14
	i. Definition, Causes, Classification, Congenital and acquired deformities			
	Physicalandclinicalandradiological features, Complications  :: Principles of modical and apprinciples are a graph and a features in a second s			
	ii. Principlesofmedicalandsurgicalmanagementofthedeformities.			

	T	1		1
	iii. Generaldescriptionoffollowingdeformities:			
	a. Deformitiesofthe spine:			
	i. Scoliosis			
	ii. Kyphosis			
	iii. Lordosis			
	iv. Flatback			
	v. Torticollis			
	b. Deformitiesofthelower limb:			
	i. C.D.H.,coxa Vara,coxa valgum,anteversion,Retroversion			
	ii. Genuvalgum,Genuvarum,Genurecurvatum,C.D.K.			
	iii. Talipes calcaneus equinus, varus & valgus			
	iv. Pescavus,Pesplanus			
	v. Halluxvalgus&varus,Halluxrigidusandhammertoe			
	c. DeformitiesofShoulder&Upper limb			
	i. Sprengel'sshoulder, Cubitus varus, Cubitus valgus			
	ii. Dupuytren's contracture			
5.	DEGENERATIVEANDINFLAMMATORYCONDITIONS	06	03	09
	i. Osteo-orthosis/Arthritis			
	ii. Rheumatoid arthritis			
	iii. Psoriatic arthritis			
	iv. Spondylosis			
	v. Spondylolysis and listhesis			
	vi. Ankylosing spondylitis			
	vii. Tuberculous arthritis			
	viii. Pyogenicarthritis			
	ix. Gouty arthritis			
	x. Hemophilic arthritis			
	xi. Neuropathicarthritis			
	xii. Juvenile arthritis			
6.	MANAGEMENTOFMETABOLICDISORDERS	02	02	04
	i. Osteoporosis			
	ii. Osteomalacia&Rickets			
7.	GENERALORTHOPAEDICDISORDERS	05	03	08
	i. Carpeltunnelsyndrome/Entrapmentnerveinjuries			
	ii. Compartmentsyndrome,Ischemiccontracture			
	iii. Avascularnecrosisofboneinadultandchildren			
	iv. Gangrene			
	v. Backache/P.I.D.			
8.	TUMORS	02	02	04
	i. Classification,Principlesofgeneralmanagement			
	ii. Generaldescriptionofbenignandmalignanttumorsofmusculoskeletalsystem			
1	Statistics of product of the first of the statistic o	1	İ	1

# CLINICAL(20HRS)

- 1. Independent clinical orthopaedic evaluation presentation & recording of:
- a. Oneacutesofttissuelesion(includingnerveinjury)
- b. Twocasesofdegenerativearthritisofextremityjoint(OneeachinUpperExtremityandOneLowe rExtremity)
- c. Twocasesofspine(oneP.I.D.,onetraumatic)
- d. Onepostoperativecaseoffracturesofextremitieswithfixation/replacementknee/hip
- e. Oneparaplegia/quadriplegia

#### **RECMMENDEDTEXTBOOKS**

- OutlineofFractures-Adams
- 2. OutlineofOrthopedics--Adams
- 3. Apley's systems of orthopedics and fractures by Louis Solomon, 9 the dition

#### **SCHEMEOFUNIVERSITYEXAMINATION**

THEORY			Marks
40MARKS+I.A *Thequestionpa	10 MARKS aperwillgiveappropriateweightagetoallthetop	oics in the syllabus.	50
SectionA. MCQs	Q-1-MCQs	[ 1 x10]	10
SectionB- B.A.Q	Q-2-Answerall of the following	[5 x2]	10
S.A.Q	Q-3AnsweranyTWO out of THREE BasedonDegenerativeandinflammatory Managementofmetabolic/Disorders/Ge	•	10
L.A.Q	Q-3-AnsweranyONE outof TWO Basedonfractures/Dislocations&sublux Injuries/Deformitiesandanomalies	[]	10
	TotalMarks		40

MCQs: 10	BAQs: 10	SAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
Must Know (MK) – 05	MK – 02	MK – 02	MK – 02
Desirable to Know (DK)– 03	DK – 01	DK – 01	DK – 00
Nice to Know (NK) – 02	NK – 02	NK – 00	NK – 00

# **INTERNALASSESSMENT:**

- OneexaminationofTotal40marks(Theoryonly)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern

### **GENERAL MEDICINE**

#### 3<sup>rd</sup>YearB.P.Th

#### (CardiovascularRespiratoryMedicine,GeneralMedicine&Gerontology)

(Didactic-45hrs+Clinical-10hrs)TOTAL-55HRS

#### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

This course intends to familiarize students with medical terminology & abbreviations for efficient & effecti vechartreviewing&documentation.Italsoexploresselectedsystemicdiseases,focusingonepidemiolog histology, well pathology, etiology as as primary& secondary clinical у, characteristics & their management. Discusses & integrates subsequent medical management of General contents of the subsequent medical management medical medical medical management medical medical medical medical medical medical medical mRespiratory I,Rheumatology,Gerontology,Cardio-vascular systems,to formulateappropriate intervention, indications, precautions & contraindications.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
1	CARDIO-VASCULAR&RESPIRATORYMEDICINE	30	05	35
2	GENERALMEDICINE,RHEUMATOLOGY&GERONTOLOGY	15	05	20
	TOTAL	45	10	55

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

### Attheendofthecourse, the candidate will:

- BeabletodescribeEtiology,Pathophysiology,Signs&Symptoms&ManagementofthevariousE ndocrinal,Metabolic,Geriatric&NutritionDeficiencyconditions.
- 2. BeabletodescribeEtiology,Pathophysiology,Signs&Symptoms,ClinicalEvaluation&Manage mentofthevariousRheumatologicCardiovascular&RespiratoryConditions.
- 3. AcquireskillofhistorytakingandclinicalexaminationofMusculoskeletal,Respiratory,Cardiovascular&NeurologicalSystemasapartofclinicalteaching.
- 4. Beabletointerpretauscultationfindingswithspecialemphasistopulmonarysystem.
- StudyChestX-

ray, Bloodgasanalysis, P.F.T. findings & Haematological studies, for Cardiovascular, Respiratory

- , Neurological & Rheumatological conditions.
- ${\bf 6.} \qquad {\bf Beable to describe the principles of Management at the Intensive Care Unit.}$
- 7. BeabletoacquiretheskillsofBasicLifeSupport.
- 8. Acquireknowledgeofvariousdrugsusedforeachmedicalconditiontounderstanditseffectsand itsuseduringtherapy.

~	SYLLABUS	1	I	
Sr.No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	clinical Hours	To Ho
1.	CARDIO-VASCULAR&RESPIRATORYMEDICINE:	30	05	3
	a.Cardio-vascular diseases	11	02	1.
	i.Hypertension-systemic	01		
	<ul> <li>ii. CardiacConditions-</li> <li>a) I.H.D.(Angina, Myocardialinfarction)</li> <li>b) R.H.D.</li> <li>c) InfectiveEndocarditis</li> </ul>	04		
	d) Cardiomyopathy e) HeartFailure			
	iii. ValvularHeartDisease  a) Congenital b) Acquired	02		
	v. congenital heart disease	01		
	vi. Investigations a) BasicsofE.C.G.[Normal&Abnormal(Ischemia,Infarction&Arrhythmias) b) Observationofconductionofstresstestonpatient 2DEcho(EjectionFraction&WallmotionAbnormality)	03		
	b.DiseasesoftheRespiratorySystem:	19	03	2:
	i.CommonInfectiousdiseases: - a. Tuberculosis: aetiology, signs &symptoms,clinicalfeatures,causesandmanagement b. Pneumonia: aetiology, signs &symptoms,clinicalfeatures,causesandmanagement	05		
	c. Lung Abscess: aetiology, signs &symptoms,clinicalfeatures,causesandmanagement			
	d. Bronchiectasis: aetiology, signs &symptoms,clinicalfeatures,causesandmanagement e. Covid -19: aetiology, signs &symptoms,clinicalfeatures,causesandmanagement			
	<ul> <li>ii. DiseasesofPleura: -</li> <li>a. PleuralEffusion</li> <li>b. Pneumothorax</li> <li>c. Hydropneumothorax</li> <li>d. Empyema.</li> </ul>	02		
	<ul> <li>iii. Interstitial Lung Diseases (ILD)&amp;Occupationallungdiseases: -</li> <li>a. Silicosis,</li> <li>b. Asbestosis</li> <li>c. Pneumoconiosis</li> </ul>	02		

	d. Brucellosis			
	e. Farmer'sLung. iv. Chronic ObstructiveAirwayDiseases:			
	a. C.O.P.D.withCorPulmonale			
	b. PulmonaryHypertension	03		
	c. BronchialAsthma			
	d. CysticFibrosis			
	v. IntensiveCare Unit			
	a) Infrastructure			
	b) Instrumentation.	03		
	c) MechanicalVentilation(settings& monitoring)			
	d) Assessment,monitoring&managementofpatientinI.C.U.			
	vi.BasicLifeSupport: Introduction&Demonstration	02		
	vii. Investigation:Normal&Abnormal			
	a. ChestX-ray	02		
	b. BloodGasAnalysis			
	c. Pulmonary Function Test(Observationofconductionon patient)			
2.	GENERALMEDICINE, RHEUMATOLOGY & GERENTOLOGY:			
		15	05	20
	a. GeneralMedicine			
	i. DisordersofEndocrinesystem(Diabetes): -			
	a. Introduction,			
	b. Pathophysiology,			
	c. Types,			
	d. Roleofphysicalactivity,			
	e. Complications of diabetes (autonomic neuropathy, myopathy,			
	weakness) f. Medications	07	02	09
	ii. Thyroid,Pituitary&Adrenalconditions			
	iii. Cushing'ssyndrome	_		
	iv. Obesity			
		-		
	v. Nutrition Deficiency Disease (Rickets, Vit. E, Vit. D, Vit. B, micronutrients, (Zn,Se)			
	vi. Intoxication(Drugabuse;Alcohol,smoking,cocainedependence)	_		
	vi. intoxication(Drugaouse,/xiconoi,smoking,cocameucpendence)			
	b. Rheumatological Conditions			
	i. Rheumatoid Arthritis	-		
	ii. S LE			
	iii. SSA	05	02	07
	iv. Gout			
	v. Polymyositis	1		
	vi. Fibromyalgia			

ii. Ankylosing Spondylitis			
c. Geriatric Conditions: -			
i. Aging Process (physiological changes due to aging)			
ii. CVS & RS Complications	03	01	04
iii. Osteoporosis			
III. Osteoporosis			

# **RECOMMENDEDTEXTBOOKS**

- 1. API-TextbookofMedicine,5<sup>th</sup>edition
- 2. Medicine--P.J.Mehta

# RECOMMENDEDREFERENCEBOOK

1. Principles&PracticeofMedicine--David

### **CLINICAL-10HR**

- Historytaking, Evaluation—General Examination & Systemic examination
   (Inspection, Palpation, Percussion & Auscultation)
- 2. PresentationandrecordingofTwocasesEachin:
  - a. Musculardisorders
  - b. RespiratoryConditions
  - c. CardioVascularConditions
  - d. Degenerative/RheumatologicalCondition
  - e. Obesity
  - f. Nutritionaldisorders
  - g. DiabetesMellitus&Metabolicbonedisorders.

### **SCHEMEOFUNIVERSITYEXAMINATION**

THEORY			Marks
40MARKS+I.A.–10 *Thequestionpape	MARKS erwillgiveappropriateweightagetoallthetop	icsinthesyllabus.	50
SectionA.MCQs	Q-1-MCQs [1x10]		10
SectionB-	Q-2Answerall the following	[5 x2]	
B.A.Q			10
S.A.Q.	Q-3. AnsweranyTWOoutofTHREE	[2 x5]	
			10
L.A.Q.	Q-4. Answer any ONE out of TWO	[1 x10]	
			10
	TotalMarks		40

### **INTERNALASSESSMENT:**

- OneexaminationofTotal40marks(Theoryonly)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern

MCQs: 10	BAQs: 10	SAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
Must Know (MK) – 05	MK – 02	MK – 02	MK – 02
Desirable to Know (DK)– 03	DK – 01	DK – 01	DK – 00
Nice to Know (NK) – 02	NK – 02	NK – 00	NK – 00









# (Didactic-45hrs+Clinical-20hrs) **TOTAL - 65HRS**

#### **NEUROLOGY &**

PEDIATRICS 3rdYearB.P.Th

Thiscourseintendstofamiliarizestudentswithmedicalterminology&abbreviationsforefficient & effective chart reviewing & documentation, It also explores select systemic diseases, focusing on epidemiology, etiology, pathology, histology as well as primary& secondary clinical characteristics& their management. It discusses & integrates subsequent medical management of Neurological & Paediatric conditions to formulate appropriate intervention, indications, precautions & contraindications.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
1	NEUROLOGY	25	10	35
2	PAEDIATRICS	20	10	30
		45	20	65

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### Attheendofthecourse, the candidate will:

- BeabletodescribeAetiology,Pathophysiology,signs&Symptoms&Managementofthevarious Neurological&Pediatricsconditions.
- 2. AcquireskillofhistorytakingandclinicalexaminationofNeurological&Pediatricsconditionsasa partofclinicalteaching.
- 3. Acquireknowledgeofvariousdrugsusedforeachmedicalconditiontounderstanditseffectsand itsuseduringtherapy.
- 4. Acquireknowledgeinbriefaboutintra-uterinedevelopmentofthefoetus.
- Beabletodescribenormaldevelopment&growthofachild,importanceofImmunization,breast
   -feeding&psychologicalaspectofdevelopment.
- 6. Beabletodescribeneuromuscular, musculoskeletal, cardiovascular & respiratory conditions related to immunological conditions, nutritional deficiencies, infectious diseases, & genetically transmitted conditions.
- 7. Acquire skill of clinical examination of a neonate / child with respect to neurological, Musculoskeletal&respiratory function.

ii iv f. g.	
a. b. c. d. f. g.	
b.  c.  d.  iii iv.  f.  g.	NEUROLOGY
c. d. e. ii	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
c. d. e. ii	i. Applied anatomy
c. d. e. ii	ii. Applied physiology
d. e. ii iv	
d. e. ii iv	i. Thrombosis, Embolism, Hemorrhage
d. e. ii iv	ii. Level of Lesion & symptoms
d. e. ii iv	iii. Cerebro Vascular Accidents: - Management
e.  ii  iv  f.  g.	
e.  ii  iv  f.  g.	i. Parkinsonism
e.  ii  iv  f.  g.	ii. Athetosis, Chorea, Dystonia
ii iv f. g.	č č
ii iv f. g.	i. Approach to neuropathies
ii iv f. g.	ii. Myopathies and neuromuscular junction disorders
ii iv f. g.	. Disorders of Anterior Horn cell with differential diagnosis: -
ii iv f. g.	i. MotorNeuronDisease
f.	ii. S.M.A.,
f.	iii. Syringomyelia,
f.	iv. PeronealMuscularAtrophy,
g.	v. Poliomyelitis.
	MultipleSclerosis
	Infectionsofthenervoussystem:
	i. Encephalitis,
	ii. Herpes,
i	iii. Meningitis,
	i. Neurosyphilis,
i	ii. H.I.V.infection,
ii	ii. TabesDorsalis
h.	. Tetanus
i.	Epilepsy
j.	Alzheimer'sDisease,Dementia
k.	. Disordersofcerebellarfunction
I.	a . Disordersofcranialnerves
	b. Disorders of SpecialSenses

	m. Disorders of Spinal Cord: -
	i. Syndromes
	ii. Bladderdysfunction
	iii. Autonomicdysfunction
В.	PAEDIATRICS
ъ.	IALDIATRICO
	a.Normalintra-
	uterinedevelopmentoffoetuswithspecialreferencetoCentralNervousSystem,NeuromuscularSystem,CardiovascularF
	b.Normaldevelopment&growth
	b.Normaidevelopmentægrowth
	c.Immunizationandbreast-feeding
	d.Sepsis, Prematurity, Asphyxia Hyper bilirubinemia and birthinjuries
	a.CerebralPalsy-MedicalManagementincludingearlyintervention
	f.Developmentaldisordersassociatedwithspinalcord:SpinalDysraphism,SpinaBifida,Meningocele,Myelomeningocele
	g.Commoninfections
	a) C.N.S.&PeripheralNervousSystem
	b) Typhoid, Rubella, Mumps, Measles, Diphtheria, Chickengunia, Malaria
	h.Epilepsy
	'ar in the transfer of the tra
	i.MentalRetardationandDown'sSyndrome
	j.Geneticallytransmittedneuro-muscularconditions
	J. Gelletteanytransimitteure-museurareonumons
	k.MalnutritionandVitamindeficiencyconditions
	K. Tulliuti to hall the following of the
	l.JuvenileR.A.&otherRheumatologicconditionsofMusculoskeletalsystem
	m. Common diseases of the Respiratory system: Asthma, Bronchitis, Bronchiectasis, T.B., Pneumonia, Lungcollaps
	n.Respiratorydistressinneonate
	P1
	o.Rheumatic&CongenitalHeartdisease

# **CLINICAL(10HRS)**

- 1. Historytakingandgeneralexaminationinneonateandchild
- 2. Examination of neonate and neonatal reflexes.
- 3. Examinationofthenervoussystem
- 4. Examinationofrespiratory system
- 5. Examinationofcardiovascularsystem
- 6. ExaminationofMusculoskeletalsystem

Ventilatory care inneonate and child.7.

### **RECOMMONDEDTEXTBOOKS:**

- Essentials of Pediatrics-O.P. Ghai-InterPrint publications1.
- ${\it Clinical Pediatrics-Meherban Singh}$ 2.

#### **SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION**

(NEUROLOG	Theory (NEUROLOGY 15 marks + PEDIATRICS 25 marks = 40 marks + I.A.:10 marks)			
Section A	Question:- 1 MCQ (1×10) (05 on <b>NEUROLOGY</b> & 05 <b>PEDIATRICS</b> )	10		
Section B	Question:- 2 BAQ (2×5) (Based on <b>NEUROLOGY</b> )	10		
Section B	Question:- 3 SAQ (any 2 out of 3) (5×2) (based on <b>PEDIATRICS</b> )	10		
Section C	Question:- 4 LAQ (any 1out of 2) (10×1) (based on <b>NEUROLOGY</b> )	10		
	Internal Assessment	10		
	Total	50		

# PEDIATRICS:

MCQs: 05	SAQs: 10
MK – 03	MK – 02
DK – 01	DK – 01
NK – 01	NK – 00

### **NEUROLOGY:**

MCQs: 05	BAQs: 10	LAQs: 10
MK – 03	MK – 03	MK – 02
DK – 02	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 00	NK – 01	NK – 00

# **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. OneexaminationofTotal40marks(Theoryonly)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern.

# **COMMUNITYHEALTH&SOCIOLOGY**

# TOTAL60HRS 3<sup>rd</sup>YearB.P.Th

(Didactic-30Hours+Visits-10Hours)

Total40hrs

#### **COURSEDESCRIPTION**

The course is organized to introduce the concept of health care and management issues in HealthServices.Itwillhelptheminassumingaleadershiproleintheirprofessionandassumetheresponsibility of guidance. It will help them assume wider responsibilities at all levels of healthservices. It will help them in improving their performance through better understanding of thehealthservicesatallthelevelsofcommunity.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidates hall be able to understand the contents given in the syllabus.

		Didactic	Practical	Total	Must	Desirable	Nice
Sr.	Topic	Hours	Hours	Hours	Know	To	To
No.						Know	Know
1.	GENERAL CONCEPTS	04	-	04			
	&DETERMINANTS OFHEALTH&						
	DISEASES:						
	a. National&InternationalDefinitiono	01			01		
	fHealth,RoleofSocio-						
	Economic&CulturalEnvironmenti						
	nHealth&Disease.						
	b. Epidemiology–	01			01		
	Definition&scope,useswithrelevanc						
	e tophysiotherapy						
	c. EnvironmentalHygieneincludingma	02			02		
	n&hissurrounding,						
	Occupational&Industrialhygiene,Vi						
	llage&TownSanitation,Bacteriology						
	ofWater, Milk,&FoodHygiene.						
2.	NATIONALPUBLICHEALTHA	01	-	01		01	
	DMINISTRATION						
3.	HEALTHCAREDELIVERYSYS						
	TEM:						

			ı			1	1
	a. HealthcareDeliverySystemofIndia				01		
	b. NationalHealthProgrammes						
	c. RoleofW.H.O.	02	-	02	01		
	d. MillenniumDevelopmentGoalsforA						
	ll						
4.	PRIMARYHEALTHCARE:						
	a. Definition	01	_	01	01		
		VI.					
	b. Principles,						
	c. Elements&itsapplication						
				0.6			
5.	EPIDEMIOLOGYOFSOCIO-	06	-	06			
	ECONOMICAL&CULTURAL						
	ISSUES-						
	relatedtomorbidityinrelationtothefollo						
	wingvulnerablegroups						
	a.Women:	01	-		01		
	i. Pregnantandlactatingwomen,matern						
	alhealth (ANC, PNC, INC)						
	ii. Perimenopausal						
	_						
	women's'health:physical&psycholo						
	gical	02			02		
	b.Infants:(LowBirthWeight,Breastfeedi	02	-		02		
	ng,Complimentaryfeeding,IYCN,						
	IMNCI,						
	Vaccinepreventablediseases,Immunizati						
	onprogrammes,Infantandchildhoodmor						
	tality)						
	b.Children:Childhealth,Growthmonitor	02	-		02		
	ingunderfiveclinics,ICDS,PEM						
	d.Schoolagedpopulationhealth:	01	-			01	
	Earlydetectionandpreventionofdi						
	sabilities, behavioural problems						
6.	DEMOGRAPHY AND	02	-	02		02	
	OBJECTIVES OF NATIONAL						
	FAMILY WELFARE						
	PROGRAMMES						
	ANDNATIONALPOPULATIONPOL						
	ICY						
					<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>

7.	COMMUNICABLEDISEASES	03	-	03			
	Anover-				02		
	view[includingprevention&control]: -						
	i. Tuberculosis						
	ii. H.I.V.						
	iii. Leprosy,						
	iv. encephalitis.						
	v. Vector bornediseases-					01	
	Malaria/Filariasis/Dengue/						
	Chikungunya/Japanese						
8.	NON-COMMUNICABLE	02	-	02			
	DISEASES:				0.1		
	i. DiabetesMellitus,Hypertensi				01		
	on,CoronaryHeartDisease/ Obesity.						
	ii. Blindness/Accidents					01	
	/Stroke/Cancer.						
9.	NUTRITIONALDISEASES:	04	-	04			
	i. Malnutrition,Nutrionaldisordersand				02		
	Nationalnutritionprogrammes,						
	ii. Osteomalacia,Rickets				01		
	iii. NeuropathiesduetoVitamin-					01	
	deficiency, Skeletal Deformities						
10.	MENTALHEALTH:	02	-	02			
	a. Socio-economical&culturalaspects					01	
	b. Substanceabuseandaddiction—						01
11	tobacco, alcoholand others	0.1		0.1			
11.	OCCUPATIONALHEALTH:	01	-	01	01		
	Occupationaldiseases&hazards-				01		
	definition,scope,prevention&legislation s,Occupationallungdiseases&Physicalin						
	juries/pains.						
12.	GERIATRICHEALTH:	01	-	01			
	a. Physical,social,economicalaspects					01	
	b. Osteoporosis, Malnutrition, Alzheim						
	er'sdisease,Parkinson'sdisease						
13.	HOSPITALWASTEMANAGEMEN	01	-	01			

	T:			
	UniversalSafetyPrecautions,Immunizati		01	
	onofhealthcareprovidersincludingtheir			
	vaccination.			

# **RECOMMONDEDTEXTBOOKS**

- 1. Park'sTextbookofPreventive&SocialMedicine-K.Park
- 2. TextbookofPreventive&SocialMedicine-P.K.Mahajan&M.C.Gupta
- 3. Essential of Community Medicine—Barideand Kulkarni

# **B-SOCIOLOGY**

#### Total20hrs

#### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

This course covers the basic knowledge and concepts of sociology to with the aim to help themunderstand the impact of group, culture and environment on the behavior and health of thepatients. Make them realize the importance of the relationship of the physical therapist and thepatientandtheenvironmentaroundthem.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate shall be able to understand the contents given in thesyllabus. **SYLLABUS** 

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours	Must Know	Desirable To Know	Nice to Know
1.	INTRODUCTION:	01	-	01			
	Definition&RelevancewithPhysiot herapyandsocialfactorsaffectingHe althstatus,DecisionMaking intakingtreatment.				01		
2.	SOCIALIZATION:	01	-	01			
	Definition,Influence,ofSocialFactor s,onPersonality,SocializationintheH ospital&Rehabilitationofthe patients.				01		
3.	SOCIALGROUPS:	01	-	01			
	Concepts, Influence of formal & informal groups of Health & Diseases, Role of Primary & Secondary Groups in the Hospital & Rehabilitation Setting.					01	
4.	FAMILY:	01	-	01			
	Influenceonhumanpersonality,Rol eoffamilyinhealthanddisease				01		
5.	COMMUNITYROLE:	01	-	01			
	Rural& Urbancommunitiesin PublicHealth, Roleof community in determiningBeliefs,Practices&Ho meRemedies inTreatment.				01		
6.	CULTURE:	01	-	01			
	Component's impacton human beha vior, Role of community indetermini ngbeliefs, practices and health seeking behavior and homeremedies				01		

50SYLLABUSBatchelorofPhysiotherapy-ThirdYear

7.	SOCIALCHANGEFACTORS:	01	-	01			
	HumanAdaptation,Stress,Deviance, HealthProgrammeRoleofSocialPlan ningintheimprovementofHealth∈ Rehabilitation.						01
8.	SOCIALCONTROL:	01	-	01			
	Definition, Role of norms, Folkways, Customs, Morals, Religion, Law&othermeansofsocialcontrolsin the regulationofHumanBehavior,Social Deviance&Disease				01		
9.	POPULATIONGROUPS:	05	-	05			
	a. Children:Streetchildren,Childla bour,Juvenile delinquency					01	
	b. Women's:Victimsofdomesticv iolenceandaddiction, C.S.W.,physicallyand/ormenta lly challenged				02		
	c. RoleofNGOs,Socialsupport systems				02		
10.	SocialSecurity&SocialLegislatio ninrelationtotheDisabled	01	-	01		01	
11.	RoleofaMedicalSocialWorker	01	-	01	01		
12.	SociologyofBrainDeathand/orOrg andonation:	01	-	01			01
13.	SOCIALPROBLEMS:	04	-	04			
	i. Populationexplosion,Povert y,Dowry				02		
	ii. Illiteracy- Causes,prevention&Contro Imeasures.					02	

### **RECOMMENDEDTEXTBOOKS**

- 1. AnIntroductiontoSociology—Sachdeva&Bhushan
- 2. IndianSocialProblems-Madan,Vol-I-Madras

# SCHEMEOFUNIVERSITYEXAMINATION(THEORYONLY)

THEORY			Marks	
	80MARKS+I.A.–20 MARKS *Thequestionpaperwillgiveappropriateweightagetoallthetopicsinthesyllabus.			
SectionA-	Q.1MCQs • QuestionsbasedonCOMMUNITYHEALTH& SOCIOLOGY (10 EACH)	[20 x 1]	20	
SectionB- BAQ	Q-2 SAQ— Answer all of the following questions:  QuestionsbasedonCOMMUNITYHEALTH& SOCIOLOGY (05 EACH)	[10 x2]	20	
SAQ	Q-3. Answer any FOUR out of FIVE: Questions based on COMMUNITY HEALTH (3 QUESTIONS)& SOCIOLOGY(2 QUESTIONS)	[4 x5]	20	
LAQ	Q-4. Answer any TWO out of THREE: Questions based on COMMUNITY HEALTH (2 QUESTIONS)& SOCIOLOGY(1 QUESTIONS)	[10 x2]	20	
	TotalMai	rks	80	

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

### **INTERNALASSESSMENT:**

- 1. Twoexams-Terminalandpreliminaryexaminationof80markseachTOTAL-160marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern.

### **OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY**

# (UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION) 3rdYearB.P.Th

(Didactic-20hrs+Clinical-10hrs)TOTAL30HRS

#### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

Thiscourseintendstoprovideintroductiontowomen`shealthwhichincludesproblemsrelatedto pregnancy, osteoporosis, and other disorders specific to women. Topics will focus on medicalterminology, clinical examination, evaluation, comparing contemporary, traditional interventions and the impact of evolving technology in this area. It also emphasises on evaluation & medicaltreatment of pelvic floor dysfunctions.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/Lab Hours	Total Hours
1	PHYSIOLOGYOFPUBERTY&MENSTRUATION	2		2
2	PHYSIOLOGYOFPREGNANCY	3		3
3	PHYSIOLOGYOFLABOUR	4		4
4	POSTNATALPERIOD	2	5	7
5	INFERTILITY	1		1
6	URO-GENITALDYSFUNCTION	3	1	4
7	GYNAECOLOGICALSURGERIES	2	1	3
8	PRE,PERI&POSTMENOPAUSE	2	1	3
9	PELVICINFLAMMATORYDISEASES	1	2	3
	TOTAL	20	10	30

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### Attheendofthecourse, student will be able to describe:

- a. Normal&abnormalphysiologicalevents, complications and management during Puberty.
- b. Normalandabnormalphysiologicalevents, complications and management of pregnancy (Pregnancy, Labour, Puerperium)
- c. Normalandabnormalphysiologicalevents, complications and management of menopause.
- d. Normalandabnormalphysiologicalevents, complications and management of urogenital dysfunction. (Antenatal, Postnatal, during menopause)
- e. The student will be able to acquire the cognitives kill of clinical examination of the pelvic floor.

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours	Must Know	Desirable To Know	Nice To Know
1.	PHYSIOLOGYOFPUBERTY&MEN STRUATION: Abnormalities& commonproblemsofMenstruation	02	-	02	02		
2.	PHYSIOLOGYOFPREGNANCY:	03	-	03			
	<ul> <li>a. Developmentofthefoetus,Norma l/Abnormal/multiplegestations,</li> <li>b. CommonComplicationsduringpr</li> </ul>				01		
	egnancy:  i. Anaemia,  ii. P IH  iii. Eclampsia				01		
	<ul><li>iv. Diabetes,</li><li>v. Hepatitis,</li><li>vi. TORCHinfectionorHIV</li></ul>				01		
3.	PHYSIOLOGYOFLABOUR	04	-	04			
	<ul><li>i. Normal–</li><li>EventsofIst,IInd&amp;IIrdStagesofla</li><li>bour</li></ul>				01		
	<ul><li>ii. Complicationsduringlabour&amp;ma nagement</li></ul>					01	
	iii. Caesareansection- elective/emergency&postoperati vecare				02		
4.	POSTNATALPERIOD	02	05	07			
	<ul><li>i. Puerperium&amp;Lactation</li><li>ii. Complicationsofrepeatedchildbe aringwithsmallgaps</li></ul>					01	
	iii. Methodsofcontraception						01
5.	INFERTILITY	01	-	01			
	i. Managementwithemphasiso nPCOS/PCOD						01
6.	URO-GENITALDYSFUNCTION	03	01	04			
	<ul> <li>i. Uterineprolapse–</li> <li>Classification&amp;Management(C onservative/Surgical)</li> </ul>				02		
	ii. Cystocele,Rectocele,Enterocoe le,Urethrocele					01	

7.	GYNAECOLOGICALSURGERIES(	02	02	04	02		
	Pre-andpost-surgicalmanagement)						
8.	PRE,PERI&POSTMENOPAUSE	02	01	03			
	i. Physiology				01		
	ii. Complications&						
	iii. Management				01		
9.	PELVICINFLAMMATORYDISEAS	01	01	02		01	
	<b>ES</b> withspecialemphasisto						
backacheduetoGynaecological/Obstetri							
	calconditions						

# CLINICAL(10hrs)

- Evaluation&presentation of One case Each in:
- a. Uro-genitaldysfunction
- b. Antenatalcare
- c. Postnatalcare
- d. Followingnormallabour
- e. FollowingCaesareansection
- f. PelvicInflammatoryDiseases
- 2. Observation—OneNormal&OneCaesareandelivery&OneHysterectomy/RepairoftheUro-GenitalProlapse

#### **RECOMMENDEDTEXTBOOKS**

- 1. TextbookofGynaecology–Datta–NewCentralBookAgency
- 2. TextbookofObstetrics--Datta-NewCentralBookAgency

# SCHEMEOFCOLLEGEEXAMINATION(THEORYONLY)

THEORY			Marks
40MARKS+I.A.–10 MARKS *Thequestionpaperwillgiveappropriateweightagetoallthetopicsinthesyllabus.			50
Section-A	Q-1MCQs	[10X1]	10
Section-B-	Q-2Answer all the following Question	[5 x 2]	10
BAQ			
SAQ	Q-3. Answer any TWO out of THREE	[2 X 5]	10
LAQ	Q-4. Answer any ONE out of TWO	[1x 10]	10
	TotalMar ks		40

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	<b>LAQs: 20</b>
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

#### **DERMATOLOGY**

### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

3<sup>rd</sup> Year B. P. Th

Total: 10 HRS

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to describe the Patho physiology, Signs &Symptoms,ClinicalFeatures,Examination&ManagementofCommonSkinConditionslikeLeprosy,Psori asis, Bacterial & Fungal Infections of the skin, connective tissue disorder, hand eczema, drugreaction,cutaneousmanifestationofHIV,&SexuallyTransmittedDiseases

#### **SYLLABUS**

Sr.No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	Total Hours	Must Know	Desirable To	Nice To
51.110.	Торіс	Hours	Hours	IXIIOW	Know	Know
1.	IntroductiontoDermatology,basicskinlesions&H istorytaking	01	01	01		
2.	i. Skininfections(PartI)— Scabies/Pediculosis/Bacterialinfections	02	02		01	
	ii. Skininfection(PartII)Viral/Fungal/Cutaneou sT.B.				01	
3.	Connectivetissuedisorder- Scleroderma,S.L.E.,Dermatomyositis,Morphia	01	01	01		
4.	a. Handeczema,Psoriasis,Psoriaticarthritis,Re iter'sSyndrome	01	01	01		
	b. Cutaneoushyperplasia- Keloid,Hypertrophicscar,Corn,Callosity					
5.	Leprosy&Deformity	02	02	02		
6.	<ul><li>a. CutaneousManifestationofHIV</li><li>b. Hyperhidrosis</li></ul>	01	01	01		
7.	i. Drug reaction	02	02		01	
	ii. UrticariaGenodermatosis-Epidermolysis bullosa					01
	iii. SexuallyTransmittedskinlesionsPUVATre atment					

#### RECOMMENDEDTEXTBOOK

1. Textbookofdermatology–Dr.Khopkar

# SCHEMEOFCOLLEGEEXAMINATION(THEORYONLY)

THEORY	THEORY			
25marks[The	25 marks [Thereshall beno LAQ in this paper]			
*Thequestion	${\bf *The question paper will give appropriate weight a get oall the topic sin the syllabus.}$			
SectionA-	Q-1. MCQs-basedonMUSTKNOWarea [10X1]	10		
Section-B-	Q-2. SAQ-AnsweranyTHREEoutofFOUR [3x5]	15		
	TotalMarks	25		



#### FUNCTIONALDIAGNOSIS&PHYSIOTHERAPEUTICSKILLS

#### 3<sup>rd</sup>YearB.P.Th

#### **COURSEDESCRIPTION:**

- 1. Functional Diagnosis & Physiotherapeutic Skills is a stepping stone to introduce studentstoactualconceptsofPTassessmentandlatertothetreatmentconcepts
- 2. FunctionalDiagnosisfocusesontheassessmentofallthebodysystemsi.e.Musculoskeletal, Neurological and Cardiovascular-Respiratory in order to study the various impairmentsand their impact on activity and participation of the individual taking into considerationthecontextualfactorsaswell.Italsoemphasizesontheclinicalreasoningoftheun derlyingcomponentsofauniversalevaluationtool(ICF)forabetterunderstandingofthepatient inaholisticmanner.Thestudentisalsosubjectedtolearnbasicsofmanipulative, cardiovascular-respiratory and neuro-therapeutic skills on models so thathe/shewillbeabletoapplytheseprincipleseventuallyonpatients.
- 3. The student will also gain a sound knowledge of electro-diagnosis, which is an integralpartofFunctionalDiagnosis.

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical /Laborator ySkillsHour s	Total Hours
1.	SECTION- IINTERNATIONALCLASSIFICATIONOFFUNCTION, DISABILITY&HEA LTH(ICF)	05	-	005
2.	SECTION-II MUSCULOSKELETALEVALUATION & MANIPULATIVESKILLS	40	140	180
3.	SECTION— IIICARDIOVASCULARRESPIRATORYEVALUATION&RELATEDSKILLS	40	055	095
4.	SECTION— IVNEUROTHERAPEUTICEVALUATION&ELECTRODIAGNOSIS	50	130	180
	TOTAL	135	325	460

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### **COGNITIVE:**

Attheendofthecourse.studentwillbeableto:

- 1. UnderstandtheuseofICF.
- 2. Acquiretheknowledgeofhumangrowthanddevelopmentfromnewlifetobirthandadulthood

- Understandstructureandfunctionofnerveandmuscleasabaseforunderstandingtheelectrodiagnosticassessment.
- 4. UnderstandtheuseofappropriatetoolsorinstrumentsofassessmentinMusculoskeletal,Neur ologicalandCardio-vascularconditions.
- 5. Understandthetheoreticalbasisandprinciplesofmanipulativeskills, neurotherapeuticskills an dskillsofcardiopulmonary careandresuscitation
- 6. Documentresultsofassessmenttoevaluatethepatientfromtimetotime.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

#### Studentwillbeableto:

- 1. Performassessmentofmeasuresofbodystructuresandfunctionsrelatedtotissuemechanics.
- Performassessmentofmeasuresofbodystructuresandfunctionsrelatedtomotorcontrolaffec tingactivityandparticipation,qualityoflifeandindependence.
- Performtheskillofelectrodiagnosis(SDCurve)andobserveskillsofEMGandNCVstudies,tounderstandthedocumentatio noffindingofthesestudies.
- 4. Interpretationandanalysisofassessmentandfindings.
- 5. Demonstrate skills of manual therapy musculoskeletal, neurotherapeutics andcardiovascularandrespiratoryskillsonmodels(Laboratorywork).

#### **AFFECTIVE:**

#### Studentwillbeableto:

- Selectappropriateassessmenttechniquestofacilitatesafety, sensitive practices in patient comfortande ffectiveness.
- Demonstrate safe, respectful and effective performance of physical therapy handlingtechniques taking into account patient's clinical condition, need for privacy, resourcesavailableandtheenvironment.
- 3. Follow the principles of appropriate handling technique that is draping, hand placement, bodypartpositioning, manual techniques, lifting and transfer techniques.
- 4. Communicate with patients and their families/caregivers regarding the need and uses of various assessment techniques.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Sr.N o.	Торіс	Didact ic Hours	Practic al Hours	Total Hour s	Mus t Kno w	Desira ble To Know	Nice To Kno w
	SECTIONI:	05	-	05			
1.	Functional Diagnosisus ing International Classification of Function, Disability & Health (I.C.F.)				02		
	ICF: - Applicablefor all theSectionsmentionedbelow				03		
2.	SECTIONII:  MUSCULOSKELETALEVALUATIONANDMANIPULATIVESKILLS  (Didactic-40+Practic	al140= <b>180</b> F	Hours)				
	a.AssessmentofMusculoskeletalSystem:	03	02	05			
	i. Softtissueflexibility ii. Jointmobility iii. Musclestrength&Endurance	01		01	01		
	iv. Trickmovements v. Sensations vi. Limblength	01	01	02	02		
	vii. Abnormalposture viii. Gaitdeviationsduetomusculoskeletaldysfunction	01	01	02	03		
	b.AssessmentofJointswithspecialtests:	10	08	18			
	<ul> <li>i. CervicalSpine: Fora minalcompression, Distraction, Shoulderdepression, vertebralartery, Dizzinesstests.</li> </ul>	01	01	02	02		
	ii. <b>Shoulder</b> :Yergason's,Speed's,Drop- Arm,Supraspinatus,Impingement,Anterior&PosteriorApprehension,Allen,Adson.	01	01	02	02		
	iii. Elbow:Cozen's,Miller's,Tinel'ssign	01	01	03	03		
	iv. Forearm, Wrist & Hand: Phalen's, Bunnel-Littler, Froment's sign	01	01	03			
	v. <b>LumbarSpine</b> :Schober's,SLR,ProneKneeBending,Slump.	01	01	02	02		

7	vi. <b>Sacrolliacjoint</b> : Faber-Patrick's, Gaenslen, Gillet, March	01	01	02	02	
V	ii. <b>Hip:</b> Nelaton'sline,Bryant'strangle,Thomas,Ober's,Tripodsign,Trendelenburg sign,	01	01	02	02	
vi	ii. <b>Knee:</b> Tests for collateral & cruciate ligaments (valgus, varus,Lachman,Sag,Drawer's,McMurray's,Fluctuation,Patellartap,Q-angle,Clarke)	02	01	03	03	
i	x. <b>Ankle&amp;Foot</b> :AnteriorDrawer,TalarTilt,Homan's&Moses(forD.V.T.)	01	01	02	02	
c.	Responseofsofttissuestotrauma:	02	-	02		
i	<ul><li>Triggerpoints</li><li>Spasm</li><li>LigamentSprains</li><li>MuscleStrains</li></ul>	02		02	02	
d.	BasicsinManualTherapyand ApplicationswithClinicalReasoning:	05	05	10		
	<ul> <li>i. AssessmentofArticularandextra articularsofttissuestatus: -</li> <li>a) Contractiletissues</li> <li>b) Noncontractiletissues</li> </ul>	03	02	05	05	
	Examinationofjointintegrity: -  Accessorymovement  Discrete	02	03	05	05	
6	e.ExaminationofmusculoskeletalDysfunction:	06	10	16		
i	. Subjectiveexamination	01	01	03	03	
i	i. Objectiveexamination	01	01	03	03	
i	ii. Specialtests	02	02	04	04	
i	v. FunctionalDiagnosisusingICF	03	06	09	09	
f	AssessmentofPain:	04	05	09		
i	. Typesofpain:Somatic,Somaticreferred,Neurogenic,Visceral		-			
a	<ul> <li>i. SubjectiveAssessment:</li> <li>a) Location, duration, progression, distribution, quality, diurnal variations, modifying factors.</li> <li>b) Severity, nature of pain, tissue irritability</li> </ul>	02	02	04	04	
i	ii.ObjectiveMeasurement&Documentation- a) VisualAnalogueScale (V.A.S). b) NumericalRatingScale (N.R.S.)	01	01	02	02	

c) McGill's modified questionnaire (including Bodycharts)	01	02	03	03	
g.Basicprinciples,indications,contraindicationsofmobilizationskillsfor joints and tissues:	Soft 10	110	120		
i. Maitland	02	20	52	52	
ii. Mulligan	01	10	11	11	
iii. Kaltenborn	01	10	06	06	
iv. Mckenzie	01	20	11	11	
v. Cyriax	01	-	06	06	
vi. Myofascial Release Technique	02	10	12	12	
vii. Muscle Energy Technique	01	20	11	11	
viii. Neural Tissue Mobilization (Neuro Dynamic Testing)	01	20	11	11	
Practice of Manual Therapy in Kaltenb M.E.T. & Neural Mobilisation on extremit  3. SECTIONIII: CARDIOVASCULARRESPIRATORYEVALUATION&RELATEDSKILLS					
(Didac	tic-40+Practical55= <b>95</b>				
a. Assessment of Cardio Vascular & Pulmonary System:	25	25	50		
i. Vitalparameters	Id	- Identificationof			
ii. Chestexpansion		abnormalbreath			
iii. Symmetryofchestmovement	·		05		
iv. BreathHoldingTest		hestexpans	-	05	
v. BreathSounds		patternofbreathing,Vital parameters,Gradesof			
vi. RateofPerceivedExertion (R.P.E.)	Paran	ieters, Grac	iesui	05	

vii. EnergySystems&ExercisePhysiology-  a. Physiologicalresponsetoimmobilityandactivity.  b. Aerobic&Anaerobicmetabolisms  c. EvaluationofFunctionalCapacityusingsubmaximaltests(ExerciseTolerance—SixMinutes' Walktest)  d. Theoreticalbasesofdifferentprotocolsformaximalexercisetesting(e.g.:BruceProtocol, ModifiedBruceProtocol, Balke)	Dyspnoea, Rate ofPerceivedExertion,			05		
viii. Interpretationofreports—A.B.G.,P.F.T.,P.E.F.R.,E.C.G (Normal&VariationsduetoIschemia&Infarction),X-rayChest, BiochemicalReports				05		
ix. AnkleBrachialIndex	Ankle BrachialIndex, Exercise ToleranceTesting— 6Minutes'WalkTest		05			
x. TestsforPeripheralArterial&Venouscirculation.				05		
b.ExaminationofCardiovascularRespiratoryDysfunction:	05	05	10			
i. Subjectiveexamination				03		
ii. Objectiveexamination				02		
iii. Specialtests:ExerciseToleranceTesting—6Minutes' WalkTest,BreathHoldingTest,P.E.F.R.				03		
iv. FunctionalDiagnosisusingl.C.F.					02	
c.Assessmentof Fitness&Health:	10	25	35			
i. Screeningforriskfactors				07		
ii. Bodycomposition-B.M.I., use of skinfold calipers, Girthmeasurement				08		
iii. Physicalfitness:Flexibility,Strength,Endurance,Agility				08		
iv. PhysicalActivityReadinessQuestionnaire						03

	v. Screeningforhealthandfitnessinchildhood,adulthoodandgeriatricgroup					03	
V	vi. Qualityoflife						01
V	ii. Principles&componentsofexerciseprescriptionforhealthy				05		
	ECTIONIV: EUROTHERAPEUTICEVALUATION&ELECTRODIAGNOSIS (Didactic-50+Practic	al130= <b>180</b>	Hours)				
a.	GeneralprinciplesofHumandevelopment&maturation	04	08	12			
a) b) c) d) e) f)	Cognitive&Perceptive Emotional Social				03		
a)	Factorsinfluencinghumandevelopment&growth: Biological Environmentalinherited				03		
a) b) c) d)	Principlesofmaturationingeneral&anatomicaldirectionalpattern— Cephelo—caudal Proximo—distal Centero—lateral Masstospecificpattern Grosstofinemotordevelopment Reflexmaturationtests				03		
	Developmentinspecific fields—romotor development, neuro development of hand function.				03		
b. B	Basics in Neuro Therapeutics Skills & Applications with Clinicalreasoning.	20	55	75			
i.	Principles,Technique&IndicationsforApplicationof Bobath	TherapeuticSkillsofN.D. T.,P.N.F., Bobath, Rood'sTechnique		ofN.D.	12		
b)	NeuroDevelopmentalTechnique			13			

c) Rood's Technique	&Brunnstrom, M.R.P.onmodelsonly			12		
d) P.N.F.				14		
e) Brunnstrom,				12		
f) Techniques of Motor Relearning Program(M.R.P.)						
c. Assessment of Movement Dysfunction: -	10	25	35			
i. Higher functions				02		
ii. Cranial nerves				03		
iii. Sensations, sensory organization & body image				02		
iv. Joint mobility				02		
v. Tone				02		
vi. Reflexes-Superficial & Deep				02		
vii. Voluntary control				02		
viii. Muscle Strength				02		
ix. Co-ordination				02		
x. Balance				02		
xi. Endurance				02		
xii. Trick movements				02		
xiii. Limb Length				02		
xiv. Posture deviations				02		
xv. Gaitdeviationsduetoneurological dysfunction				02		
xvi. FunctionalDiagnosisusingI.C.F.				02		
xvii. InterpretationofElectrodiagnosticfindings,routineBiochemicalinvestigations					02	
d.Electrodiagnosis:	10	30	40			
<ul> <li>i. Physiologyofrestingmembranepotential, actionpotential,</li> <li>PropagationofActionPotential</li> </ul>	Te	st for S.D.(			02	
ii. Physiologyofmusclecontraction		dic/Galvan		02		
iii. Motorunit&Recruitmentpatternofmotor unit–Sizeprinciple	1				02	

The control of the control of the chartest of the control of the c						
iv. Therapeuticcurrent–asatoolforelectrodiagnosis.				04		
a) Electrophysiologyofmuscle&nerve						
b) FaradicGalvanicTest,StrengthDuration				07		
c) Curve-testsshouldbecarriedoutonrelevant patients,				07		
d) TestforSensory&PainThreshold/	1					04
e) PainTolerance—techniqueonly						04
v. Electro-Myography	-					
a)DefinitionInstrumentation—					0.2	
Basiccomponentslike C.R.O., Filter, Amplifier & Preamplifier, and Types of Electrodes					03	
b)Normal&AbnormalE.M.G.pattern						
i. Atrest					02	
ii. onminimalcontraction					02	
iii. onmaximalcontraction						
c)NerveConductionStudies						
i. Principles&Technique						
ii. F- wave					02	
iii. H-reflex						
e.SCALES:	3	15	18			
BergBalance, Modified Ashworth, F.I.M., Barthellndex, G.C.S.				09		
D.G.I.,M.M.S.,S.T.R.E.A.M.&A.S.I. A					09	

#### **DOCUMENTATION:**

- Documentation&Interpretationoffollowinginvestigations:
  - i. Electrodiagnosis: 2each
    - a) S.D.C.
    - b) FaradicGalvanicTest
    - c) E.M.G.&N.C.Studies
  - ii. CardioVascular&Pulmonary:(1each)—A.B.G.,P.F.T.,E.C.G.,X-rayChest,ExerciseToleranceTest.
  - iii. NeurologicalScales(1each)-ModifiedAshworth,Berg'sBalance,D.G.I.,Glasgow
  - iv. Coma, BarthelIndex, F.I.M.
- Case presentation with Functional diagnosis:
  - i. Total12cases
  - ii. Threecaseseachin-
  - a) Musculoskeletal
  - b) Neurological
  - c) Cardiovascular&Respiratory(IncludingGeneralMedical&SurgicalCases)
  - d) General&CommunityHealth(IncludingFitness&Health,Women&ChildHealth,OccupationHealth)

To maintain the Record/Journal of the termwork & toget each assignment duly singed by respective Head of the termwork of thethe Dept.

#### **RECOMMENDEDTEXTBOOKS**

- OrthopaedicPhysicalExamination–Magee
- 2. ClinicalElectroTherapy—Nelson—Currier---Appleton&Langepublication
- 3. ClinicalElectromyography–Mishra
- 4. TherapeuticExercises-Colby&Kisner
- 5. PhysicalRehabilitation, Assessmentandtreatment-SusanBO's Sullivan
- 6. NeurologicalExamination-JohnPatten

#### RECOMMENDEDREFERENCEBOOKS

- 1. Maitland'sbookonManualtherapy,
- 2. MobilisationofExtremities–Kaltenborn
- 3. ClinicalElectromyography–Kimura
- 4. OrthopaedicPhysicaltherapy-Donnatelli
- 5. NAGS, SNAGS and MWMS-Brian Mulligan
- 6. Exercise&Heart–Wenger
- 7. ExercisePhysiology–WilliamDMc'Ardle
- 8. FacilitationtechniquesbasedonNDTprinciples-LoisBlyAllisonWhiteside
- 9. MovementtherapyinHemiplegia-Brunnstrom
- 10. CashtextbookofPhysiotherapyinneurologicalconditions—PatriciaDownie
- 11. PhysicalDysfunction—TromblyScoot
- 12. InfantMotorDevelopment-JanPiek
- 13. Neurology&NeurosurgeryIllustrated(3<sup>rd</sup>edition)-Bone&Callander
- 14. Neuro-developmentalTherapy—JanettHowle

#### **SCHEMEOFUNIVERSITYEXAMINATION**

THEORY		Marks			
	I.A.–20 MARKS on paper will give appropriate weight age to all the topics in the syllabus.	100			
SectionA- MCQ	Q-1-MCQs—basedon <b>MUSTKNOW</b> area [20 x1] Section—iInternationalClassificationOfFunction,Disability&Health(ICF)- 1marksSection—iiMusculoskeletalEvaluation&ManipulativeSkills—7Marks Section—liiCardioVascularRespiratoryEvaluation&RelatedSkills—5marksSection— IvNeurotherapeuticEvaluation&ElectroDiagnosis—7marks	20			
SectionB- BAQ	Q2. Answer all of the following. (10 Questions) [10 x2]	20			
SAQ					
LAQ	<ul> <li>Q.4 Long Answer Question (LAQ) (Answer any 2 out of 3) (2x10)=20marks</li> <li>b. Based on topics – Simulated traumatic case/ simulated non-traumatic case on musculoskeletal evaluation and manipulative skills on ICF pattern.</li> <li>c. Based on topics–Simulated case on Neurological evaluation on ICF pattern (Adult/Pediatric)</li> <li>d. Based on topics–Simulated case on Cardio Vascular Respiratory evaluation on ICF pattern.</li> </ul>	20			
	Total Marks	80			

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	<b>LAQs: 20</b>
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL		Marks
80MARKS+I.A20 MARKS		
LONGCASE	[Timemaximum30minutesforstudentsforevaluation]  1. Psychomotor&affective:	45

SHORT CASE	TwoShortcaseson  1. Mobilization Technique: Kaltenborn, Maitland, M.E.T. or Neural Mobilisation(OnModels) [10marks]  2. Neuro Therapeutic Skills: N.D.T. / P.N.F. / Rood's / Brunnstrom\ Motor RelearningProgramme(MRP)(OnModels) [10marks]  OR  ElectroDiagnosis:S.D.Curve/FaradicGalvanicTest(OnPatient) [10marks]  OR  ExerciseToleranceTest:SixMinutesWalkTest(OnModel) [10marks]	20
SPOTS	5spots-(5x2Marks=10Marks)3minutesforeachspot a) Xray(onsection2/3/4) b) PulmonaryFunctionTest c) Bloodgasanalysis d) E.C.G. e) E.M.G./N.C.studies	10
JOURNAL	Documentations-Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis with I.C.F.	5
TotalMarks		80

#### INTERNALASSESSMENT:

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 marks eachTOTAL-160marks
- 2. InternalAssessmenttobecalculatedoutof20marks
- 3. In Practicals of Terminal & Preliminary examinations Spots will be of 15 marks instead of10marks(3marksX5),NomarkswillbeallottedforthejournalinTerminal&Preliminaryexamin ations
- 4. InternalassessmentasperUniversitypattern. Elective course system (Totalhours 30)

#### Mustchooseanyoneoutoffourofthefollowing:

- 1. ICFforMusculoskeletalconditions
- 2. ICFforNeurologicalConditions
- 3. ICFforCardio-PulmonarySubject
- 4. ICFforPostNatal&GeriatricConditions



## **SCHEMEOFEXAMINATIONSATAGLANCE**

### IIIB.P.Th.

SUBJECTS	U	COLLEG					
	Theory			Clinical	EXAMS		
	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total	(Theoryo nly)
Surgery-I (GeneralSurgery+Cardiovascular & Thoracic Surgery + Plastic/ReconstructiveSurgery)	40	10	50				
Surgery-II (Orthopedics)	40	10	50				
Medicine-I (CardiovascularRespiratoryMedicine +GeneralMedicine+Gerontology)	40	10	50				
Medicine-II (Neurology&Pediatrics)	40	10	50				
Gynecology&Obstetr ics	40	10	50				
Community Health &Sociology	80	20	100				
FunctionalDiagnosisand PhysiotherapeuticSkills	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Dermatology							25
Total	360	90	450	80	20	100	25

#### STANDARD OF PASSING B.P.Th

- 1. A Candidate must have minimum of 75 % attendance in theory and 80 % attendance in practical (irrespective of the kind of absence) of each course (subject) for appearing in the University examination.
- 2. For the subjects with practical, there will bethree heads of passing i.e. Theory, Practical, and Internal Assessment. For the subjects without practical there will be two heads of Passing i.e. Theory and Internal Assessment.
- **3.** The candidate should secure minimum 50% marks in each of the theory and practical papers separately. The candidate will be held eligible to appear in the University examination only when he/she secureminimum 35% marks in Internal Assessment.
- **4.** A Candidate should secure at least 50% marks in college exams in subject where there is no University exam.
- **5.** If the candidate fails either in Theory or in Practical Examination of a subject he/she will have to reappear for both theory and practical /clinical examination.
- **6. Grace Marks** -If a candidate fails by five or less marks in aggregate of all subjects in the University examination; grace marks up to five will be given to the candidate by the University before the declaration of result.
- 7. Supplementary Examination-If a candidate fails in any number of course (subject)in the University examinationhe/shecan appear for those subjects onlyin Supplementary Examination, whichwill be held within 3 to 6weeks from the date of declaration of the results of the University examination for every professional year, so that the candidates, who pass, can join the main batch for progression. Candidatewill be required to appear in the supplementary examination in that subject/ subjects while attending classes of next year. If the candidate fails in three or more subjects in supplementary examination, his/her session will be shifted by one year. If the candidate passes in all subjects or gets ATKT(for those who fail in two or less subjects)in Supplementary Examinationthen he/she is eligible to continue with the next

academic year.

- **8.** The candidate should have passed all subjects of previous years before appearing to 4<sup>th</sup> Year B.P.Th. University Examination.
- 9. First class with Distinction –75% and above marks in any subject or overall aggregate. First class 60% to 74.99% and above in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Second Class 55% to 59.99% or 55% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Pass class 50% to 54.99% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects.
- **10.** Themaximumperiodtocompletethe B.P.Th. successfullyshouldnotexceednineyears.
- 11. Internship: There shall be compulsory six months rotatory structured Internship afterpassing finalB.P.Th. examination. Internship should be done in teaching hospital/hospitalsof the university. No candidateshallbeawardeddegreecertificatewithoutsuccessfullycompletingsixmonths internship.
- **12. ResearchProjectwork:** Each Internhavetotakeupa short research projectwork duringinternshipperiod. The protocol approval shall be obtained bytheeach internin the final year of B.P.Th. however the ethical approval should be obtained latest by the second month of internship program. Data shall be collected in the next three months after the approval by the ethics committee. Completed project shall be submitted by the end of 6<sup>th</sup>month.
- **13. Structure of the Research Project:** The written text of the project shall beofminimum50pages excluding references, tables, and questionnairesandotherannexure. It should be neatly typed in double line spacing on one side of paper (A4 size, 8.27" x 11.69") Times new Roman, 12 fontand hard bound properly. The intern shall provide plagiarism declaration in his/her project. The guide and head of the institution shall certify the written text of the project. Three copies of project work thus preparedshallbesubmittedtothePrincipal. The completion certificate of internshipwillbeissuedonlyafter completing the research project.
- **14.** The degree will be awarded after the satisfactory completion of internship and submission of project work, in ensuing convocation to be conducted by the University.



# D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

Declared Ested U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956 Accredited by NAAC with 'A++' Grade



# D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

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## BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (B.P.TH)



## D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY, KOLHAPUR (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

D. Y. Patil College of Physiotherapy Syllabus for IV - Bachelor of Physiotherapy

#### **VISION**

• To become a world class dynamic institution of education research & training to develop globally competitive, professional and socially responsible human resource.

#### **MISSION**

- To ensure globally relevant quality higher education and skill enhancement for providing required trained manpower to the nation & the world.
- To promote symbiotic relations with industry, academic and research institutions and community to meet the expectations of various stakeholders.
- To engage in interdisciplinary research and innovate for furtherance of knowledge, technology and growth.
- To put in place dynamic technocracy for effective use of emerging trends in curriculum development, and radogy, evaluation and system management.
- To provide an environment for holistic evolution of the learners as humane, socially responsible and conscious of sustainable ecosystem.

## IV - Bachelor of Physiotherapy

Progra m Code	Exa m Cod e	Course Name	Subject Name	Sub/Cou rse Code
			Human Anatomy	16010 1
	1601	Ist	Human Physiology	16010 2
	1001	B.P.Th.	Biochemistry	16010
			Fundamentals of Kinesiology &	16010
			Kinesiotherapy	4
			Fundamentals of Electrotherapy	16010 5
			Pathology & Microbiology	16020 1
16	1602	IInd	Pharmacology	16020 2
10	1002	B.P.Th.	Psychiatry & Psychology	16020 3
			Kinesiology	16020 4
			Kinesiotherapy	16020 5
			Electrotherapy	16020 6
			Surgery I	16030 1
	1603	IIIrd	Surgery II	16030 2
		B.P.Th.	Medicine I	16030 3
			Medicine II	16030 4
			Community Health & Sociology	16030 5
			Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills	16030 6
			Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy	16040 1
	1604	IVth	Neuro Physiotherapy	16040

	B.P.Th.		2
		Cardio-Vascular & Respiratory Physiotherapy	16040 3
		Community Physiotherapy	16040 4

#### PROGRAM OUTCOME

- **PO1**: Ability to acquire knowledge about normal- abnormal basic medical and human movementsciences, understandrelevantinvestigations, role of drugsrelated to various medical conditions, surgical treatment and application of physiotherapy interventions.
- **PO2**:To gain knowledge about planning and problem solving abilities to delineate the cognitive, affective and psychomotor skills to perform as a competent physiotherapist who will be able to evaluate, plan and effectively perform the physiotherapeutic skills.
- **PO3**: Demonstrate the ability to acquire good listening potential with effective interpersonal and intra personal communicationskills.

- **PO4**: Extend the acquired knowledge to conduct research activities and publications that contribute to the upliGment in field of physiotherapy and betterment of society.
- **PO5**: Understand moral value, professional ethics and accountability towards patient and colleagues, develop good behaviors skills with confidentiality and humanitarian approach maintaining the respectant privacy of patient.
- **PO6**: Develop leadership skills, time management, logical reasoning, values required for self directed and lifelong learning, soG skills for professional development and execute their professional rolein society as a physiotherapistat various academic institutions, Hospital/Clinics, Organizations, Research laboratories and Rehabilitation centers.
- **PO7**: Understanding about society's needs in terms of health and wellness, to improve multiculturalcompetencyamongprofessionalandgeneralpublic,promotingsocialpolicies that affect the demands of patients in terms of function, health and wellness, develop a character with good moral values, human values, good social behavior, gratitude, honesty, ethics, safety, hygiene, responsibility, confidence, to lerance and critical thinking.
- **PO8**: Able to contribute in sustainable development to achieve the national sustainable development goal, further the relationship between the environment, human health and functioning and physiotherapy are considered and respected to mutually benefit patient'shealth. Ensure healthylife's and promote well being for all at all ages.
- **PO9**: Demonstrate ability to acquire new knowledge skill and reflect upon their experience to enhance personal, professional growth and apply the information for patient care.

#### MUSCULOSKELETAL PHYSIOTHERAPY

- **CO1**: Ability to indentify evaluate analyze preimaly & secondary musculoskeletal dysfunction based on biomechanical kinesio logical & patho physiological principle.
- CO2: Correlate the same with radiological electrophysical biochemical haematological investigation as applicable & arrive at the appropriate physiotherapy dangerous with skilfull evaluation of structure & fraction clinical.
- **CO3**: Understand the pharmaco therapeutics its interaction with physiotherapeutic measures & modify physiotherapeuticintervention.
- **CO4**: Acquire ethical skills by demonstrating safe respectful & effective performance of physical handling techs taking into account the patients clinical conditions the need for privacy the physiotherapist the resources available & the environment.

- **CO5**:The students will be able to plan & prescribe short along term physiotherapy treatment by selectingappropriatemodesofevaluation&interventionincaseofvariousorthopaedic surgeriesupperlimbtrumeslowerlimb&spinetraumapre&postoperativeamputation bone-jointinfection&bonetumoursfarreliefofpainfunctionalindependence.
- CO6: Ability to apply the rotical basis of physiological effects indication contraindications and best available evidence on the effectiveness efficacy &safe application guideline or a full range of physiotherapeutic strategies & interview including appropriate modes of soGtissue and joint. Mobilisation electrotherapy therapeutic exercise and appropriate ergonomics advice that can be employed to manage problems of the individuals structures functions activities & participation capacity & performance levels associated withmusculoskeletalsystemforreliefofpain&preventionrestoration&rehabilitation measures for workplace in community.
- **CO7**: Able to prescribe & train for appropriate orthosis prosthesis & walking aids based on musculoskeletal dysfunction.

#### NEUROSCIENCES PHYSIOTHERAPY

- **CO1**: Acquire the knowledge of identification & analysis of movement dysfunction caused by neuro-musculskeltal disorder in terms of biomechanical & biophysical basis.
- **CO2**: Understand the co-relation of routine electro-physiological radiological & biochemical investigations & formulate appropriate functional diagnosis using the model of Who-International classification functions (ICF) with clinical resolving.
- **CO3**: Acquire the knowledge of planning of realistic short and long term goalron the basic of prognosis of disorders of neuro-muscular system & prescribe appropriate & evidence based neuro therapeutic intervention by taking preccutions of saGy measures.
- **CO4**: Understand infection control principles best practices & appropriatenurotherapeutic techniques for the adults or paediatric clients with neurological conditions.
- **CO5**:Be able to develop psychomotor skills for timely implementation of appropriates outcome me asue for assessment select therapeutic techniques to ensure holistic approach &for reduction long term morbidity.
- **CO6**: Select & implement appropriate neuro-therapeutic approaches electrotherapeutic modalities joint & soG tissue mobilizations & ergonomic advise for conditions neuro-musculoskeletalsystemcontextualfactorstoenhancefunctionalskills&socialintegration.

**CO7**: Be able to develop behavioural skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relative's society & co-professionals, to promote individual &community health.

#### CARDIO RESPIRATORY PHYSIOTHERAPY

- **CO1:** To study of applied anatomy & physiology of Cardiovascular & respiratory system along with pathological changes & pathmechanics.
- CO2: Physical assessment with relevant testes & measures for determining impairments & differential diagnosis related to patients with disorders of cardio-vascular & respiratory system.
- **CO3:** Ability to understand investigation & clinical application of investigation along with exercise testing
- CO4: Ability to understand knowledge of bioenergetics, total energy expenditure adaptation to exercise prevention of complications of bednest Aneobic & an aerobic training & Principles of exercise Prescriptions
- **CO5:** To demonstrate physiotherapeutic skills & branched hygiene techniques in different cardiorespiratoryconditionsalongwithapplicationofICFmodel.
- **CO6:** To study physiotherapy management in medical and surgical cardio respiratory disease alongwithcardiorespiratory&pulmonaryrehabilitation.
- CO7: To study basic evaluation and management of cardio respiratory conditions in ICU along with basic life support.

#### **COMMUNITY PHYSIOTHERAPY**

- **CO1:** Explainroleofphysiotherapyinhealthpromotionincommunityandwomen'shealth.
- **CO2:** Demonstrate evaluation and training of geriatric population.
- **CO3:** ArticulatetheneedofphysiotherapyinaindustrialsetupandexplainErgonomicassessment.
- **CO4:** Acquire the knowledge in preventive and curative measures that are required to be practiced in Community and at all levels of health caresystem.
- **CO5:** Identifytherolesocialsecurity.roleofmedicalsocialworkerandtheroleofNGO's
- **CO6:** Understandtheroleofsocialplanningintheofhealth&inrehabilitation.

IV B.P.Th. SYLLABUS

## Transcript Hrs - 1465

Sr. No.	Subject s	Theor y Hour s	Practica l / Clinic al Hours	Tota l Hour s
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE			
1	Professional Practice & Ethics (College Examination)	015		015
2	Administration, Management & Marketing (College Examination)	020		020
	PHYSIOTHERAPY			
3	Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy	060	140	200
4	Neuro Physiotherapy	065	135	200
5	Cardiovascular-Respiratory Physiotherapy (Including Critical Care)	060	140	200
6	Community Physiotherapy	085	115	200
7	Principles of Bio-engineering (College Examination)	030	-	030
8	Research Methodology & Biostatistics (College Examination)	040	-	040
9	Seminar (including I.C.F.)	-	060	060
10	Supervised clinical practice - During each clinical assignment, the student shall evaluate, functionally diagnose, plan & practice clinical skills on patients in consultation with the qualified physiotherapist staff	-	500	500
	TOT AL	375	1090	1465

#### PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND ETHICS

(COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

Total - 60Hrs (I to IV year)

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This subject will be taught in continuum from first year to final year. An examination will be conducted only in final year. Professional and ethical practice curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours required by the physiotherapistinar ange of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, ethics administration is sues and accountability

of the physical therapists. The course will also cover the history and change in the profession, responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies and professional communication.

Sr.	Topics	I	II	III	IV	Total
No.		B.P.Th.	B.P.Th.	B.P.Th.	B.P.Th.	Hours
1	PROFESSIONAL ISSUES & ETHICS	15 hrs	15 hrs	15 hrs	15 hrs	60

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be compliant in following domains:

#### **COGNITIVE:**

The student will

- 1 Beabletounderstandthemoralvaluesandmeaningofethics.
- 2 Be able to learn and apply ethical code of conduct in fields of clinical practice, learning, teaching, research and physiotherapist-patientrelationship.
- 3. Acquirebedsidemannersandcommunicationskillsinrelationwithpatients, peers, seniors and other professionals.
- 4. Will acquire the knowledge of the basics in Managerial & Management skills, & use of information technology in professional Practice.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

The student will be able to:

- Develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapist-patientrelationship.
- Develop the skill to evaluate and make decisions for plan of management based on sociocultutural values and referral practice.

#### **AFFECTIVE:**

The student will be able to:

- Developbehavioralskillsandhumanitarianapproachwhilecommunicatingwithpatients, relatives, society and co-professionals
- Develop bedside behavior, respect & maintain patients' confidentiality.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Sr No.	Topics	Didacti c Hours (40 hrs)	Visits/ Supervisio n Hours (20 hrs)	Total Hour s (60 hrs)	Must Kno w	Nice To Kno w	Desirabl e to know
I B.P.Th	1. Introduction to the history of Physiotherapy.	2			2		
	2. Orientation to the curriculum, clinical areas and geographical location.	3			3		
	3. Concept of morality and ethics	3	5	15	8		
	4. Concept of professionalism and Professional dress code	2			2		
	1. Ethical code of conduct	3			3		
	2. Communication skills						
II B.P.Th	a Physiotherapist –Patient Relationship	1	10	15	11		
	b. INTERVIEWING -Types of interview, Skills of Interviewing	1					
			lor of Physiot		(D. D. T	1	

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III B.P.Th	1. Collecting data on psychosocial factors in Medicine, Surgery, Reproductive Health, Paediatrics	4			4		
•	2. Inter professional communication.	3				3	
	3. Ethics in clinical practice	3	5	15	8		
	1. Roles of Physiotherapist as patient manager, Consultant, Critical inquirer, Educator, Administrat or	5			5		
	2. Laws and regulations	2				2	
IV B.P.Th	3. Professional development, competence and expertise	2			2		
	4. Professional bodies	2			2		
	5. Ethics in Research	1		15	1		
	6. Ethics in Teaching	2			2		
	7. Role of W.C.P.T. & Council	1			1		
TOTAL		40	20	60			

#### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE LITERATURE

- 1 Rules&RegulationofIndianAssociationofPhysiotherapists
- W.C. P.T. ethics (from theirwebsite)
- ${\tt 3} \qquad {\tt GazetteofMaharashtraCouncil for Occupational the rapists \& Physiotherapists}$

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY ONLY [There shall be no l * The question paper	LAQ in this paper] er will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the s	syllabus.	Mark s
Section A-Q-1	Section A-Q-1 MCQs – based on MUSTKNOWarea [20X1]		20
Section-B-Q-2 &	SAQ-toAnsweranyTHREEoutofFOUR	[3 x5]	15
Q3	SAQ – to Answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5]		15
	Total Marks		50
	Passing in the examination is Mandatory		

Grades: A + = 75% & above, A = 66 to 74.5%, B + = 55 to 65%, B = 50 to 54.5%, C = less than 50%.

#### ADMINISTRATION, MANAGEMENT & MARKETING

## (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

Total - 20 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours required of the physiotherapist in a range of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, administration issues of the physiotherapists. The course will also coverresponsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies, professional communication, reflective practices trategies and personal management issues (stress, work-life balance). Factors that influence individual practice are addressed, including the availability and accessibility of local health care resources as well as the ethical, legal and regulatory requirements of practicing the physiotherapy profession in a given jurisdiction.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

## At the end of the course the student will be compliant in following domains: COGNITIVE:

#### The student will:

- Learn the management basics in fields of clinical practice, teaching, research and physiotherapy practice in the community.
- Acquirecommunicationskillsinrelationwithpatients, peers, seniors and other professionals & the community.
- Acquire the knowledge of the basics in Managerial & Management skills, & use of Information technology in professionalPractice

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

#### The student will be able to:

- Develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapypractice.
- Develop skill to evaluate and make decision for plan of management based on socio cultural values and referral practice.

#### **AFFECTIVE:**

The student will be able to:

Developbehavioralskillsandhumanitarianapproachwhilecommunicatingwithpatients, relatives, society at large and co-professionals.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	T o p i c s	Didacti c Hour s (20 Hrs)	Must Kno w	Nice to Kno w	Desir able to Kno w
1.	Management studies related to—local health care organization Management & structure, planning delivery with quality assurance & funding of service delivery information technology career Development in Physiotherapy.	05	5		
2.	Administration-principles-based on the Goal & functions-at large hospital set up / domiciliary services/ private clinic/academics	03	3		
3.	Methods of maintaining records	02	2		
4.	Budget-planning	03	3		
5.	Performance analysisphysical structure / reporting system [man power / status / functions / quantity & quality of services/turn overcost benefit revenue contribution	03		3	
6.	Setting up Therapeutic gymnasium, Fitness clinics, Cardiac and Pulmonary Rehab centers etc.	02	2		
7.	Time management	02	2		
	TOTAL	20			

#### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK

- 1 Administration for Physiotherapists-Pai
- 2 Principles of Hospital Administration-Sakharkar

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY 50MARKS [There shall be no LAQ in this paper] * The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.		Mark s
Section A-Q-1	MCQs – based on MUSTKNOWarea [20x1]	20
Section-B-Q-2 &	SAQ-toAnsweranyTHREEoutofFOUR [3 x5]	15
Q3	SAQ – to Answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5]	15

Total	50
Marks	

## Passing in the exam is Mandatory

Grades: A + = 75% & above, A = 66 to 74.5%, B + = 55 to 65%, B = 50 to 54.5%, C = less than 50%.

#### MUSCULOSKELETAL PHYSIOTHERAPY

(Didactic - 60 hours + Practical-140 hours) **TOTAL: 200 HOURS** 

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course includes a study of applied anatomy and physiology of the musculo-skeletal system alongwithpathologicalchangesandpatho-mechanicsofthesystem. It discusses relevant tests and measures for determining impairment and differentiating the diagnosis based on the specificity and sensitivity of the assessment instruments as related to patients with disorders of the musculo-skeletal system.

Musculo-skeletal Physiotherapy focuses on maximizing functional independence and well-being. The course uses a patient-centered model of care with multi-system assessment, evidence based interventions and a significant patient education component to promote a healthy, active lifestyle and community-based living.

The candidate will have a sound understanding of theory, scientific evidence and best practices in the areas of the Musculo-skeletal System including Movement Sciences, Psychosocial Sciences and Physiotherapy.

Sr. No.	Topic s	Didactic Hours	Clinic al Hour s			
	Must Know					
1.	Use of ICF model in physiotherapy management of health condition of musculoskeletal system	02	00			
2.	Outcome measures – and Evidence Based Practice	02	00			
3.	Biomechanical / Physiological basis of physiotherapy intervention skills	04	05			
4.	Physiotherapy interventions with goal setting for dysfunctions due to musculoskeletal health conditions secondary to conservative or surgical management of:					
	Manifestations of trauma and their complications	22	50			
	Degenerative Arthritis	07	45			
	Inflammatory conditions	04	05			
	Infectious Diseases of bones & joints	02	05			
	Metabolic & Hormonal Disorders	02	05			
	Congenital & Acquired Deformities	06	10			
	Peripheral Nerve Injuries & Plexus Injuries	03	05			
	Tumours of bone, Vascular disorders and Traumatic Amputations	06	10			
	TOT AL	60	140			

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### At the end of the course, student will be able to:

#### **COGNITIVE:**

- Identify, evaluate, analyze & discuss primary and secondary musculo-skeletal dysfunction, based on biomechanical, kinesiological & patho-physiological principles.
- Correlate the same with radiological, electrophysiological, biochemical/ haematological investigations as applicable & arrive at the appropriate Physiotherapy diagnosis with skillfulevaluationofstructureandfunctionwithclinicalreasoning.
- Understand the pharmaco-therapeutics, its interaction with physiotherapeutic measures and modify physiotherapeutic interventionappropriately.
- Apply knowledge of psychosocial factors (personal and environmental factors in the context of disability associated with the musculo-skeletal system or multiple body systems)forbehavioralandlifestylemodificationanduseappropriatetrainingandcoping strategies.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- Apply theoretical basis of physiological effects, indications, contraindications; and best availableevidenceontheeffectiveness, efficacyands a feapplication guidelines for a full range of physiotherapeutic strategies and interventions, including appropriate modes of tissue & joint mobilization, electrotherapy, the rapeutic exercise, and appropriate ergonomicad vise that can be employed to manage problems of the individual's structures, functions, activities and participation, capacity and performance levels associated with the musculo-skeletal system, for relief of pain & prevention, restoration and rehabilitation measures for maximum possible functional independence at home, work place and in community.
- Prescribe and train for appropriate orthoses, prostheses and walking aids based on musculoskeletaldysfunction.

#### **AFFECTIVE:**

Acquire ethical skills by demonstrating safe, respectful and effective performance of physical handling techniques taking into account the patient's clinical condition, the need for privacy, the physiotherapist, the resources available and the environment

# **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No	TOPICS	Didacti c Hour s	Practic al Hours	Tota l Hour s	Mus t	Desi rable to know	Nice to know
1	Use of ICF model (Bio, Psycho and Social) to plan Short term and Long-term goals in physiotherapy management of health condition of musculoskeletal system  a. Identification of short term and long term goals based on  Capacity and Performance related to activities and participation to enhance functioning  Personal and Environment factors -facilitators and barriers that affect disablement and functioning  Documentation of disability and functioning  Red flags- Recognizing signs and symptom	02	-	02	02		
2	Introduction to functional scales as outcome measures—Generic and Disease specific.	01	-	01		01	
	Evidence base practice in musculoskeletal health conditions- levels of evidence, clinical application	01	-	01		01	
3	Biomechanical/Physiological basis of following modes physiotherapy interventions implemented during all three stages of tissue healing-						
	a. Electrotherapeutic modes for pain- acute and chronic pain syndromes, swelling, wound healing, re- education	01	00	01	01		
	b. Therapeutic exercise to alleviate pain, increase mobility, muscle performance (strength) endurance, motor control, muscle length, posture and gait training	02	00	02	02		
	<ul> <li>Taping techniques for pain relief, support and posture correction</li> <li>i. Principles</li> <li>ii. Indications /Contraindications</li> <li>iii. Types of tapes and terminologies used</li> <li>iv. Techniques</li> </ul>	01	05	06	06		
4	The following topics are applicable to all conditions related to musculoskeletal dysfunction throughout lifespan in acute care setting, hospital, chronic  Batchelor of Phy	-	-	-	-	-	-

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conditions at home and in community on the basis of:
1. Evaluation, interpretation of investigations and appropriate clinical reasoning for Functional diagnosis (ICF).
2. Evidence-based analysis of tools and techniques, (including Quality of Life questionnaires), and planning, prescription & implementation of short term & long term goals of Physiotherapy with appropriate documentation of the same.
3. Applicationofappropriateelectrotherapeuticmo desforreliefofacute&chronicpain,welling and for wound healing, muscle/ movement reeducation etc. with clinical reasoning.
4. Application of appropriate exercise therapeutic modes for improving joint mobility, muscle strength & endurance and motor control.
5. Applicationofadvancedtherapeuticmodesofman ualmobilizationtechniques(non- thrust techniques to be applied on extremities only), Friction Massage, Myofascial release, Muscle Energy Techniques and Neuro Dynamic Techniques on patients.
6. Application of appropriate therapeutic exercise using therapeutic gymnasium tools as and when indicated, for relief of pain, enhancing structural stability, strength &endurance, and functional maintenance &/ or restoration including posture correction and gait training
including preventive measures.  7. Prescription of appropriate orthotic &
prosthetic devices.  8. Various taping techniques for support & pain relief; principles, indications, contraindications, types of tapes used & relevant terminology.
9. Appropriate Home Program & Ergonomic advise for preventive measures & functional efficiency at home, work place and during recreation. Advice to Parents & Care Givers.
Physiotherapy interventions with goal setting for dysfunctions due to impairments of Pain,Mobility,Muscleperformance(Strength),Endu rance,MotorControl,Musclelength, Posture and
Movement Balance and Gait for common health

conditions secondary to conservative or surgical management of the following regions, with appropriate consideration of red flags:					
1. Manifestations of trauma and their complications:	16	40	56		
a. Bones – fractures & fracture-dislocations of extremities & spine and their complications & management	08	20		20	
b. Soft tissues injuries of extremities & spine and their complications & Management, contused lacerated wounds (CLWs) Burns complications and management, Crush injuries and its conservative and post surgical management.	08	20		20	
<ul> <li>Degenerative Arthritis</li> <li>Osteoarthritis of knee</li> <li>Peri-arthritis of shoulder</li> <li>Spinal degenerative conditions like</li> <li>Sponylosis, Spondylysis, Spondylolisthesis, and Spinal Canal Stenosis.</li> </ul>	07	45	52	52	
<ul> <li>Inflammatory conditions</li> <li>Rheumatoid, Gouty, Septic arthritis</li> <li>Spondylo-arthropathies e.g. Ankylosing Spondylitis.</li> <li>Cellulites and its complications.</li> <li>Post incisional inflammation and infection.</li> <li>Myositis ossificans and traumatic.</li> <li>Avascular necrosis</li> </ul>	04	05	09	09	
<ul> <li>4. Infectious Diseases of bones &amp; joints of extremities &amp;spine</li> <li>a Tuberculosis b. Osteomyelitis</li> </ul>	02	05	07		
<ul><li>5. Metabolic &amp; Hormonal Disorders</li><li>a. Osteoporosis</li><li>b. Osteomalacia</li></ul>	02	05	07	07	
6. Congenital & Acquired Deformities of extremities & spine a. CTEV c. DDH b. Kyphosis d. Scoliosis e. Genu valgus / varus f. Cubitus varus / valgus g. Coxa vara /valga etc. h. Deformities of the foot	06	10	16	16	
7.Peripheral Nerve Injuries & Plexus Injuries- complications & management	03	05	08	08	
8. Soft tissue injuries during sports and as a result of Over-use: conservative and operative management	04	05	09	09	

9. Musculo-skeletal complications in Cerebral	02	05	07	07		
Palsy & Poliomyelitis and reconstructive						
surgeries.						
10. Tumours of bone tissue.	01		01		01	
11. Vascular disorders affecting musculoskeletal	01	02	03		03	
system- V.I.C., C.R.P.S., Compartment syndrome						
12. Traumatic Amputation	04	08	12	12		
Types Complications and management						
inclusive of prosthetic prescription						
&training						

## **CLINICAL:**

## SUPERVISED CLINICAL PRACTICE:

During this supervised clinical practice, student should be able to successfully execute the competencies in assessment, Functional diagnosis on ICF basis, plan of care and therapeutic interventions relating to musculo-skeletal dysfunctions. Student should become familiar with performance of these skills in all settings (inpatient and outpatient) as well as on all types of conditions (surgical, non-surgical, paediatric and geriatric). Student should learn to perform these skills objectively under the supervision of trained physical therapists. Student is required to keep aperformance record of all listed competencies during the clinical practice and successfully perform on real patients during the final evaluation of the course.

## CLINICAL COMPETENCIES:

## COMPETENCY IN ASSESMENT AND CLINICAL REASONING:

Student should be able to apply the ICF framework in selecting measurement tools to ensure a holisticapproachtoevaluationofbodystructureandfunction, activities, participation; and select and administer assessment/evaluation tools and techniques suitable for the patient's problems and condition(s) based on the best available evidence and interpret the information obtained demonstrating evidence-based decision-making and safehand ling techniques uch as:

- 1. Risk factor screening (Red flags & Yellow flags).
- 2. Assessment of Musculo-skeletal dysfunction.
- **3.** Interpretation of Radiological, Electrophysiological, Haematological and Biochemical investigations.
- **4.** Aerobic fitness and Functional performance testing as appropriate
- 5. Identification and quantification of environmental and home barriers and facilitators
- **6.** Identification and analysis of body mechanics during self-care, home management, work, community, tasks, or leisure activities.
- 7. Identification and analysis of ergonomic performance during work (job/school/play):
- **8.** AssessmentofQualityofLifethroughuseofappropriatequestionnaireandgenericordisease-specific scales (nice to know)
- **9.** Identificationandprioritizationofimpairmentsinbodyfunctionsandstructures, and activity limitations and participation restrictions to determine specific body function and structure, and activities and participation towards which the intervention will be directed
- **10.** State the evidence (patient/clienthistory,labdiagnostics,testsandmeasuresandscientific literature) to support a clinical decision.
- **11.** Determine the predicted level of optimal functioning and the time required to achieve that level.
- **12.** Recognize barriers that may impact the achievement of optimal functioning within a predicted time frame and ways to overcome them when possible.

## **B. COMPETENCY IN DEVELOPING PLAN OFCARE:**

Student should be able to:

- 1 Identify patient goals and expectations.
- 2 Design a Plan of Care with measurable functional goals(short-term and long-term) that are prioritized and time bound.
- 3. Consultpatientand/orcaregiverstodevelopamutualagreementregardingtheplanofcare.
- 4. Identifyindications/additionalneedsforconsultationwithotherprofessionals&appropriate referrals.
- 5. Selecttheinterventionsthataresafe, realisticand meet the specified functional goals and outcomes in the plan of care: (a) identify precautions and contraindications, (b) provide evidence for patient-centered interventions that are identified and selected, (c) define the specificity of the intervention (time, intensity, duration, and frequency).
- 6. Measureandmonitorpatientresponsetointerventionandmodifyelementsoftheplanof careandgoalsinresponsetochangingpatient/clientstatus,asneeded.
- 7. Establishcriteria for discharge based on patient goals and current functioning and disability.

C.

**COMPETENCYINPHYSIOTHERAPEUTICINTERVENTION:** Importantinfluence sonMusculo skeletal physiotherapy management choices may include but not limitedto:

- 1 Diversesettingsofcareincludingcritical,acute,longterm,rehabilitation,andcommunitycare;
- Lifespan issues ranging from the neonatal stage to those associated withaging;

- Life style modification for diseases and forprevention
- 2 Skillofapplicationofphysicalandelectricalagentsforreliefofacute&chronicpainand swelling.
- Facilitation,re-educationandtrainingofmusclestrength,endurance&motorcontrol,posture and gait through skillful use of various therapeutic exercise techniques with appropriate therapeutic gymnasiumequipment.
- 4 SkillofapplicationoftherapeuticmodesofimprovingjointmobilityandsoGtissueflexibility likejointmobilizationtechniquesandsoGtissuetechniqueslikeMuscleEnergyTechniques, Myofascial Release, Friction Massage, Neuro Dynamic Techniquesetc.
- 5 Functional training in self care, home, work (job, school and play), community and leisure activities

## **DOCUMENTATION**

Presentation&Documentationof8Cases(4traumas,4cold)forpatientmanagementusingICF model asfollowing:

(Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention, Outcome)

- 1 SoGtissue lesion
- 2 Fractures of upper Limb (Including HandInjury),
- 3 Fractures of lowerlimb,
- Fractures of spine with/without Neurologicalcondition
- 5 Degenerative/Inflammatoryarthritisofperipheralskeletaljoint
- 6 Degenerative /inflammatory arthritis of Spine
- 7 Musculoskeletal condition of Hand &Foot

Amputation

## RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1 Therapeutic Exercise -O'Sullivan
- Orthopaedic Physical Therapy- Donatelli
- Cash's Textbook of Orthopedics & Rheumatology for Physiotherapists
- 4 Tidy's Physical Therapy
- 5 Manual Mobilization of Extremity Joints Kaltenborn
- Therapeutic Exercise: Foundations and Techniques Kolby & Carolyn Kisner Physical Rehabilitation SusanO'sullivan

## RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 ManualTherapy:Nags,Snags,MWMs,etc-6thEditionBrianRMulligan
- 2 Maitland's Peripheral Manipulation EllyHengeveld
- 3 Neural tissue mobilization Butler

- 4 Brukner&Khan'sClinicalSportsMedicine-PeterBrukner,KarimKhan(McgrawMedical)
- 5 TherapeuticExercise:MovingTowardFunction-CarrieM.Hall,LoriTheinBrody
- 6 ManualMobilizationofExtremityJoints-Kaltenborn
- Neural Tissue Mobilization -Butler
- 8 Taping Techniques –Rose MacDonald
- 9 Clinical Orthopaedicrehabilitation-Broadsman

## SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY			Marks				
80 MARKS + I.A. * The question paper	– 20 MARKS er will give appropriate weightage to	all the topics in the syllabus.	100				
Section A – M.C.Qs.	Q.1 -MCQs	[20  x 1=20]	20				
Section B- B.A.Q.	Q.2 - Answer all of the following.	(10 Questions) [10 x 2 = 20]	20				
S.A.Q.	Q. 3- Answer any 4 out of 5.	$[4 \times 5 = 20]$	20				
L.A.Q.	Q. 4 - Answer any 2 out of 3	[2 x 10 = 20]	20				
	Structured question based on ICI physiotherapeutic intervention LA marks e.g.(2+3+5)	0					
	Q-4. — a. Based on traumatic conditions	of upper limb or lower limb  OR					
	b. Based on non-traumatic conditions of upper limb or lower limb  OR						
	c. Based on traumatic or non-trau	matic conditions of spine					
	Total Marks		80				

MCQs: 20	BAQs: 20	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL 80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS		Mark s				
		100				
- 0.11 <i>G</i>	Subjective and Physical Examination -10marks Evaluation and Physical therapy diagnosis(ICF)–10marks Plan of care - Goal setting – 10marks	45				
LONG CASE	d Demonstration of any one important test and treatment intervention on patient -15marks  [Student will be evaluated in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.]					
SHORT CASE	One Short case on: Demonstrations of two physiotherapy intervention skills for effective patient management 2 x 10marks	20				
SPOTS	5 spots - (5 x2 Marks= 10 Marks) 3 minutes for each spot X- ray of extremities and spine, Orthoses, Prostheses, Metal Implant	15				
JOURNAL	Documentations- Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention of Case along with ICF	5				
	Total Marks	80				

## **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two examinations Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160marks
- Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- InPracticalsofTerminal&Preliminaryexaminations,Spotswillbeof15marksinstead of 10 marks (3 marks X 5)
- Internal assessment (Theory) as perUniversity pattern.

## **NEUROPHYSIOTHERAPY**

(Didactic 60 hrs + Clinical 140 hrs) TOTAL 200 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course includes a study of applied anatomy and physiology of the neuromuscular system alongwiththepathologicalchangesandpatho-mechanicsofthesystem. It discusses relevant tests and measures for determining impairment and differentiating the diagnosis based on the specificity and sensitivity of the assessment instruments as related to patients with disorders of the neuromuscular system.

Neurophysiotherapy curriculum emphasizes the selection and use of measurement tools and management techniques based on the best available evidence. Physiotherapy strategies for assessment and treatment address structural & functional impairments and activitylimitations ofindividualsandpopulation(bothadults&paediatric)inthecontextoftheirpersonalneeds/goalsincludingparticipationrestrictionsandtheenvironmenttheylivein. The permanence of many neurological impairments mandates that, where possible, emphasis is placed on prognosis and criterion – referenced outcomes to establish realistic goals.

The therapeutic approach is patient and family focused with a bio psychosocial emphasis that embraces inter professional collaboration and requires ongoing communication, education and negotiation with the client, family, care giver and healthcare team.

Sr. No.	Topic s	Didactic Hours	Practica l Hours	Tota l Hour s
1.	APPLICATION OF ICF MODEL	02		002
2.	THEORETICAL BASIS OF MOTOR CONTROL AND LEARNING	02		002
3.	ADAPTIVE SYSTEM: PLASTICITY AND RECOVERY	01		001
	GENERAL METHODS OF STRENGTH TRAINING,FITNESS AND PROMOTION OF SKILL ACQUISITION	04		004
4.	QUALITY OF LIFE SCALES AND INDEPENDENCE MEASURE	02		002
5.	PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT			
	A. ADULT	37	095	132
	B. PAEDIATRIC	17	040	057
	TOT AL	65	135	200

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, student will

#### **COGNITIVE:**

- Be able to identify and analyze movement dysfunction due to neuromuscular skeletal disorders in terms of biomechanical and biophysical basis, correlate the same with the health condition, routine electrophysiological, radiological and biochemical investigations, andarriveatappropriatephysicaltherapydiagnosisusingWHO-ICFwithclinicalreasoning.
- Be able to plan realistic goals based on the knowledge of prognosis of the disease of the nervous system and prescribe appropriate, safe evidence based physiotherapy interventions with clinical reasoning.
- Understandinfectioncontrolprinciples, bestpractices and techniques applicable to a range of setting where clients with neurological conditions would receive physiotherapy services.
- d Knowdeterminacyofhealth(environmental,nutritional,self-management/behavioral factors) and chronic disease management principles related to neurological health.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- Beabletodeveloppsychomotorskillstoimplementtimelyandappropriatephysiotherapy assessmenttools/techniquestoensureaholisticapproachtopatientevaluationinorder to prioritize patient'sproblems.
- Be able to select timely physiotherapeutic interventions to reduce morbidity and physiotherapy management strategies, suitable for the patients' problems and indicator conditions based on the best available evidence.
- Implement appropriate neuro-physiotherapeutic approaches, electrotherapeutic modalities, joint and soGtissue mobilizations and ergonomic advice for neuromuscular skeletal systems, contextual factors to enhance performance of activities and participation in society.

## **AFFECTIVE:**

Be able to develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society and co-professionals, to promote individual and community health.

# **SYLLABUS**

# **SYLLABUS**

S r · N o.	Topics	Dida ctic Ho urs	Pract ical Hou rs	To tal Ho urs	M ust kn ow	Desir able to know	Ni ce to kn
	Features of ICF model (bio, psycho and social) to plan efficient, effective and cost-contained short term and long term goals to enhance functioning in a patient with health condition of nervous system.  a Clinical utility of bi-directional relationships among the ICF model'sdomain  b Environment and Personal factors- Facilitators and Barriers that affect disablement and functioning  c Capacity and Performance related Activities and Participation to enhance Functioning  d Set patient specific goals and expected out come with clinical reasoning  e Documentation of disability and functioning Red flags-recognizing signs and symptoms	2		2	2		
2	Theoretical basis of motor control and learning to understand various neuro physiotherapeutic approaches.	2		2	2		
3	a. Plasticity of the intact brain i. motorlearning ii. training iii. plasticity Plasticity following brain lesion · nature of spontaneous recovery · effect of environment behavior and recovery · adaptation of motor performance · muscle adaptation	1		1	1		
	Strength training and physical conditioning in neuro rehabilitation to optimize functional performance	2		2	2		
	Skill acquisition in restoration of functional performance information, instruction, demonstration feedback practice	2	-	2	2		

			ı	1	1	I	
4	Quality of Life scales & Independence Measures	2		2	2		
5							
	to Neuromuscular dysfunction throughout life's pan in acute						
	care setting, hospital, chronic conditions at home and in						
	community on the basis of:						
	Evaluation, interpretation of investigations and appropriate						
	clinical reasoning for Functional diagnosis (I.C.F.)						
	2 Evidence						
	basedanalysisoftoolsandtechniques,(includingQualityofL						
	ifequestionnaires), and						
	planning,prescription&implementationofshortterm&long						
	termgoalsofPhysiotherapywith appropriate						
	documentation of the same.						
	3 Manifestationofmovementdysfunctionfollowingdiseaseor						
	traumaofthecentralorperipheral nervoussystem.						
	a. Bed mobility						
	b. lying tositting						
	c. standing up and sittingdown						
	d. walking						
	e. balance						
	f. reaching						
	g. manipulation						
	4 Selecting appropriate assessment/evaluation tools and techniques suitable for the patients health condition and						
	•						
	•						
	demonstrating evidence based decision making-use of						
	biomechanical measures, generic scales/instruments						
	tomeasure						
	arousal,cognition,sensation,tone,strength,locomotionandbal						
	ance, upper extremity function,						
	anxietyanddepression,qualityoflifeandindependence,Self						
	assessmentandselfefficacyscales and common disease						
	specific scales.						
	<ul><li>GCS</li><li>Mini Mental State Examination</li></ul>						
	Ashworth scale						
	Gait-D.G.I.						
	Balance- BBS, Functional Arm Reach Test.						
	· T.U.G.						
	Barthel A.D.L index						
	· SF – 36 Discoss apositio massures STREAM Pruppetrom						
	· Disease specific measures–S.T.R.E.A.M., Brunnstrom,						

Fugl-Meyer assessment .A.S.I.A. Scale, U.P.D.R.	S.,					
E.D.S.S.				-		-
6 PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT – ADULT Planning of short term and long term goals in accordance with ICF for all the conditions in neurosciences by doing detail assessment and appropriate outcome measures and planning evidence based treatment program-for key indicator conditions						
a Stroke – cerebral circulation, types of stroke and manifestations, assessment and management	08	10	1 8	1 0	08	
b. Acquired brain injury; trauma and pathology (S.O.L.)	03	05	0 8	0 8		
c. Spinal cord disorders – traumatic and non–traumatic, management including bladder training	04	08	1 2	1 2		
d. Peripheral neuropathies—traumatic & non traumatic	06	08	1 4	1 4		
e. Vestibular disorders – central and peripheral	02	05	0 7		07	
f. VII <sup>th</sup> cranial nerve	01	04	0 5		05	
g. Demyelinating diseases - Multiple Sclerosis & G.B. syndrome	02	05	0 7		07	
h. Extrapyramidal diseases, with emphasis on Parkinson's disease	03	15	1 8	1 8		
i. Anterior Horn Cell diseases – heredity and acquired e.g. M.N.D., P.M.A., S.M.A., Poliomyelitis	02	05	0 7		05	0 2
j. Myopathies	02	10	1 2		10	0 2
k. Disorders of A.N.S. – Horner's syndrome, Hypo/Hypertension, Autonomic Dysreflexia	01	05	0 6		05	0
1. Psychosomatic pain & paralysis	0	05	0 6		06	
7 Treatment programme includes:  1 Application of appropriate electro therapeutic modes for relief of pain and functional reeducation with clinical reasoning.  2 Application of skills as Neurotherapeutic approaches (Brunnstrom,Roods,Bobath,N.D.T., M.R.P., mental 30SYLLABUSBatchelorofPhysiotherapy-(B.P.Th)						

imagery, Constraint induced movement therapy, learning transfers), co ordination and balancing exercise by using techniques based on Neurophysiological principles.  Tools and adaptive equipments used for neurorehabilitation like Vestibular balls Tilt boards, Bolsters, Wedges, Graded Benches, Therapeutic mats etc.  Application of transfer and functional re-education exercise, postural exercise and gait training.  Bladder and bowel training Prescriptionforappropriateorthoticdevicesandfabricationof temporarysplints Living techniques, wheel chair modifications, adaptive devices Ergonomic advice for prevention/rehabilitation for the patients as well as for parents/care givers education about handling of patients.  **BPHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT - PAEDIATRIC** Knowledge of developmental neurology, plasticity in development, Etiology, Pathophysiology of common neuropaediatric conditions, impairment, clinical reasoning, goal setting & P.T. management skills.  1. Cerebral palsy -etiology and type -assessment -differential diagnosis -management 2. Down's syndrome  01 05 0 0 0 8 10 8  3. Neuraltubedefects:SpinaBifidaan d Hydrocephalus  4. Brachial plexus injuries  01 02 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 3 03  5. Infectious disorders  01 01 02 0 0 2 0 0 2 7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies  01 05 0 6 8 8. S.M.A./H.S.M.N.							
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3.Neuraltubedefects:SpinaBifidaan   02   10   1   1   1   2   2   2				0	0		
3.Neuraltubedefects:SpinaBifidaan d Hydrocephalus       02       10       1 1 2 2       2         4. Brachial plexus injuries       01       02       0 3 3       03         5. Infectious disorders       01       01       0 0 2 2       0 0 0 2         6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis       01       01       0 0 2 2       0 0 0 2         7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies       01       05       0 0 0 0 0 0 0       06         8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.       0       0       0       0	2. Down s syndrome	01	05				
d Hydrocephalus       02       10       2       2         4. Brachial plexus injuries       01       02       0       03         5. Infectious disorders       01       01       0       0         6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis       01       01       0       0         7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies       01       05       0       06         8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.       0       0       0	2 Neuraltubedefecte: Spina Rifidaan			1			
4. Brachial plexus injuries       01       02       03       03         5. Infectious disorders       01       01       0       0       0         6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis       01       01       0       0       2         7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies       01       05       0       06       0         8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.       0       0       0       0       0	*	02	10				
5. Infectious disorders  01 01 02 3  01 01 02 2  6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis  01 01 01 0 0 0  2 0 0  2 0 0  7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies  01 05 0 06  8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			+	2		
5. Infectious disorders  01 01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4. Brachial plexus injuries	01	02	_		03	
6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis  01 01 2 2  01 01 2 2  7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies  01 05 0 06  8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.		01	02	3			
6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis  01 01 02 0 0 2  7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies  01 05 0 06 06	5. Infectious disorders	0.1	0.1	0	0		
6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis       01       01       0       0         7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies       01       05       0       06         8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.       0       0       0		O1	01	2	2		
7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies  01 01 2 2  01 05 0 06  8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.	6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis			0			0
7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies  01  05  06  08 S M A / H S M N	The state of the s	01	01				2
8 S M A / H S M N 0 0 0	7 DMD % other Myonethics					06	
8 S M A / H S M N	7. D.M.D. & other Myopathies	01	05			06	
8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.				+			
	8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.	01	01	0			0
		01	01	2			1
9. Pediatric extra pyramidal disorders 0 0 06	9. Pediatric extra pyramidal disorders	01	05	0		06	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	l l	UI	03	6			

#### **CLINICAL**

#### SUPERVISED CLINICAL PRACTICE:

Duringthesupervisedclinicalpractice, studentshould be able to successfully execute the copetencies in assessment, physical diagnosis on ICF basis, plan of care and the rapeutic interventions relating to neuromuscular dysfunctions. Student should become familiar with performance of these skills in all settings (in patient and outpatient) as well as on all types of conditions (surgical, non-surgical, pediatric and geriatric). Student should learn to objectively perform these skills under the supervision of trained physical therapists. Student is required to keep a performance record of all listed competencies during the clinical practice and successfully perform on real patients during the evaluation of the course.

## **CLINICAL COMPETENCIES:**

## AJ OMPETENCYINASSESMENTAND CLINICALREASONING:

Student should be able to apply the ICF framework in selecting measurement tools to ensure a holistic approach to evaluation of body structure and function, activities, participation; and select and administer assessment/evaluation tools and techniques suitable for the patient's problemsandcondition(s)basedonthebestavailableevidenceandinterprettheinformation obtaineddemonstratingevidence-baseddecision-makingandsafehandlingtechniquesuchas:

- 1 Risk factor screening (Red flags & Yellowflags).
- 2 Assessment of Neuromuscular dysfunction.
- 3 InterpretationofRadiological, Electrophysiological, Hematological and Biochemical investigations.
- 4 Identificationandquantificationofenvironmentalandhomebarriersandfacilitators
- Identification and analysis of body mechanics during self-care, home management, work, community, tasks, or leisureactivities.
- 6 Identification and analysis of ergonomic performance during work (job/school/play):
- AssessmentofQualityofLifethroughuseofappropriatequestionnaireandgenericordisease-scales (nice toknow)
- Identification and prioritization of impairments in body functions and structures, and activity limitations and participation restrictions to determine specific body function and structure, and activities and participation towards which the intervention will be directed
- State the evidence (patient/client history, lab diagnostics, tests and measures and scientific literature) to support a clinical decision.
- ${\tt 1\!\! Determine the predicted level of optimal functioning and the time required to achieve that level.}$
- 1 Recognizebarriersthatmayimpacttheachievementofoptimalfunctioningwithinapredicted time frame and ways to overcome them when possible.

## **B] COMPETENCY IN DEVELOPING PLAN OFCARE:**

Student should be able to:

- 1. Identify patient goals and expectations.
- DesignaPlanofCarewithmeasurable,prioritizedandtimeboundfunctionalgoals(short-term andlong-term)
- 3. Consultpatientand/orcaregiverstodevelopamutualagreementregardingtheplanofcare.
- 4. Identifyindications/additionalneedsforconsultationwithotherprofessionals&appropriate referrals.
- 5. Select the interventions that are safe, realistic and meet the specified functional goals and outcomesintheplanofcare:-(a)identifyprecautionsandcontraindications,(b)provideevidence for patient-centered interventions that are identified and selected, (c) define the specificity of the intervention (time, intensity, duration, andfrequency).
- 6. Measureandmonitorpatientresponsetointerventionandmodifyelementsoftheplanofcare and goals in response to changing patient/client status, asneeded.
- 7. Establishcriteriafordischargebasedonpatientgoalsandcurrentfunctioninganddisability.

## **COMPETENCY IN PHYSIOTHERAPEUTICINTERVENTION:**

Importantinfluencesonneuromuscularphysiotherapymanagementchoicesmayincludebut not limitedto:

- 1 Diversesettingsofcareincludingcritical,acute,longterm,rehabilitation,andcommunitycare;
- 2 Lifespan issues ranging from the neonatal stage to those associated withaging
- 3 Life style modification for diseases and forprevention.
- 4 Skillofapplicationofphysicalandelectricalagentsforreliefofacute&chronicpainandswelling.
- Facilitation,re-educationandtrainingofmusclestrength,endurance&motorcontrol,postureand gaitthroughskillfuluseofvarioustherapeuticexercisetechniqueswithappropriatetherapeutic gymnasiumequipment.
- 6 SkillofapplicationofNeurotherapeuticmodesofimprovingneuromuscularstrength,endurance, movement control,coordination.
- 7. Functionaltraininginselfcare, home, work (job, schoolandplay), community and leisure activities

### **CLINICAL SKILLS:**

# Learning of facilitatory and inhibitory Neurothera peutic techniques related to adult and paedia tric neurological conditions

- Sensory testing SensoryRe-education
- MMT / voluntary control musclere-education
- Useofappropriateelectricalmodalitiesformusclereeducation/painrelief

- Management oftone
- Postural assessment & postural correction
- Transfertraining
- Functionalre-education
- Gait assessment- gaittraining
- Co-ordination testing &training
- Strategies for balancetraining
- Fitness training for patients having neurological problems.
- Use of outcome measures & quality of lifequestionnaire.

# Presentation & documentation of 8 cases for patient management using ICF model as following:

(Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention, Outcome)

- 1 U.M.N.lesion—4cases:Stroke/S.C.I./Traumaticbraininjury/Degenerativedisorders/Demyelinating disordersetc...
- 1 L.M.N. lesion 2 cases: Peripheral nerve injuries / Brachial plexus injury / G.B.S.etc.
- Pediatric neuro-2 cases: C.P./ Myopathies / Meningoceoleetc.

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1 Cash's Text book for Physio Therapist in Neurological disorders-Jaypeebros.
- 2 ProprioceptiveNeuromuscularFacilitation—HermanKabat
- 3. PracticalPhysicalTherapy—MargaretHollis
- 4. Therapeutic exercise –O'Sullivan
- 5. "Right in the middle" PatriciaDavis
- 6. Stroke rehabilitation MargaretJohnstone
- 7. Paediatric Physiotherapy –Roberta Shepherd

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1 Neurologicalrehabilitation—DarcyUmphred
- 2. Paediatric physical therapy Stephen Tecklin
- Brain's disorders of Nervoussystem
- 4. Paediatric Physiotherapy SophieLevitt
- 5. NeurologicalRehabilitation-OptimisingMotorPerformance—CarrandShepherd

## SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY			Marks
80 MARKS + I.A. * The question pap	<ul> <li>20 MARKS</li> <li>er will give appropriate weightage to al</li> </ul>	l the topics in the syllabus.	100
Section A – M.C.Qs.	Q.1 -MCQs	[20 x1=20]	20
Section B-B.A.Q.	Q.2 - Answer all of the following. (10	Questions) [10 x 2 = 20]	20
S.A.Q.	Q. 3- Answer any 4 out of 5.	$[4 \times 5 = 20]$	20
L.A.Q.	Q. 4 - Answer any 2 out of 3	[2 x 10 =20]	20
	Structured question based on ICF rephysiotherapeutic intervention LAQ marks e.g.(2+3+5)		
	Q-4. — a. Based on Adult Neurological C Ol b. Based on Adult Neurological C Progressive Neuro-Muscular c O c. Based on Pediatric Neurologic (U.M.N/L.M.N./Progressive N	R Conditions (L.M.N.) or onditions. R al conditions	
Total Marks	(O.IVI.IV.D.IVI.IV./I TOGICSSIVE IV	curo musculai conditions)	80

MCQs: 20	<b>BAQs: 20</b>	SAQs: 20	<b>LAQs: 20</b>
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL		Mark
80 MARKS + I.A	. – 20 MARKS	S
		100
LONG CASE	Subjective and Physical Examination - 10 marks Evaluation and Physical therapy diagnosis (ICF) - 10 marks Planof care—Goal setting - 10 marks Demonstration of any one important test and treatment intervention on patient - 15 marks [To be evaluated in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.]	45
SHORT CASE	One Short case on : Demonstrations of two physiotherapy intervention skills for effective patient management 2 x 10 marks	20
SPOTS  5 spots – (5 x2 Marks= 10 Marks) 3 minutes for each spot E.M.G./N.C. Studies / Orthoses/ Prostheses & Neurological assessment, Scales		10
JOURNAL	Documentations- Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention of Case along with I.C.F.	5
	Total Marks	80

## **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams-Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 mark seach TOTAL-160 marks
- Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- In Practicals of Terminal & Preliminary examinations, Spots will be of 15 marks instead of 10 marks (3 marks X5)
- Internal assessment (Theory) asper University pattern.

## CARDIO-VASCULAR & RESPIRATORY PHYSIOTHERAPY

## (INCLUDING CRITICAL CARE)

Didactic-60HRS + Clinical 140HRS) TOTAL 200 HRS

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course includes a study of applied anatomy and physiology of the Cardiovascular and Respiratory system along with pathological changes and patho-mechanics of the system. It discusses relevant tests and measures for determining impairment and differentiating the diagnosis based on the specificity and sensitivity of the assessment instruments as related to patients with disorders of the Cardiovascular and Respiratory system.

Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiotherapy focuses on maximizing functional independence andwell-being. This course uses a patient-centered model of care with multi-system assessment, evidence based interventions and a significant patient education component to promote healthy active lifestyle and community-based living. The candidate will have a sound understanding of theory, scientifice vidence and best practices in the areas of the Cardiovascular and Respiratory Systemin cluding critical care, Psychosocial Sciences, Movement Sciences and Physiotherapy.

Sr. No.	Topic s	Didactic Hours	Practical/La b Hours	Total Hours
1	REVIEW OF BASIC APPLIED ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY	3		3
2	INVESTIGATION AND EXERCISE TESTING	4	10	14
3	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY	5	10	15
4	PHYSIOTHERAPY SKILLS	8	34	42
5	APPLICATION OF ICF MODEL	2		2
6	PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT	20	53	73
7	CARDIAC REHABILITATION	4	10	14
8	PULMONARY REHABILITATION	2	5	7
9	ICU EVALUATION & MANAGEMENT	8	12	20
10	INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL SCALES	2	1	3
11	BASIC LIFE SUPPORT (C.P.C.R.)	2	5	7
	TOTAL	60	140	200

## **OBJETIVES:**

## At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

#### **COGNITIVE:**

- Identifyandanalyzecardio-vascular&pulmonarydysfunctionintermsofbio-mechanical, and Bio-physical basis and correlate the same with the Health condition, routine electrophysiological,radiological,andbiochemicalinvestigationsandarriveatappropriate PhysicaltherapydiagnosisusingWHO-ICFtool(Disability,Functioningandcontextual factors) with clinical reasoning.
- Plan, prescribe appropriate, safe physiotherapy interventions with clinical reasoning forandpreventionofimpairments, activity limitations, participation restrictions and environmental barriers related to cardio-vascular & pulmonary dysfunction in acute care settings, athome, workplace, insociety & in leisure activities.

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- Utilise skills such as executing exercise tests, PFT, Ankle brachial index, arterial &venous insufficiencytests
- Utilisepsychomotorskillstoimplementappropriatebronchialhygienetherapy,therapeutic exercise, electrotherapeutic modalities, CPCR, Intensive (critical) care, joint and soGtissue obilizations, offering ergonomic & energy conservation advice for patients with cardio-vascular & pulmonarydysfunction.
- Utilise the knowledge about contextual factors to enhance capacity and performance of activities and participation insociety
- d Utilise the skill to deliver cardiac, pulmonary &vascular rehabilitation

## **AFFECTIVE:**

- Developbehavioralskillsandhumanitarianapproachwhilecommunicatingwithpatients, relatives, societyatlargeandco-professionals
- Develop bed side behavior, respect & maintain patients' confidentiality

# **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	Topics	Didacti c Hours (60)	al/ Lab	Tota l Hour s (200)	Mus t know	Desi rable to know	Nice to know
1	REVIEW OF BASIC APPLIED ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY	3		3		03	
	<ul> <li>a. Pulmonary Anatomy &amp; Physiology</li> <li>b. Cardiac anatomy &amp; Physiology</li> <li>c. Cardiac and Respiratory Pharmacology</li> <li>d. Biomechanics of Thorax(Revision)</li> </ul>						
2	INVESTIGATION AND EXERCISE TESTING	4	10	14			
	Investigation & Clinical Implication—X-ray, PFT,ABG, ECG, ABI, claudication time, pulses, auscultation, postural hypotension				05		
	b Stress testing				05		
	i.6 Minute Walk test & Harward Step test Skill & Interpretation				02		
	ii.Shuttle Walk Test & Modified Bruce Protocol (should be interpretation only)				02		
3	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY	5	10	15			
	a. Nutrition(Bioenergetics)					02	
	b. Total energy expenditure (MET) sources					03	
	Acute and chronic adaptation to exercise				05		
	d. Complication of bed rest/Immobilization & prevention				03		
	e. Aerobic & Anaerobic Training,				02		
4	PHYSIOTHERAPY SKILLS	8	34				
	a Bronchial Hygiene Therapy- Postural Drainage, Forced Expiratory Technique, ACBT, Autogenic Drainage				03		
	b. Adjunct Therapy – Flutter & PEP Therapy				03		
	c Therapeutic positioning to improve ventilation & perfusion matching,				03		
	d. Therapeutic positioning to alleviate dyspnoea				02		
	e Nebulisation & Humidification,				03		

	f. Lung Expansion Therapy				03		
	g Neurophysiologic facilitation of respiration				03		
	h Electrotherapeutic modalities for pain, swelling, & wound healing.				03		
	i Therapeutic exercise program to alleviate pain, to achieve mobility, to correct posture and improve peripheral circulation.				03		
	i. Therapeutic exercise program to strengthen respiratory muscles				03		
	Deliver Ergonomic advice, energy conservation advice, Home exercise Program, & modifications of contextual factors				03		
	k .Applied Yoga in Cardio-respiratory conditions				02		
5	APPLICATION OF ICF MODEL	2	-	2		02	
	To plan effective Short term and long term goals to enhance functioning of Cardiovascular & Respiratory Dysfunction  Bet patient specific goals and expected out come within time frame with clinical reasoning  Documentation						
6	PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT in : ( MUST TO KNOW )	20	53	73			
	a. Medical & Surgical Cardiovascular Diseases i. Hypertension ii. I.H.D., Myocardial Infarction iii. Valvular Heart Disease iv. Congenital v. Acquired vi. Thrombosis, Phlebitis and Phlebothrombosis vii. Varicose Veins and ulcers viii. Other Arterial disorders	4	5	9	09		
	b. Obstructive & Restrictive Respiratory disorders  i. Bronchitis  ii. Emphysema  iii. Bronchial Asthma  iv. Cystic Fibrosis  v. Occupational lung diseases  vi. Interstitial Lung Diseases	2	10	12	12		
	c. General Respiratory Infection i. Tuberculosis ii. Pneumonia iii. Lung Abscess iv. Bronchiectasis v. Pneumothorax	2	10	12	12		

40SYLLABUSBatchelorofPhysiotherapy-(B.P.Th)

	vi. Hydropneumothorax					1	
	vii. Atelectasis						
	viii. Pleuritis						
	ix. Pleural Effusion						
	x. Empyema & other Pleural Disorders						
	d. Neonatal & Paediatric Respiratory Infection	2	4	6	06		
	i. ARDS						
	ii. Meconium aspiration						
	iii. Pneumonitis						
	iv. Pneumonia						
	v. Childhood Asthma						
	vi. Cystic fibrosis and chronic lung disease						
	e. Pulmonary Surgeries	2	4	6	06		
	Traumatic and Surgical conditions of Chest, Lung,						
	Pleura and Mediastinum						
	f. General abdominal & Oncological Surgeries	2	5	7	07		
	Pre and Post Operative care						
	i. Complication & Management.						
	Q Burns (Head Face neck & thoracic, inhalation	1	5	6	06		
	burns)						
	Acute care Management Only						
	Q Diabetic & Vascular Ulcers/ Amputations (Stump	2	4	6	06		
	care only)						
	i. Metabolic Syndrome	2	4	6	06		
	i. Diabetes (Mellitus & Insipidus)						
	ii. Obesity						
	j. Musculoskeletal dysfunction	1	2	3	03		
	i. Flail chest						
	ii. Scoliosis						
	iii. Kyphosis						
7	CARDIAC REHABILITATION (A.H.A./A.C.S.M.	4	10	14	14		
	guidelines)						
	a Definition,						
	b. Indications, Contraindications						
	c Phases( I,II,III,& IV) d Outcome Measures						
0				_	07		
8	PULMONARY REHABILITATION (A.A.C.V.P.R.	2	5	7	07		
	/A.T.S. guidelines)  a Definition,						
	a. Definition, b. Indications						
	c Contraindications						
	d Components of management						
	e Outcome measures						
9	I.C.U. EVALUATION & MANAGEMENT	8	12	20	20		
						<u> </u>	

	Basic evaluation Principles of ICU Monitoring Mechanical Ventilator modes Suctioning & Humidification Therapeutic intervention in Tetanus, Head Injury, II. Pulmonary Oedema, III. Multiple Organ Failure, IV. Neuromuscular Disease, V. Smoke Inhalation, VI. Poisoning, VII. Aspiration near Drowning, VIII. A.R.D.S. IX. Shock X. Guillan Barre Syndrome XI. Spinal Cord Injury & Other Acute respiratory Disorders					
10	INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL SCALES	2	1	3		03
	<ul> <li>a Generic and disease specific</li> <li>b. Patient's perception of his disability and functioning and correlating the same with therapist evaluation</li> </ul>					
11	BASIC LIFE SUPPORT (C.P.C.R.) ( MUST TO KNOW )	2	5	7	07	

5	APPLICATION OF ICF MODEL	2	-	2
	To plan effective Short term and long term goals to enhance functioningofCardiovascular&RespiratoryDysfunction  Setpatientspecificgoalsandexpectedoutcomewithintime frame with clinical reasoning  Documentation			
6	PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT in :	20	53	73
	a. Medical & Surgical Cardiovascular Diseases i. Hypertension ii. I.H.D., MyocardialInfarction iii. Valvular HeartDisease iv. Congenital v. Acquired vi. Thrombosis, Phlebitis andPhlebothrombosis vii. Varicose Veins andulcers viii. Other Arterialdisorders	4	5	9
	b. Obstructive & Restrictive Respiratory disorders  i. Bronchitis  ii. Emphysema  iii. BronchialAsthma  iv. CysticFibrosis  v. Occupational lungdiseases  vi. Interstitial LungDiseases	2	10	12
	c. General Respiratory Infection i. Tuberculosis ii. Pneumonia iii. LungAbscess iv. Bronchiectasis v. Pneumothorax vi. Hydropneumothorax vii. Atelectasis viii. Pleuritis ix. PleuralEffusion x. Empyema & other PleuralDisorders	2	10	12
	d. Neonatal & Paediatric Respiratory Infection  i. ARDS  ii. Meconiumaspiration  iii. Pneumonitis  iv. Pneumonia  v. ChildhoodAsthma  vi. Cystic fibrosis and chronic lungdisease	2	4	6

	E Pulmonary Surgeries	2	4	6
	Traumatic and Surgical conditions of Chest, Lung, Pleura and Mediastinum			
	f. General abdominal & Oncological Surgeries  Pre and Post Operativecare Complication & Management.	2	5	7
	Q Burns (Head Face neck & thoracic, inhalation burns) Acute care Management Only	1	5	6
	<b>Q Diabetic &amp; Vascular Ulcers/</b> Amputations (Stump care only)	2	4	6
	<ul><li>i. Metabolic Syndrome</li><li>i. Diabetes (Mellitus &amp;Insipidus)</li><li>ii. Obesity</li></ul>	2	4	6
	<ul><li>j. Musculoskeletal dysfunction</li><li>i. Flailchest</li><li>ii. Scoliosis</li><li>iii. Kyphosis</li></ul>	1	2	3
7	CARDIAC REHABILITATION ( A.H.A./A.C.S.M. guidelines)	4	10	14
	a. Definition, b. Indications, Contraindications c. Phases(I,II,III,& IV) d. OutcomeMeasures			
8	PULMONARY REHABILITATION (A.A.C.V.P.R. /A.T.S. guidelines)	2	5	7
	a. Definition, b. Indications c. Contraindications d. Components ofmanagement e. Outcomemeasures			
9	I.C.U. EVALUATION & MANAGEMENT	8	12	20

	a Basicevaluation			
	b. Principles of ICUMonitoring			
	Mechanical Ventilatormodes			
	d Suctioning & Humidification			
	e. Therapeutic interventionin			
	i. Tetanus, HeadInjury,			
ı	ii. Pulmonary Oedema,			
1	iii. Multiple OrganFailure,			
	iv. NeuromuscularDisease,			
	v. SmokeInhalation,			
	vi. Poisoning,			
	vii. Aspiration near Drowning,			
	viii. A.R.D.S.			
	ix. Shock			
	x Guillan Barre Syndrome			
	xi. Spinal Cord Injury & Other Acute respiratory Disorders			
10	INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL SCALES	2	1	3
	a Generic and diseasespecific			
	b. Patient's perception of his disability and functioning and correlatingthesamewiththerapistevaluation			
11	BASIC LIFE SUPPORT (C.P.C.R.)	2	5	7

S. No.	PRACTICAL
1	Positioning, breathing controls trategies (e.g. Pursed Lip Breathing, Sustained Maximal Inspiration, deep breathing), ventilator musc letraining. Relaxation training, positioning, early mobilization.
2	Airway clearance techniques, Suctioning, use of mechanical assistive devices (e.g. Positive Expiratory Pressure, Flutter, Vest, etc.), postural drainage and percussions, coughing maneuvers, medication delivery e.g. Nebulization ,oxygen
3	PhysicalhandlingTechniques(e.g.positioninganddonning,doffing,fittingandadjusting Stockings for vascular disorders, bandaging, dressing, taping, splints and orthotics pertaining to cardiovascular and pulmonaryimpairments)
4	PNF for breathing facilitation and inhibition.
5	Ability to use a variety of exercise/movement equipment (e.g. treadmill, heart rate monitor, Oximeter, pressure biofeedback unit, free weights, balance boards, theraballs, etc)
6	Prescription and education: aerobic, endurance and interval exercise training, resistance (strength, Endurance and power) training, flexibility training. Formulating cardiac, pulmonary rehabilitation programme
7	Developskillstomonitorcomplianceoftheclientinexecutingrehabilitationprogram& identifying comorbid & contextual factors affectingit.
8	Familiarity and skill of use of various monitoring and treatment equipments in ICU.

9	Use of physical and electrical agents for pain relief and wound care
10	Skill of administering basic life support

#### **CLINICAL COMPETENCIES:**

## A) COMPETENCYINASSESMENTAND CLINICALREASONING:

Student should be able to apply the ICF framework in selecting measurement tools to ensure aholisticapproachtoevaluationofbodystructureandfunction, activities, participation; and select and administer assessment/evaluation tools and techniques suitable for the patient's problems and condition(s) based on the best available evidence and interpret the information obtained demonstrating evidence-based decision-making and safehand ling technique such as:

- 1 Risk factor screening (Red flags & Yellowflags).
- 2 Assessment of Cardiovascular & Respiratory dysfunction.
- ${\tt Interpretation of Radiological, Haematological and Biochemical investigations.}$
- 4 AerobicfitnessandFunctionalperformancetestingasappropriate
- 5 Identification and quantification of environmental and home barriers and facilitators
- Identification and analysis of body mechanics during self-care, home management, work, community, tasks, or leisureactivities.
- Identification and analysis of ergonomic performance during work (job/school/play)
- AssessmentofQualityofLifethroughuseofappropriatequestionnaireandgenericordiseasespecific scales (nice toknow)
- Identificationandprioritizationofimpairmentsinbodyfunctionsandstructures, and activity limitations and participation restrictions to determine specific body function and structure, and activities and participation towards which the intervention will be directed.
- Statetheevidence(patient/clienthistory,labdiagnostics,testsandmeasuresandscientific literature) to support a clinicaldecision.
- 1 Determine the predicted level of optimal functioning and the time required to achieve that level.
- Recognize barriers that may influence the achievement of optimal functioning within a predicted period and devise ways to overcome them whenpossible

## B) COMPETENCY IN DEVELOPING PLAN OFCARE:

### Student should be able to:

- 1. Identify patient goals and expectations.
- 2. DesignaPlanofCarewithmeasurable,prioritizedandtimeboundfunctionalgoals(short-term andlong-term)
- 3. Consultpatientand/orcaregiverstodevelopamutualagreementregardingtheplanofcare.
- 4. Identify indications/ additional needs for consultation with other professionals & appropriate referrals.
- Selecttheinterventionsthataresafe, realistic and meet the specified functional goals and outcomes in the plan of care: (a) identify precautions and contraindications, (b) provide evidence for identified and selected patient-centered interventions that are identified and selected, (c) define the specificity of the intervention (time, intensity, duration, and frequency).

- Measure and monitor patient response to intervention and modify elements of the planof careandgoalsinresponsetochangingpatient/clientstatus,asneeded.
- 7. Establishcriteria for discharge based on patient goals and current functioning and disability.

## C) COMPETENCY IN PHYSIOTHERAPEUTICINTERVENTION:

Important influences on Cardiovascular & Respiratory physiotherapy management choices may include but not limited to:

- 1 Diversesettingsofcareincludingcritical, acute, longterm, rehabilitation, and community care
- Lifespan issues ranging from the neonatal stage to those associated withaging;
- Life style modification for diseases and forprevention.
- Skill of application of physical and electrical agents for relief of acute & chronic pain and swelling.
- Facilitation,re-educationandtrainingofmusclestrength,endurance&motorcontrol,posture and gait through skilful use of various therapeutic exercise techniques with appropriate therapeutic gymnasiumequipment.

Skillofapplicationoftherapeuticmodesofimprovingcardiovascular&respiratoryperformance. Functionaltraininginselfcare,home,work(job,schoolandplay),communityandleisureactivities

## **DOCUMENTATION:**

# Presentation & Documentation of 8 cases for patient management using ICF Model as following:

(Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention, Outcome)

- 1. Medical Respiratorycondition
- 2 Paediatric respiratorycondition
- 3. Thoracic Surgicalcondition
- 4. Cardiac Medical condition
- 5. Cardiac Surgicalcondition
- 6. Peripheral vasculardisorders
- 7. Burns of Head, Neck & Face (Acute phaseonly)
- 8. Abdominal surgical condition

## RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Cash's Textbook for Physiotherapists in Chest, Heart & Vascular diseases
- 2. Cash'stextbookinGeneralMedicine&SurgicalconditionsforPhysiotherapists
- 3. ChestPhysicaltherapy&pulmonaryrehabilitation—DonnaFrownFilter
- 4. Brompton's hospitalguide
- 5. Physiotherapyinrespiratoryandcardiacproblem–PryorandPrasad
- 6. PhysiotherapyinCardio-Vascularrehabilitation-Webber
- 7. ChestphysiotherapyinintensivecareColinMackenzie
- 8. Mechanical ventilation AshfaqHasan
- 9. Management of Mechanical ventilation –Pierce

## RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 Exercise & the Heart– Wenger
- 2 ECG P.J.Mehta
- 3. CardiopulmonaryPhysicalTherapy–IrwinScott
- 4. Fundamental of respiratory care– Egan's
- 5. Essentialofcardiopulmonaryphysicaltherapy–HillgassAndSodosky
- 6. Exercise physiology, energy, nutrition and human performance –M'cardle
- 7. Exercise testing and prescription Skinner
- 8 Exercise in health and disease-Pollock

9.

## SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

	.A. – 20 MARKS paper will give appropriate weightage to	all the topics in the	Mark s 100
Section A – M.C.Qs.	Q.1 -MCQs	[20 x1=20]	20
Section B- Q.2 - Answer all of the following. (10 Questions) [10 x 2 = 20] B.A.Q.			20
S.A.Q.	Q. 3- Answer any 4 out of 5.	[4 x 5 =20]	20
L.A.Q.	Q. 4 - Answer any 2 out of 3  Structured question based on ICF m physiotherapeutic intervention LAQ marks e.g.(2+3+5)	e e	20

	Q-4. — a. Based on Obstructive or Restrictive Respiratory disorders.  OR b. Based on pulmonary or cardiac postsurgical management.  OR c. Based on medical and surgical cardiovascular diseases.	
Total Marks		80

MCQs: 20	BAQs: 20	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

PRACTICAL 80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS		
oo wa aras	1.71. 20 M MMS	100
LONG CASE	Subjective and Physical Examination - 10 marks Evaluation and Physical therapy diagnosis (ICF) - 10 marks Planof care-Goal setting - 10 marks	45
d Demonstration of any one important test and treatment intervention on patient – 15marks [Student will be evaluated in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.]		
SHORT One Short case on:  CASE Demonstrationsoftwophysiotherapyinterventionskillsforeffectivepatient management 2 x 10marks		20
SPOTS (5 spots x 2 Marks = 10 Marks) Chest/Cardiac X-ray, ABG, PFT, ECG, Adjunct/devices		10
JOURNAL Documentations- Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention of Case along with ICF		5
Total Marks		

## **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160marks
- Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- In Practicals of Terminal & Preliminary examinations, Spots will be of 15 marks instead of

4	10 marks (3 marks X5) Internal assessment (Theory) as perUniversity pattern.		

## **COMMUNITY PHYSIOTHERAPY**

## (Didactic 85 hrs + Clinical 115 hrs) TOTAL 200 HRS

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

Community Physiotherapy describes the roles & responsibilities of the Physiotherapist as an efficient member of the society. This component introduces the Physiotherapist to a proactive preventive oriented philosophy for optimization & betterment of health.

Community Physiotherapy is not apart from the other sections of Physiotherapy described in this syllabus. In fact, it is the in-depth application of these same aspects viz. Musculoskeletal, Neurological & Cardio Vascular & Respiratory to the entire society. This is done by understanding thesections&subsectionsofthesocieties,thenational&internationalhealthpolicies,roleof Government & NonGovernment Organizations.

The applications of Community Physiotherapy are not limited to conditions & dysfunctions but as attributed to promotion of Health & rehabilitation in Communities like Elderly, Women, and Occupational Health etc.

Sr. No.	Topic	Didactic Hours	Clinic al Hour s	Total Hours
1	HEALTH PROMOTION	10	15	25
2	WOMEN'S HEALTH	20	20	40
3	GERIATRICS HEALTH	20	20	40
4	REHABILITATION	11	20	31
5	HEALTHCARE DELIVERY & DISASTER MANAGEMENT	04	-	04
6	INDUSTRIAL HEALTH	20	20	40
7	SYNOPSIS	-	20	20
	TOT AL	85	115	200

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course the student shall:

## **COGNITIVE:**

Be able to describe:

- The general concepts about health, disease and physical fitness.
- Physiology of aging process and its influence on physical fitness.
- National policies for the rehabilitation of disabled role of PT.
- The strategies to access prevalence and incidence of various conditions responsible for increasing morbidity in the specific community role of PT in reducing morbidity, expected clinical and functional recovery, reasons for non-compliance in specific community environment & solution for thesame.
- <sup>e</sup> The evaluation of disability and planning for prevention and rehabilitation.
- f Rehabilitationinurbanandruralsetup.
- Able to be a part of decision making team regarding the policies for the welfare of special communities&onissuesofdisability

### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

- Be able to identify with clinical reasoning the prevailing contextual {e.g. environmental and psycho-social cultural} factors, causing high risk responsible for various dysfunctions andmorbidityrelatedtosedentarylifestyleandspecificcommunitylikewomen,children, agedaswellasindustrialworkersanddescribeplanningstrategiesofinterventional policiestocombatsuchproblemsatcommunitylevel.
- Be able to gain the ability to collaborate with other health professionals for effective service delivery &community satisfaction
- Utilizetheresearchmethodologyknowledgeforformulationofaresearchquestion (synopsis)

#### **AFFECTIVE:**

Be an empathetic health professional, especially for those in the community, who is away from the health institutions and having difficulty in healthcare access

# **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	To pic s	Didactic Hours	Fie ld Ho urs	Tot al Hou rs	Mu st kno w	D esi ra ble to kn ow	Nic e to kno w
1	HEALTH PROMOTION	10	15	25			
	a. W.H.O. definition of health and disease.	01				05	
	b. Health Delivery System – 3 tiers	01				05	
	c. Physical Fitness: definition and evaluation related to:	08			05		
	i. Effect in GrowingAge	02			03		
	ii. Effect in Obesity	02			02		
	iii. Physical Fitness in women - Pregnancy, Menopause, Osteoporosis	02			02		
	iv. Physiology of Aging – Related to physiological changes in Aging	02			03		
	Preventive Measures in all the above groups of community with complications of physiological changes, growth, degenerative c diseases.			le			
2	WOMEN'S HEALTH	20	20	40			
	a. Women in India.	1				05	
	b. Social issue having impact on physical Function.	1				05	
	c. Legal rights and benefits related to health.	1				05	
	d. Anatomical & Physiological variations associated with pregnancy & menopause.	8					

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					_	ı	
	e. Antenatal, postnatal care, advice on labour positions, pain relief.	4					
					10		
	f. Urogenital dysfunction, prolapse, incontinence malignancy and their therapeuticinterventions.	5			05		
3	GERIATRICS	20	20	40			
	a. Senior citizens in India	1				05	
	b. NGO's and Health related Legal rights and benefits for the elderly.	1				05	
	c. Institutionalized & Community dwelling elders	1			10		
	d. Theories of Aging	3			10		
	e. Physiology of ageing: Musculoskeletal, neurological, Cardio respiratory, metabolic changes	12			05		
	f. Scheme of evaluation & role of PT in Geriatrics.	2			05		
	CONCEPTS OF REHABILITATION	11	20	31			
	a. Disability- evaluation, types, prevention.	2			05		
	b. Rehabilitation- definition, types {Institutional, Reach out and Community}	1			05		
	c. National policies for rehabilitation of	1			05		
	d. Rehab Team work: Medical practitioner, P.T./ O.T., A.S.T., P.&O., Clinical psychologist, and vocational counselors and social workers.	2			05		
	e. CBR – Role of Physiotherapy & Physiotherapist	1			05		
	<ul> <li>f. CBR strategies in:</li> <li>i. Urban area e.g. UHC, community centre, clubs, mahila mandals, Social centers, Schools, industries, sports centers.</li> <li>ii. Rural area- by using PHC / rural hospital, district hospital infrastructure. Loco motor aids using local resources.</li> </ul>	4			05		
	INTRODUCTION TO DISASTER MANAGEMENT	2		2			02
	INDUSTRIAL HEALTH	20	20	40			
	a. Introduction to Industrial Health: Definition, Model of Industrial Therapy (Traditional Medical & Industrial Model)	4			10		
	<ul> <li>b. Worker Care Spectrum:</li> <li>i. Ability Management – Job analysis:- Job description, Job demand Analysis, Task Analysis, Ergonomics Evaluation, Injury Prevention, Employee Fitness Program.</li> </ul>	5			10		
	ii. Disability Management:-Acutecare, Concept of Functional	5			10		
	EACVILLABILED at a halo ref Dhysiath areny (D. D. Th.)						_

Capacity assessment, Work Conditioning, Work Hardening.			
iii. Environmental stress in the industrial area – accidents due to	3	05	
<ul> <li>Physical agents eg. heat/cold, light, noise, vibration, UV radiation, ionizing radiation.</li> <li>Chemical agents-inhalation, local action and ingestion.</li> </ul>			
Mechanical hazards-overuse/fatigue injuries due to ergonomic alternation and ergonomic evaluation of workplace.			
iv. Mechanical stresses:  Sedentary table work-executive's clerk.  Inappropriate seating arrangement-vehicle drivers.  Constant standing- watchman, defense forces, surgeons.  Over execution in labourer's stress management.	3	05	
e Psychological hazards e.g. monotoni city and dissatisfaction in job, anxiety of work completion with quality, Role of PT. in industrial set up and stress management relaxation modes.			
PROJECT SYNOPSIS			
Students have to select a study to be done under the guidance of a teacher of any subject related to physiotherapy. AGerthefinalization of the topic, he/she has to decide the methodology of the study to be done (which has to be under taken during the internship) Student will present defend the synops is of this study to be done during the University Practical examination of Community Physiotherapy.			

CLIN	CLINICAL - 115 hrs				
1	UHC & PHC visits, Industrial Visit, Geriatric Home Visit				
2	Institutional adoption of close by area/ vicinity.				
3	PerformsurveysinadoptedlocalitiesforANC,disability,exercises&healthpromotion, preventive aspects for smoking/ alcohol/ drugs in youthetc.				
4	Students may make a case dependent evaluation proforma/ questionnaire.				

#### RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1. PhysiotherapyinGynecological&Obstetricalconditions–Mantle
- 2. Therapeutic Exercise –Kisner
- 3. TextbookofCommunityHealthforPhysiotherapists—BhaskarRao
- 4. Geriatrics Physiotherapy –Andrew Guccione
- 5. Industrial Therapy –Glenda Key
- 6 TextofPhysiotherapyforobstetricsandGynecology–G.B.Madhuri&Pruthvish

#### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 MuralKF–Ergonomics:Maninhisworkingenvironment
- 2 Exercise Physiology-Mc'Ardle
- 3. MusculoskeletalDisordersinworkplace:Principle&Practice-Nordin
- 4. AndersonsPope
- 5. Indian Social Problem Vol 2 G RMadan
- 6. StatusofDisabledinIndia-2000-RCIpublication
- 7. Legal Rights of disabled in India- GautamBannerjee
- 8. ICF –WHO HealthOrganisation 2001 publication
- 9. Preventive & Social Medicine Park
- 10. TrainingintheCommunityforthepeoplewithdisability–HallenderPadminiMendes
- 11. Disabled Village Children-- DavidWerner
- 12. Chorin C& M Desai, C Gonsalves, 1999, Women & the Law, Vol. I & II Socio legal Information CentreMumbai
- 13. Astrand P A Rodahe K-Text book of Work Physiology
- 14. Women's Health Sapsford

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY			Marks
80 MARKS + I.A * The question p	A. – 20 MARKS aper will give appropriate weightage to	all the topics in the syllabus.	100
Section A – M.C.Qs.	Q.1 -MCQs	[20  x 1=20]	20
Section B-B.A.Q.	Q.2 - Answer all of the following. (1	10 Questions) [10 x 2 = 20]	20
S.A.Q.	Q. 3- Answer any 4 out of 5.	$[4 \times 5 = 20]$	20
L.A.Q.	Structured question based on ICF physiotherapeutic intervention LAC marks e.g.(2+3+5)  Q-4. —  a. Based on Women's Health.  b. Based on Geriatric conditions	Q should give break up of 10  OR s. OR	20
Total Marks			80

MCQs: 20	BAQs: 20	SAQs: 20	LAQs: 20
MK – 12	MK – 06	MK – 03	MK – 03
DK – 06	DK – 03	DK – 01	DK – 00
NK – 02	NK – 01	NK – 01	NK – 00

		Mark
PRACTICAL		S
80 MARKS + I.A.	– 20 MARKS	100
LONG CASE	Rehabilitation/ Women's Health / Geriatric/ Industrial Health / Health Promotion.	50
PROJECT SYNOPSIS	(Synopsis can be on any topic to be done during Internship project/monogram (Musculoskeletal, Neurosciences, Cardio Respiratory or Community).  [Introduction, Aims & Objectives, Methods & Methodology & Review of Literature Expected]	25

JOURNAL	<ul> <li>1 1caseseachofRehabilitation, HealthPromotion, IndustrialHealth, Women's Health &amp; Geriatrics (Total 5 cases only)</li> <li>2 Documentation of visits (Minimum One) to either Industry, Geriatric Home, Community assessment</li> </ul>	5
<b>Total Marks</b>		80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory & Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160marks
- Internal Assessment(Theory) as per University pattern.
- Practical examination for Terminal examination to be taken with 2 Long Cases of 40 marks each. Practical examination for Preliminary examination to be taken with 1 Long Case of 50 marks & Project Synopsis for 30 marks.
- Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.

#### PRINCIPLES OF BIO ENGINEERING

#### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

(Didactic 27 hrs + Practical /Laboratory-03 hrs) TOTAL 30 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The course is designed to give knowledge & application of biomechanical principles related to Orthotics&Prosthetics.Studentswillalsolearntheprinciplesoftheprescription&thecheckout proceduresofaids&appliancesasperthephysicaldysfunctionoftheperson.Theywilllearnto fabricate simple splints.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate shall

#### **COGNITIVE:**

- Acquire knowledge about biomechanical principles of application of variety of aids & appliances used for ambulation, protection &prevention.
- Acquireinbriefknowledgeaboutvariousmaterialusedfor splints/Orthoses&prostheses and their selectioncriteria

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR:**

Acquire the skill of fabrication of simple splints made out of Low cost material

# **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	TOPIC	Didactic Hours	Must know	Desir able to know	Nice to know
1.	Introduction to bioengineering- Classification of Aids & appliances (Splints/ Orthoses for spine, upper & lower limb; Prostheses for Lower limbs & Upper limbs)	1	1		
2.	Biomechanical principles in designing of appliances & assessment; Procedures for static & dynamic alignment of the Orthoses & Prostheses:	26			
	a. Introduction to Orthotics, Solid Ankle foot Orthoses (AFO)	1	1		
	b. Articulated AFO, Various Shoe modifications	1	1		
	c. Knee Ankle Foot Orthoses (KAFO)	1	1		
	d. Knee Orthoses (KO)	1	1		
	e. Hip Knee Ankle Foot orthoses (HKAFO), Hip Orthoses (HO)	1	1		
	f. Fracture Bracing and Flexible Lumbo-sacral Orthoses (LSO) and Thoraco- Lumbo-sacral Orthoses (TLSO)	1		1	
	g. Rigid TLSOs and Cervical Orthoses (CO)	1	1		
	h. Orthotic mgmt. of Scoliosis, Milwaukee and low profile scoliosis orthoses, Scheuermann's Kyphosis & Osteoporosis	1	1		
	i. Orthoses for LBP, Introduction to Upper limb Orthotics and Shoulder orthoses (SO)	1	1		
	j. Shoulder (SO), Elbow Orthoses (EO) & Wrist Hand Orthoses (WHO)	1	1		
	k. Introduction to Gait in relation to the use of Orthoses / Prostheses	1		1	
	1. Prosthetic management of Forefoot amputees	1	1		
	m. Prosthetic management of Syme's and hind foot Amputees	1	1		
	n. Below Knee Prosthesis & Prosthetic foot pieces	1	1		
	o. Alignment of Below Knee Prosthesis and gait deviations	1		1	
	p. Prosthetic Knees and Knee Disarticulation mgmt.	1		1	
	q. Above Knee Prosthesis, alignment, gait deviations	1	1		
	r. AK Checkouts, Prosthetic mgmt. of Hip Disarticulation, hemipelvectomy, Bilateral amputees and Congenital cases	1			1
	s. Introduction to Upper Limb Prosthetics, Prosthetic mgmt. of Partial Hand amputees	2	2		
	t. Cosmetic Prostheses for all levels of Amputations	1			1
	u. Task Specific Prostheses, Prosthetic mgmt. of Wrist Disarticulation, Myoelectric Below Elbow prosthesis.	2	2		
	v. Body Powered Below Elbow Prostheses and it's components	1	1		

w. Below Elbow Harnessing (BE)	1		1	
x. Prosthetic mgmt. of Elbow Disarticulation and Above Elbow Amputation.	1	1		

3.	Project:	
	Temporary splints: To fabricate ONE splint each [to use P.O.P, aluminum strips	
	/sheets /	
	wires rubber bands, Rexin, Orfit, etc]	
	Splinting- Practical Demonstration of the following	
	a) Cock up (dorsal/volar)	
	b) Outrigger,	3
	c) Opponencesplint	3
	d) Anterior and posterior guard splints for gait training,	
	e) Foot drop splint	
	f) Facial splint	
	g) Mallet Finger Splint	
	h) C bar for 1st web space of hand	

#### RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS

- Orthotics in Functional Rehabilitation of Lower limb Deborah A. Nawoczenski, Marcia E. Epler
- Orthotics clinical Practice and Rehabilitation Technology- Published by-Churchill Livingstone
- Atlas of Orthotics- Biomechanical principles and application (American Academyof Orthopedic Surgeons) The C. V. Mosby Company

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY ONLY: 50 MARKS [There shall be no LAQ in this paper] * The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.					
Section A-Q-1	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area	[20 x1]	20		
G. A. D. O. O. O.	SAQ-to answer any THREE out of FOUR	[3 x 5]	15		
Section-B-Q-2 & Q3	SAQ – to answer any THREE out of FOUR	[3 x 5]	15		
	Total Marks		50		
Passing in the exam is Mandatory					

#### RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS

#### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

[DIDACTIC: 30 HRS]

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

Toprovidethestudentswiththenecessaryconceptsofstaticstoenablethemtorealizearesearch projectinthefieldofPhysiotherapy.Itinvolvesselectionofappropriatestatisticaltechniquesto address questions of medical and physiotherapeutic relevance; selects and applies appropriate statistical techniques for managing common types of medical / physiotherapeutic data. It uses various soGware packages for statistical analysis and data management. It interprets the results of statistical analyses and critically evaluates the use of statistics in the medical literature. It communicates effectively with statisticians and the wider medical community, in writing and orallythroughpresentationofresultsofstatisticalanalyses.Itexplorescurrentandanticipated developmentsinmedicalstatisticsasappliedtophysiotherapists.Itisdesignedtoteachentry-

level physical therapy students the fundamentals of reading and understanding research methods, design, and statistics.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### At the end of the study of this subject the student should be able to:

- 1 Enumerate the steps in Physiotherapyrese archprocess.
- 2. Describetheimportance&useofbiostatisticsforresearchwork.
- 3. Acquire skills of reviewing literature, formulating a hypothesis, collecting data, writing research proposaletc.

# **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	T o p i c s  RESEARCH IN PHYSIOTHERAPY  a Introduction b Research for Physiotherapist: Why? How? When? c Research – Definition, concept, purpose, approaches d Internet sites for Physiotherapists.	Didac tic Hou rs (30 hrs)	Mu st kno w	Des irab le to kno w	Nic e to kno w
2	RESEARCH FUNDAMENTALS	5	5		
	a. Define measurement b. Measurement framework c. Scales of measurement d. Pilot Study e. Types of variables f. Reliability & Validity g. Drawing Tables, Graphs, Master chart				
3	WRITING A RESEARCH PROPOSAL		3		
	a. Defining a problem b. Review of Literature c. Formulating a question, Operational Definition d. Inclusion & Exclusion criteria e. Methodology-Forming groups Data collection & method for analysis f. Informed Consent Steps of documentation—Title to Scope of study				
4	RESEARCH ETHICS	2	2		
	<ul> <li>a. Importance of Ethics in Research</li> <li>b. Main ethical issues in human subjects' research</li> <li>c. Main ethical principles that govern research with human subjects</li> <li>d. Components of an ethically valid informed consent forresearch</li> </ul>				
5	OVERVIEW OF STUDY DESIGNS		3		
	<ul> <li>a. Observational-</li> <li>i. Descriptive-</li> <li>Casestudy/series, Crosssectional, Normative, Correlational</li> <li>ii. Analytical; case control, cohort</li> <li>b. Experimental- True &amp; quasi experimental</li> </ul>	2	2		
6	SAMPLING	3	3		

	<ul> <li>a. Random and non-randomsampling.</li> <li>b. Various methods of sampling – simple random, stratified, systematic, cluster and multistage. Sampling and non-sampling errors and methods of minimizing these errors.</li> </ul>				
7	BASIC PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS AND SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS	2		2	
	<ul> <li>Concept of probability and probability distribution.</li> <li>Normal, Poisson and Binomial distributions, parameters and application.</li> <li>Concept of sampling distributions.</li> <li>Standard error and confidence intervals.</li> <li>Skewness and Kurtosis</li> </ul>				
8	TESTS OF SIGNIFICANCE	3	3		
	<ul> <li>Basics of testing of hypothesis – Null and alternate hypothesis, type I and type II errors, level of significance and power of the test, p value.</li> <li>Tests of significance (parametric)-t-test (paired and unpaired), Chi square test and test of proportion, one way analysis of variance.</li> <li>Repeated measures analysis of variance.</li> <li>Tests of significance (non-parametric)-Mann-Whitneyutest, Wilcoxontest,</li> <li>Kruskal- Wallis analysis of variance. Friedman's analysis of variance.</li> </ul>				
9	CORRELATION AND REGRESSION	1			1
	Simple correlation – Pearson's and Spearman's; testing the significance of correlation coefficient, linear and multiple regressions.				
10	STATISTICAL DATA	2		2	
	Tabulation, Calculation of central tendency and dispersion, Using software packages, Analysis, Presentation of data in diagrammatic & Graphic form				
11	RESEARCH REPORT	1	1		
	Overview, Types and Publication				

# RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK

- 1 Methods in Biostatistics -B.K. Mahajan
- 2 Research forphysiotherapist-Hicks

# SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY: 50 Marks [There shall be no LAQ in this paper] * The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.				
Section A-Q-1	MCQs – based on MUSTKNOWarea [20x1]	20		
	SAQ-toAnsweranyTHREEoutofFOUR [3x5]	15		
Section-B-Q-2 & Q3	SAQ – to Answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x5]	15		
Total Marks				
Passing in the examination is Mandatory				

## SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE - IV B.P.Th.

	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS				COLLE GE LEVEL		
Subject s	Theor y		Practical		EXAM S		
	Universit y	I.A.	Tota l	Universit y	I.A.	Tota l	(Theory only)
Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Neuro Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Cardio-Vascular & Respiratory Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
<b>Community Physiotherapy</b>	80	20	100	80	20	100	
<b>Professional Practice &amp; Ethics</b>							50
Administration, Management & Marketing							50
Principles of Bioengineering							50
Research Methodology & Biostatistics							50
Total	320	80	400	320	80	400	200

# Elective Course System: Total hours 30 IV B.P.Th. Spine Rehabilitation

Sr.	Item	Hour
No.		S
01	Didactic	05
02	Clinical	15
03	Assignment	10

Sr	Торі	Didactic hours 05
N	c	US
01	Spine Rehabilitation – Defination, Anatomy of spine types of spine conditions and pathologies, traumatic and nontraumatic spine conditions	01
02	Assessment of posture with ICF model outcome Nervous used for spine assessment	01
03	Investigation for spine	01
04	Medical managements for spine conditions	01
05	Physiotherapy managements for spine conditions	01
	Topi c	Clinical hours 15
	Assessmentanddocumentationofspineconditionswithmanagements(pla n of care term goals long terms goals therapeutic interventions, criteria for discharged along with homeprogram)	
01	ICF management of patients with spine conditions	3
02	Non-traumatic spinal conditions	3
03	Traumatic spinal conditions	3
04	Metabolic spinal conditions	3
05	Pathological spinal conditions	3

Sr.		Hour
No		S
01	Assignment	10

#### Reference Book -

- 1 Orthopedic physical assessment –David J Magee
- 2 ClinicalOrthopedicRehabilitation—SBrentBrotzmam
- ${\tt 3} \qquad {\tt Cervical and Thoracic spine Mechanical Diagnosis \& The rapy VolI\& II-Robin Mckenzie}$
- 4. TheLumbarspineMechanicalDiagnosis&TherapyVolI&II-RobinMckenzie
- 5. Documentation for Rehabilitation A guide to clinical Decision making, Lori Quinn, and jamesgorden

#### Stroke rehabilitation

Sr. No.	Item	Hour s
01	Didactic	05
02	Clinical	15

03	Assignment	10
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Sr. No.	Didactic	05
1	Stroke – definition, cerebral circulation, types of stroke and manifestations.	01
2	Assessment of stroke and outcome measures used for stroke	01
3	Application of various Neurotherapeutic approaches (Brunnstrom, Bobath, NDT, M.R.P, Constraintinduced movement therapy), translates, coordination and balancing exercises by using techniques based on Neurophysiological principles.	01
4	Strategies to improve trunk and lower limb control.	01
5	Strategies to improve upper limb control.	01
	Clinical	15 hours
	Presentationanddocumentationofstrokepatientwithmanagement(Planofcare:short termgoals,longtermgoals,therapeuticinterventions,criteriafordischargealongwith homeprogram) Using ICF models as follows:	
1	ICU management of patient with stroke	3
2	Anterior cerebral artery (ACA) stroke	3
3	Middle cerebral Artery (MCA) stroke	3
4	Posterior cerebral Artery (PCA) stroke	3
5	Transient Ischemic Stroke (TIA)	3

Sr.		Hour
No		S
01	Assignment	10

#### **Recommended Text Books:**

- 1 Cash's Textbook for Physio Therapistan Neurological disorders—Jayee bros.
- 2 Therapeutic exercises- O'Sullivan
- 3. "Right in the middle" PatriciaDavis.
- 4. Stroke rehabilitation MargaretJohnstone

#### **Recommended Reference books:**

- Neurological Rehabilitation DarcyUmphred
- 2 Brain's disorders of Nervoussystem

## PULMONARY REHABILITATION

Sr. No.	Item	Hour
		S
01	Didactic	05
02	Clinical	15
03	Assignmen	10
	t	

Sr.	Didacti	05
No.	c	
1	Introduction to Pulmonary Rehabilitation.	01
2	Definition, Basis for Pulmonary rehabilitation.	01
3	Indication & Contraindications of Pulmonary rehabilitation.	01
4	Goals and team of PR	01
5	Assessment and components of PR	01
	Clinical	15
		hours
1	Chronic bronchitis	01
2	Bronchial Asthma	01
3	Emphysema	01
4	Bronchiestasis	01
5	Silicosis	01
6	Asbestosis	01
7	Pneumoconiosis	01
8	Pneumonia	01
9	ARDS	01
10	Pulmonary tuberculosis	01
11	Thoracotomy	01
12	Lobectomy	01
13	Pleural effusion	01
14	Pneumothorax	01
15	Hydropnuemothorax	01

Sr.		Hour
No		S
01	Assignment	10

# **Reference books:**

Reference book of Cardio pulmonary rehabilitation - ScotIrvin

Reference of Cardio respiratory - Jenniferpyror
Physiotherapy book - OSullivan
Textbookofpulmonaryrehabilitation-Enricoclini.annee

#### **Post Partum Rehabilitation**

Sr.	Item	Hour
No.		S
01	Didactic	05
02	Clinical	15
03	Assignment	10

Sr. No.	Didactic Topic	05 hour
1	Introduction to An atomy of female reproductive system, abdominal wall and Pelvic cavity.	1
2	Overview of Physiological changes during pregnancy and Physiological of labour.	
3	Anatomical and Physiological changes during post partum period.	
4	Physical therapy management during labour pain.	
5	Physical therapy management during post partum period.	1
	Clinical	15
	Presentation and documentation of post partum patient with management: (Plan of care- short term goals, long term goals, The rapertic, Interventions, criteria for discharge along with home program)	
	- Using ICF model as follows:	
	1 Full term Normal Vaginal Delivery.	3
	2 FTNVD with episiotomy.	4
	3 Emergency LSCS.	4
	4 Elective LSCS.	4

Sr.		Hour
No		S
01	Assignment	10

#### **Reference books:**

- ${\tt 1} \qquad {\tt MargertPolden, Jillmantle, Physiotherapyidobstetrics and gynaecology, 2^{nd}edition.}$
- D.C. Datta- textbook of obstetrics.
- Women's health A textbook for physiotherapist and sapstord, J. Bullock.(W.B.Sallnders)

# STANDARD OF PASSING B.P.Th

- 1. A Candidate must have minimum of 75 % attendance in theory and 80 % attendance in practical (irrespective of the kind of absence) of each course (subject) for appearing in the University examination.
- 2. For the subjects with practical, there will bethree heads of passing i.e. Theory, Practical, and Internal Assessment. For the subjects without practical there will be two heads of Passing i.e. Theory and Internal Assessment.
- **3.** The candidate should secure minimum 50% marks in each of the theory and practical papers separately. The candidate will be held eligible to appear in the University examination only when he/she secureminimum 35% marks in Internal Assessment.
- **4.** A Candidate should secure at least 50% marks in college exams in subject where there is no University exam.
- **5.** If the candidate fails either in Theory or in Practical Examination of a subject he/she will have to reappear for both theory and practical /clinical examination.
- **6. Grace Marks** -If a candidate fails by five or less marks in aggregate of all subjects in the University examination; grace marks up to five will be given to the candidate by the University before the declaration of result.
- 7. Supplementary Examination-If a candidate fails in any number of course (subject)in the University examinationhe/shecan appear for those subjects onlyin Supplementary Examination, whichwill be held within 3 to 6weeks from the date of declaration of the results of the University examination for every professional year, so that the candidates, who pass, can join the main batch for progression. Candidatewill be required to appear in the supplementary examination in that subject/ subjects while attending classes of next year. If the candidate fails in three or more subjects in supplementary examination, his/her session will be shifted by one year. If the candidate passes in all subjects or gets ATKT(for those who fail in two or less subjects)in Supplementary Examinationthen he/she is eligible to continue with the next academic year.

- **8.** The candidate should have passed all subjects of previous years before appearing to 4<sup>th</sup> Year B.P.Th. University Examination.
- **9.** First class with Distinction –75% and above marks in any subject or overall aggregate. First class 60% to 74.99% and above in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Second Class 55% to 59.99% or 55% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects. Pass class 50% to 54.99% in the aggregate of marks of all subjects.
- **10.** Themaximumperiodtocompletethe B.P.Th. successfullyshouldnotexceednineyears.
- **11. Internship:** There shall be compulsory six months rotatory structured Internship afterpassing finalB.P.Th. examination. Internship should be done in teaching hospital/hospitalsof the university. No candidateshallbeawardeddegreecertificatewithoutsuccessfullycompletingsixmonths internship.
- **12. ResearchProjectwork:** Each Internhavetotakeupa short research projectwork duringinternshipperiod. The protocol approval shall be obtained bytheeach internin the final year of B.P.Th. however the ethical approval should be obtained latest by the second month of internship program. Data shall be collected in the next three months after the approval by the ethics committee. Completed project shall be submitted by the end of 6<sup>th</sup>month.
- **13. Structure of the Research Project:** The written text of the project shall beofminimum50pages excluding references, tables, and questionnairesandotherannexure. It should be neatly typed in double line spacing on one side of paper (A4 size, 8.27" x 11.69") Times new Roman, 12 fontand hard bound properly. The intern shall provide plagiarism declaration in his/her project. The guide and head of the institution shall certify the written text of the project. Three copies of project work thus preparedshallbesubmittedtothePrincipal. The completion certificate of internshipwillbeissuedonlyafter completing the research project.
- **14.** The degree will be awarded after the satisfactory completion of internship and submission of project work, in ensuing convocation to be conducted by the University.



# D. Y. PATIL EDUCATION SOCIETY (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), KOLHAPUR

Declared Ested U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956 Accredited by NAAC with 'A++' Grade